

# Multiformat SD, Progressive Scan/HDTV Video Encoder with Six NSV™ 14-Bit DACs

# ADV7304A/ADV7305A

#### **FEATURES**

High Definition Input Formats
YCrCb Compliant to SMPTE293M (525 p),
ITU-R.BT1358 (625 p), SMPTE274M (1080 i),
SMPTE296M (720 p), and Any Other High Definition
Standard Using Async Timing Mode
RGB in 3 × 10-Bit 4:4:4 Format
BTA T-1004 EDTV2 525 p Parallel
High Definition Output Formats (525 p/625 p/720 p/1080 i)
YPrPb Progressive Scan (EIA-770.1, EIA-770.2)
YPrPb HDTV (EIA 770.3)
RGB + H/V (HDTV 5-Wire Format)
CGMS-A (720 p/1080 i)
Macrovision Rev 1.0 (525 p/625 p)\*

CGMS-A (525 p) Standard Definition Input Formats CCIR-656 4:2:2 8-/10-Bit Parallel Input

CCIR-601 4:2:2 16-/20-Bit Parallel Input

**Standard Definition Output Formats** 

Composite NTSC M, N;

PAL M, N, B, D, G, H, I, PAL-60

SMPTE170M NTSC Compatible Composite Video ITU-R.BT470 PAL Compatible Composite Video

S-Video (Y/C)

EuroScart RGB

Component YUV (Betacam, MII, SMPTE/EBU N10)

Macrovision Rev 7.1\*

CGMS/WSS

**Closed Captioning** 

#### **GENERAL FEATURES**

Simultaneous SD and HD Inputs and Outputs Oversampling (108 MHz/148.5 MHz)
On-Board Voltage Reference
6 NSV Precision Video 14-Bit Σ-Δ DACs
2-Wire Serial MPU Interface
Dual I/O Supply 2.5 V/3.3 V Operation
Analog and Digital Supply 2.5 V
On-Board PLL
64-LQFP Package
Lead-Free Product

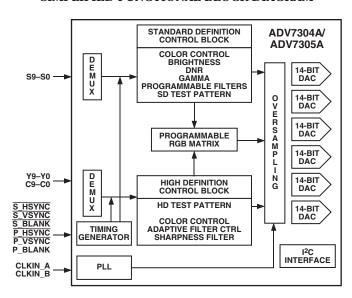
APPLICATIONS
High End DVD Players
SD/Program Scan/HDTV Display Devices
SD/Program Scan/HDTV Set-Top Boxes
SD/HDTV Studio Equipment
Professional Video Equipment

NSV (Noise Shaped Video) is a trademark of Analog Devices, Inc. \*ADV7304A Only

### REV. A

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#### SIMPLIFIED FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A is a high speed, digital-to-analog encoder on a single monolithic chip. It includes six high speed video D/A converters with TTL compatible inputs.

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A has three separate 10-bit wide input ports that accept data in high definition and/or standard definition video format. For all standards, external horizontal, vertical, and blanking signals, or EAV/SAV timing codes, control the insertion of appropriate synchronization signals into the digital data stream and therefore the output signals.

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**DETAILED FEATURES** 

High Definition Programmable Features (720 p/1080 i)

2× Oversampling (148.5 MHz)

Internal Test Pattern Generator (Color Hatch, Black

Bar, Flat Field/Frame)

Fully Programmable YCrCb to RGB Matrix

**Gamma Correction** 

**Programmable Adaptive Filter Control** 

**Programmable Sharpness Filter Control** 

CGMS-A (720 p/1080 i)

High Definition Programmable Features (525 p/625 p)

4× Oversampling (108 MHz Output)

Internal Test Pattern Generator (Color Hatch, Black

Bar, Flat Frame)

Individual Y and PrPb Output Delay

**Gamma Correction** 

**Programmable Adaptive Filter Control** 

Fully Programmable YCrCb to RGB Matrix

**Undershoot Limiter** 

Macrovision Rev 1.0 (525 p/625 p)\* CGMS-A (525 p)

Standard Definition Programmable Features

8× Oversampling (108 MHz)

Internal Test Pattern Generator (Color Bars, Black Bar)

Controlled Edge Rates for Sync, Active Video

Individual Y and UV Output Delay

**Gamma Correction** 

**Digital Noise Reduction** 

**Multiple Chroma and Luma Filters** 

Luma-SSAF™ Filter with Programmable Gain/

Attenuation

**UV SSAF** 

**Separate Pedestal Control on Component and** 

Composite/S-Video Outputs

VCR FF/RW Sync Mode

Macrovision Rev 7.1\*

CGMS/WSS

**Closed Captioning** 

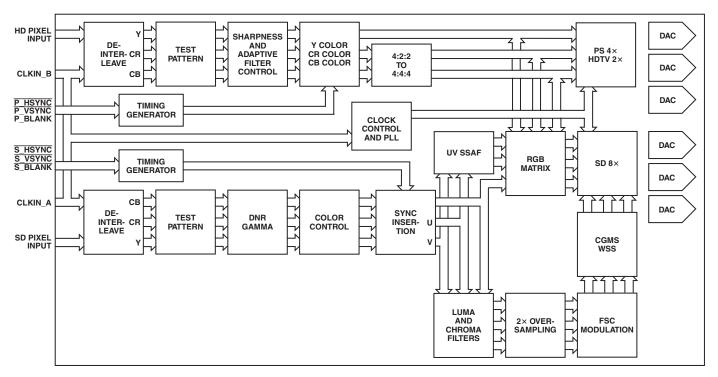


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

#### TERMS USED IN THIS DATA SHEET

SD Standard Definition Video, conforming to

ITU-R.BT601/ITU-R.BT656.

HD High Definition Video, i.e., Progressive Scan or HDTV.

PS Progressive Scan Video, conforming to SMPTE293M

or ITU-R.BT1358.

HDTV High Definition Television Video, conforming to

SMPTE274M or SMPTE296M.

YCrCb SD or HD Component Digital Video.

YPrPb HD Component Analog Video.

YUV SD Component Analog Video.

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# ADV7304A/ADV7305A—SPECIFICATIONS

 $(V_{AA} = V_{DD} = 2.375 \text{ V} - 2.625 \text{ V}, V_{DD\_10} = 2.375 \text{ V} - 3.600 \text{ V}, V_{REF} = 1.235 \text{ V}, R_{SET} = 1520 \ \Omega, R_{LOAD} = 150 \ \Omega, T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX} \text{ (0°C to } 70°\text{C), unless otherwise noted.)}$ 

| Parameter  | Min                    | Typ  | Max                    | Unit   | <b>Test Conditions</b>   |
|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|
| STATIC PERFORMANCE <sup>1</sup> Resolution Integral Nonlinearity Differential Nonlinearity, +ve <sup>2</sup> Differential Nonlinearity, -ve <sup>2</sup>   |                        | 14<br>±3.0<br>1<br>5.5                         |                        | Bits<br>LSB<br>LSB<br>LSB                    |  |
|  | 2.4 [2.0] <sup>3</sup> | ±1.0<br>2                                      | 0.4 [0.4] <sup>3</sup> | V<br>V<br>μA<br>pF                           | $I_{SINK} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$ $I_{SOURCE} = 400 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{IN} = 0.4 \text{ V}, 2.4 \text{ V}$ |
| $\overline{ \begin{array}{c} \text{DIGITAL AND CONTROL INPUTS} \\ \text{Input High Voltage, V}_{\text{IH}} \\ \text{Input Low Voltage, V}_{\text{IL}} \\ \text{Input Leakage Current} \\ \text{Input Capacitance, C}_{\text{IN}} \\ \end{array} }$ | 2                      | 1 2  | 0.8                    | V<br>V<br>μA<br>pF                           | V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.4 V  |
| ANALOG OUTPUTS Full-Scale Output Current Output Current Range DAC to DAC Matching Output Compliance Range, V <sub>OC</sub> Output Capacitance, C <sub>OUT</sub>  | 4.2<br>4.2<br>0        | 4.33<br>4.33<br>2.0<br>1.0                     | 4.5<br>4.5<br>1.4      | mA<br>mA<br>%<br>V<br>pF                     |  |
| VOLTAGE REFERENCE<br>Reference Range, V <sub>REF</sub>   | 1.17                   | 1.235  | 1.3                    | V  |  |
| POWER REQUIREMENTS Normal Power Mode $I_{DD}^{4}$ $I_{DD}_{A}^{I_{DD}}$ $I_{AA}^{5,6}$ Sleep Mode $I_{DD}$   |                        | 93<br>52<br>84<br>90<br>99<br>108<br>0.2<br>70 | 110<br>75              | mA<br>mA<br>mA<br>mA<br>mA<br>mA<br>mA<br>mA | SD Only [8×] PS Only [4×] HDTV Only [2×] SD and PS SD [8×] and HDTV SD and HDTV [2×]               |
| $I_{AA}$ $I_{DD\_IO}$ Power Supply Rejection Ratio   |                        | 10<br>110<br>0.01                              |                        | μΑ<br>μΑ<br>%/%                              |  |

#### NOTES

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>NSV features enabled.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>DNL measures the deviation of the actual DAC o/p voltage step from the ideal. For +ve DNL, the actual step value lies above the ideal step value; for -ve DNL, the actual step values lie below the ideal step value.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$ Value in brackets for  $V_{DD\_IO}$  = 2.375 V to 2.750 V.

 $<sup>^4</sup>I_{DD}$  or the circuit current is the continuous current required to drive the digital core without the  $I_{PLL}$ .  $^5I_{AA}$  is the total current required to supply all DACs including the  $V_{REF}$  and PLL circuitry.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

# $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{DYNAMIC SPECIFICATIONS} & (V_{AA} = V_{DD} = 2.375 \ V - 2.625 \ V, \ V_{DD\_10} = 2.375 \ V - 3.600 \ V, \ V_{REF} = 1.235 \ V, \ R_{SET} = 1520 \ \Omega, \\ R_{LOAD} = 150 \ \Omega, \ T_{MIN} \ to \ T_{MAX} \ (0^{\circ}\text{C to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}), \ unless \ otherwise \ noted.) \end{array}$

| Parameter                    | Min | Typ        | Max | Unit    | Test Conditions           |
|------------------------------|-----|------------|-----|---------|---------------------------|
| PROGRESSIVE SCAN MODE        |     |            |     |         |                           |
| Luma Bandwidth               |     | 12.5       |     | MHz     |                           |
| Chroma Bandwidth             |     | 5.8        |     | MHz     |                           |
| SNR                          |     | 64         |     | dB      | Luma Ramp Unweighted      |
| SNR                          |     | 82         |     | dB      | Flat Field up to 5 MHz    |
| SNR                          |     | 79         |     | dB      | Flat Field Full Bandwidth |
| HDTV MODE                    |     |            |     |         |                           |
| Luma Bandwidth               |     | 30         |     | MHz     |                           |
| Chroma Bandwidth             |     | 13.75      |     | MHz     |                           |
| SNR                          |     | 64         |     | dB      | Luma Ramp Unweighted      |
| SNR                          |     | 82         |     | dB      | Flat Field up to 5 MHz    |
| SNR                          |     | 79         |     | dB      | Flat Field Full Bandwidth |
| STANDARD DEFINITION MODE     |     |            |     |         |                           |
| Hue Accuracy                 |     | 0.6        |     | Degrees |                           |
| Color Saturation Accuracy    |     | 0.5        |     | %       |                           |
| Chroma Nonlinear Gain        |     | $\pm 0.4$  |     | %       | Referenced to 40 IRE      |
| Chroma Nonlinear Phase       |     | $\pm 0.4$  |     | Degrees |                           |
| Chroma/Luma Intermodulation  |     | 0          |     | %       |                           |
| Chroma/Luma Gain Inequality  |     | $\pm 98.5$ |     | %       |                           |
| Chroma/Luma Delay Inequality |     | 0.6        |     | ns      |                           |
| Luminance Nonlinearity       |     | $\pm 0.1$  |     | %       |                           |
| Chroma AM Noise              |     | 87.2       |     | dB      |                           |
| Chroma PM Noise              |     | 78.4       |     | dB      |                           |
| Differential Gain            |     | 0.07       |     | %       | NTSC                      |
| Differential Phase           |     | 0.13       |     | Degrees | NTSC                      |
| SNR                          |     | 64         |     | dB      | Luma Ramp                 |
| SNR                          |     | 82         |     | dB      | Flat Field up to 5 MHz    |
| SNR                          |     | 79         |     | dB      | Flat Field Full Bandwidth |

Specifications subject to change without notice.

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| Parameter                                    | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit         | <b>Test Conditions</b>                   |
|--|-----|------|-----|--------------|--|
| MPU PORT <sup>1</sup>                        |     |      |     |              |  |
| SCLOCK Frequency                             | 0   |      | 400 | kHz          |  |
| SCLOCK High Pulsewidth, t <sub>1</sub>       | 0.6 |      |     | μs           |  |
| SCLOCK Low Pulsewidth, t <sub>2</sub>        | 1.3 |      |     | μs           |  |
| Hold Time (Start Condition), t <sub>3</sub>  | 0.6 |      |     | μs           | First Clock Generated after This Period  |
| Setup Time (Start Condition), t <sub>4</sub> | 0.6 |      |     | μs           | Relevant for Repeated Start<br>Condition |
| Data Setup Time, t <sub>5</sub>              | 100 |      |     | ns           |  |
| SDATA, SCLOCK Rise Time, t <sub>6</sub>      |     |      | 300 | ns           |  |
| SDATA, SCLOCK Fall Time, t <sub>7</sub>      |     |      | 300 | ns           |  |
| Setup Time (Stop Condition), t <sub>8</sub>  | 0.6 |      |     | μs           |  |
| RESET Low Time                               | 100 |      |     | ns           |  |
| ANALOG OUTPUTS                               |     |      |     |              |  |
| Analog Output Delay <sup>2</sup>             |     | 8    |     | ns           |  |
| Output Skew                                  |     | 1    |     | ns           |  |
| CLOCK CONTROL AND PIXEL PORT <sup>3</sup>    |     |      |     |              |  |
| $f_{ m CLK}$                                 |     |      | 27  | MHz          | Progressive Scan Mode                    |
| $f_{ m CLK}$                                 |     | 81   |     | MHz          | HDTV Mode/Async Mode                     |
| Clock High Time, t <sub>9</sub>              | 40  |      |     | % 1 clkcycle |  |
| Clock Low Time, t <sub>10</sub>              | 40  |      |     | % 1 clkcycle |  |
| Data Setup Time, t <sub>11</sub>             | 2.0 |      |     | ns           |  |
| Data Hold Time, t <sub>12</sub>              | 2.0 |      |     | ns           |  |
| Output Access Time, t <sub>13</sub>          |     |      | 14  | ns           |  |
| Output Hold Time, t <sub>14</sub>            | 4.0 |      |     | ns           |  |
| Pipeline Delay                               |     | 61   |     | clkcycles    | SD [2×]                                  |
| ¥  |     | 62.5 |     | clkcycles    | SD [8×]                                  |
|  |     | 66.5 |     | clkcycles    | SD Component Filter [8×]                 |
|  |     | 33   |     | clkcycles    | PS $[1\times]$ , HD $[1\times]$ , Async  |
|  |     |      |     |              | Timing Mode                              |
|  |     | 43.5 |     | clkcycles    | PS [4×]                                  |
|  |     | 36   |     | clkcycles    | $HD[2\times]$                            |

### NOTES

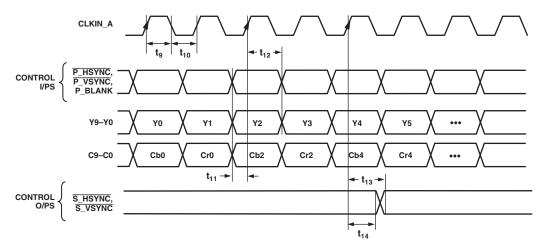
Specifications subject to change without notice.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Guaranteed by characterization.

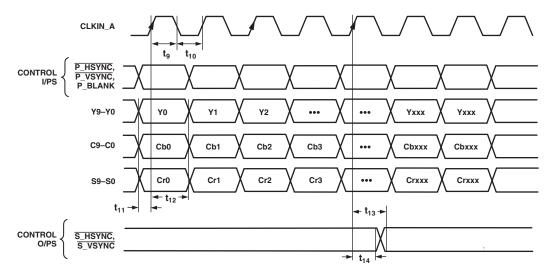
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Output delay measured from the 50% point of the rising edge of CLOCK to the 50% point of DAC output full-scale transition.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>Data: C[9:0]; S[9:0]; Y[9:0] \\ Control: \overline{P_{HSYNC}}; \overline{P_{VSYNC}}; P_{BLANK}; \overline{S_{HSYNC}}; \overline{S_{VSYNC}}; \overline{S_{BLANK}}$ 



 $t_9$  = CLOCK HIGH TIME,  $t_{10}$  = CLOCK LOW TIME,  $t_{11}$  = DATA SETUP TIME,  $t_{12}$  = DATA HOLD TIME

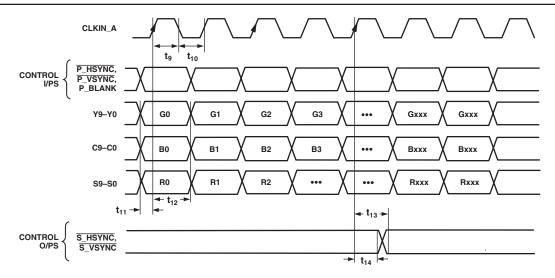
Figure 2. HD 4:2:2 Input Data Format Timing Diagram, Input Mode: PS Input Only, HDTV Input Only (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 001 or 010)



 $t_9$  = CLOCK HIGH TIME,  $t_{10}$  = CLOCK LOW TIME,  $t_{11}$  = DATA SETUP TIME,  $t_{12}$  = DATA HOLD TIME

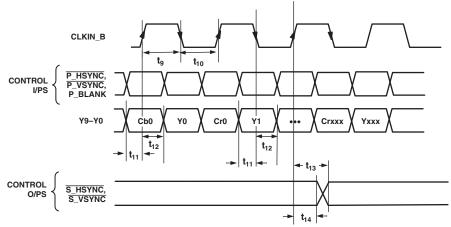
Figure 3. HD 4:4:4 YCrCb Input Data Format Timing Diagram, Input Mode: PS Input Only, HDTV Input Only (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 001 or 010)

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 $t_9 = \texttt{CLOCK HIGH TIME}, \, t_{10} = \texttt{CLOCK LOW TIME}, \, t_{11} = \texttt{DATA SETUP TIME}, \, t_{12} = \texttt{DATA HOLD TIME}$ 

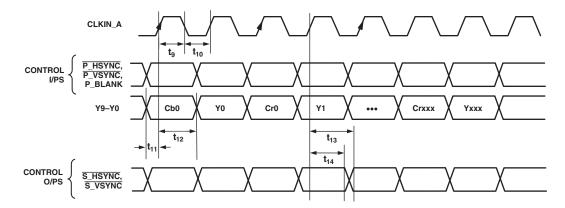
Figure 4. HD 4:4:4 RGB Input Data Format Timing Diagram, HD RGB Input Enabled (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 001 or 010)



 $t_9$  = CLOCK HIGH TIME,  $t_{10}$  = CLOCK LOW TIME,  $t_{11}$  = DATA SETUP TIME,  $t_{12}$  = DATA HOLD TIME

Figure 5. PS 4:2:2 1  $\times$  10-Bit Interleaved @ 27 MHz, Input Mode: PS Input Only (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 100)

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 $t_{9} = \texttt{CLOCK HIGH TIME}, t_{10} = \texttt{CLOCK LOW TIME}, t_{11} = \texttt{DATA SETUP TIME}, t_{12} = \texttt{DATA HOLD TIME}$ 

Figure 6. PS 4:2:2 1  $\times$  10-Bit Interleaved @ 54 MHz, Input Mode: PS 54 MHz Input (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 111)

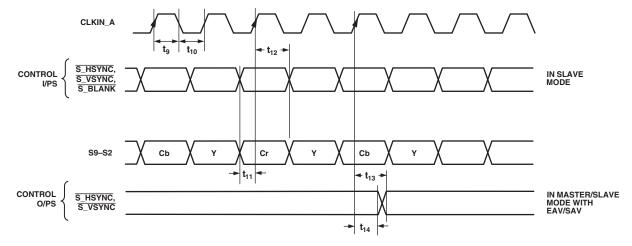


Figure 7. 8-Bit SD Pixel Input Timing Diagram, Input Mode: SD Input Only (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 000)

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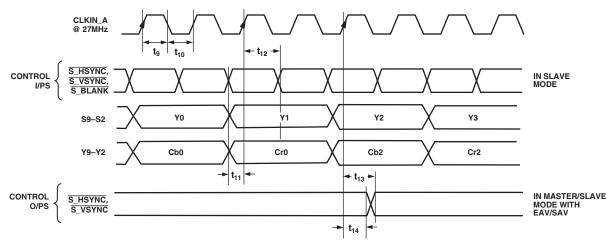


Figure 8. 16-Bit SD Pixel Input Timing Diagram, Input Mode: SD Input Only (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 000)

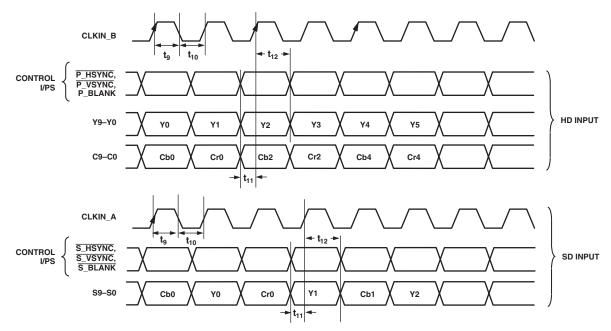


Figure 9. SD and HD Simultaneous Input, Input Mode: SD and PS 20-Bit or SD and HDTV (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 011, 101, or 110)

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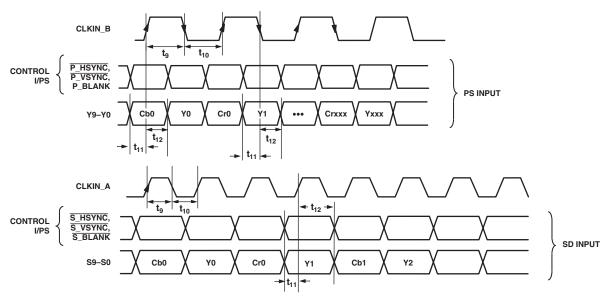


Figure 10. SD and HD Simultaneous Input, Input Mode: SD and PS 10-Bit (Input Mode at Subaddress 01h = 100)

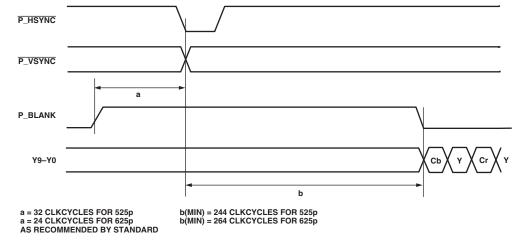


Figure 11. PS 4:2:2 1 imes 10-Bit Interleaved @ 54 MHz Input Timing Diagram

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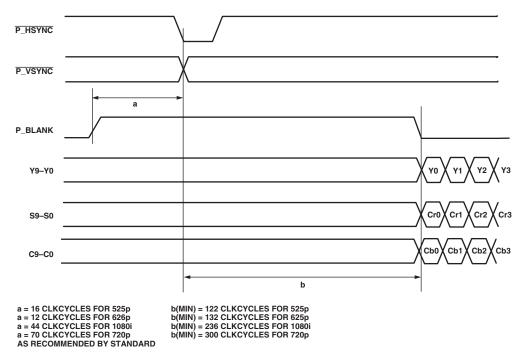


Figure 12. HD Input Timing Diagram

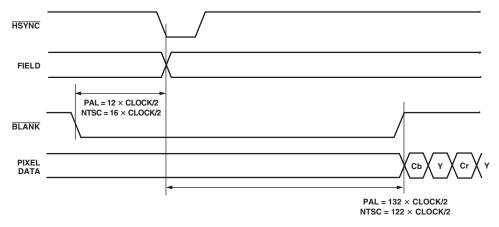


Figure 13. SD Timing Input for Timing Mode 1

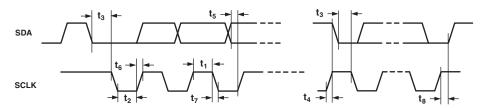


Figure 14. MPU Port Timing Diagram

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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

| V <sub>AA</sub> to AGND +3.0 V to -0.3 V                             |
|--|
| $V_{DD}$ to GND $$   |
| $V_{DD\_IO}$ to IO_GND0.3 V to $V_{DD\_IO}$ + 0.3 V                  |
| Ambient Operating Temperature $(T_A)$ $0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$ |
| Storage Temperature ( $T_S$ )65°C to +150°C                          |
| Infrared Reflow Soldering (20 sec) 260°C                             |

\*Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A is a lead-free environmentally friendly product. It is manufactured using the most up-to-date materials and processes. The coating on the leads of each device is 100% pure tin electroplate. The device is suitable for lead-free applications and is able to withstand surface-mount soldering up to 255°C ( $\pm$ 5°C). In addition, it is backward compatible with conventional tin-lead soldering processes. This means that the electroplated tin coating can be soldered with tin-lead solder pastes at conventional reflow temperatures of 220°C to 235°C.

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $\theta_{JC} = 11^{\circ}C/W$  $\theta_{JA} = 47^{\circ}C/W$ 

#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

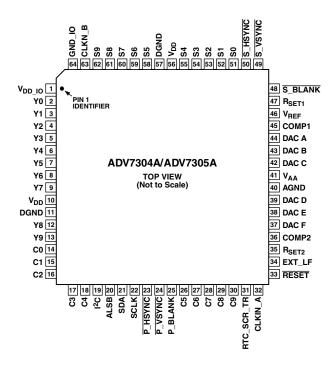
| Model       | Package Description   | Package Option |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| ADV7304AKST | Plastic Quad Flatpack | ST-64B         |
| ADV7305AKST | Plastic Quad Flatpack | ST-64B         |

#### CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the ADV7304A/ADV7305A features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



#### PIN CONFIGURATION



#### PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

| Pin No.     | Mnemonic               | Input/Output | Function   |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------|--|
| 1           | $V_{\mathrm{DD_{IO}}}$ | P            | Power Supply for Digital Inputs and Outputs  |
| 2–9, 12, 13 | Y0-Y9                  | I            | 10-Bit Progressive Scan/HDTV Input Port for Y Data. The LSBs are set up on Pins Y0 and Y1. In Default Mode, the input on this port is output on DAC D. |
| 10, 56      | $V_{\mathrm{DD}}$      | P            | Digital Power Supply   |
| 11, 57      | DGND                   | G            | Digital Ground   |

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| Pin No.      | Mnemonic             | Input/Output | Function   |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
| 14–18, 26–30 | C0-C9                | I            | 10-Bit Progressive Scan/HDTV Input Port for CrCb Color Data in 4:2:2 Input Mode. In 4:4:4 Input Mode, this input port is used for the Cb (Blue/U) data. The LSBs are set up on Pins C0 and C1. In Default Mode, the input on this port is output on DAC E. |
| 19           | I <sup>2</sup> C     | I            | This input pin must be tied high $(V_{DD\_IO})$ for the ADV7304A/ADV7305A to interface over the $I^2C$ port.   |
| 20           | ALSB                 | I/O          | TTL Address Input. This signal sets up the LSB of the MPU address. When this pin is tied low, the I <sup>2</sup> C filter is activated, which reduces noise on the I <sup>2</sup> C interface.   |
| 21           | SDA                  | I/O          | MPU Port Serial Data Input/Output  |
| 22           | SCLK                 | I            | MPU Port Serial Interface Clock Input  |
| 23           | P_HSYNC              | I            | Video Horizontal Sync Control Signal for HD Sync in Simultaneous SD/HD Mode and HD Only Mode   |
| 24           | P_VSYNC              | I            | Video Vertical Sync Control Signal for HD Sync in Simultaneous SD/HD Mode and HD Only Mode   |
| 25           | P_BLANK              | I            | Video Blanking Control Signal for HD Sync in Simultaneous SD/HD Mode and HD Only Mode  |
| 31           | RTC_SCR_TR           | I            | Multifunctional Input: Realtime Control (RTC) Input, Timing Reset Input, and Subcarrier Reset Input  |
| 32           | CLKIN_A              | I            | Pixel Clock Input for HD Only or SD Only Modes   |
| 33           | RESET                | I            | This input resets the on-chip timing generator and sets the ADV7304A/ADV7305A into default register setting. Reset is an active low signal.  |
| 34           | EXT_LF               | I            | External Loop Filter for the Internal PLL  |
| 35, 47       | R <sub>SET1, 2</sub> | I            | A 1520 $\Omega$ resistor must be connected from this pin to AGND and is used to control the amplitudes of the DAC outputs.   |
| 36, 45       | COMP2, 1             | О            | Compensation Pin for DACs. Connect 0.1 $\mu F$ capacitor from COMP pin to $V_{AA}$ .   |
| 37           | DAC F                | О            | In SD Only Mode: Chroma/Red/V Analog Output, in HD Only Mode and Simultaneous HD/SD: Pb/Blue (HD) Analog Output  |
| 38           | DAC E                | О            | In SD Only Mode: Luma/Blue/U Analog Output, in HD Only Mode and Simultaneous HD/SD: Pr/Red (HD) Analog Output  |
| 39           | DAC D                | О            | In SD Only Mode: CVBS/Green/Y Analog Output, in HD Only Mode and Simultaneous HD/SD: Y/Green (HD) Analog Output  |
| 40           | AGND                 | G            | Analog Ground  |
| 41           | V <sub>AA</sub>      | P            | Analog Power Supply  |
| 42           | DAC C                | 0            | Chroma/Red/V SD Analog Output  |
| 43           | DAC B                | О            | Luma/Blue/U SD Analog Output   |
| 44           | DAC A                | О            | CVBS/Green/Y SD Analog Output  |
| 46           | $V_{REF}$            | I/O          | Optional External Voltage Reference Input for DACs or Voltage Reference Output (1.235 V)   |
| 48           | S_BLANK              | I/O          | Video Blanking Control Signal for SD   |
| 49           | S_VSYNC              | I/O          | Video Vertical Control Signal for SD. Option to output SD VSYNC or SD HSYNC in SD Slave Mode 0 and/or any HD Mode.   |
| 50           | S_HSYNC              | I/O          | Video Horizontal Control Signal for SD. Option to output SD HSYNC or HD HSYNC in SD Slave Mode 0 and/or any HD Mode.   |
| 51–55, 58–62 | S0-S9                | I            | 10-Bit Standard Definition Input Port or Progressive Scan/HDTV Input Port for Cr (Red/V) Color Data in 4:4:4 Input Mode. The LSBs are set up on Pins S0 and S1. In Default Mode, the input on this port is output on DAC F.                                |
| 63           | CLKIN_B              | I            | Pixel Clock Input. Requires a 27 MHz reference clock for Progressive Scan Mode or a 74.25 MHz (74.1758 MHz) reference clock in HDTV Mode. This clock input pin is only used in Simultaneous SD/HD Mode.  |
| 64           | GND_IO               |              | Digital Ground   |

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#### MPU PORT DESCRIPTION

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A supports a 2-wire serial (I<sup>2</sup>C compatible) microprocessor bus driving multiple peripherals. Two inputs, Serial Data (SDA) and Serial Clock (SCLK), carry information between any device connected to the bus. Each slave device is recognized by a unique address. The ADV7304A/ ADV7305A has four possible slave addresses for both read and write operations. These are unique addresses for each device and are illustrated in Figures 15 and 16. The LSB sets either a read or write operation. Logic Level "1" corresponds to a read operation, while Logic Level "0" corresponds to a write operation. A1 is set by setting the ALSB pin of the ADV7304A/ADV7305A to Logic Level "0" or Logic Level "1." When ALSB is set to "1," there is greater input bandwidth on the I<sup>2</sup>C lines, which allows high speed data transfers on this bus. When ALSB is set to "0," there is reduced input bandwidth on the I<sup>2</sup>C lines, which means that pulses of less than 50 ns will not pass into the I<sup>2</sup>C internal controller. This mode is recommended for noisy systems.

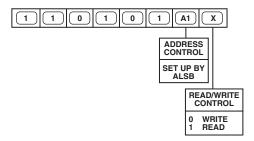


Figure 15. ADV7304A Slave Address = D4h

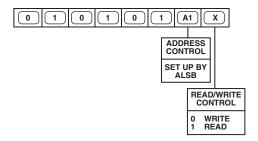


Figure 16. ADV7305A Slave Address = 54h

To control the various devices on the bus, the following protocol must be followed. First, the master initiates a data transfer by establishing a start condition, defined by a high-to-low transition on SDA, while SCLK remains high. This indicates that an address/data stream will follow. All peripherals respond to the start condition and shift the next eight bits (7-bit address + R/W Bit). The bits are transferred from MSB down to LSB. The peripheral that recognizes the transmitted address responds by pulling the data line low during the ninth clock pulse. This is known as an Acknowledge Bit. All other devices withdraw from the bus at this point and maintain an idle condition. The idle condition is where the device monitors the SDA and SCLK lines waiting for the start condition and the correct transmitted address. The R/W Bit determines the direction of the data.

A Logic "0" on the LSB of the first byte means that the master will write information to the peripheral. A Logic "1" on the LSB of the first byte means that the master will read information from the peripheral.

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A acts as a standard slave device on the bus. The data on the SDA pin is 8 bits long, supporting the 7-bit addresses plus the R/W Bit. It interprets the first byte as the device address and the second byte as the starting subaddress. The subaddress's auto-increment allows data to be written to or read from the starting subaddress. A data transfer is always terminated by a stop condition. The user can also access any unique subaddress register on a one-by-one basis without having to update all the registers.

Stop and start conditions can be detected at any stage during the data transfer. If these conditions are asserted out of sequence with normal read and write operations, it will cause an immediate jump to the idle condition. During a given SCLK high period, the user should issue only one start condition, one stop condition, or a single stop condition followed by a single start condition. If an invalid subaddress is issued by the user, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A will not issue an acknowledge and will return to the idle condition. If in Autoincrement Mode the user exceeds the highest subaddress, the following action will be taken:

- In Read Mode, the highest subaddress register contents will continue to be output until the master device issues a no-acknowledge. This indicates the end of a read. A no-acknowledge condition is where the SDA line is not pulled low on the ninth pulse.
- 2. In Write Mode, the data for the invalid byte will not be loaded into any subaddress register, a no-acknowledge will be issued by the ADV7304A/ADV7305A, and the part will return to the idle condition.

Before writing to the subcarrier frequency registers, it is a requirement that the ADV7304A/ADV7305A has been reset at least once since power-up.

The four subcarrier frequency registers must be updated starting with Subcarrier Frequency Register 0. The subcarrier frequency will not update until the last subcarrier frequency register byte has been received by the ADV7304A/ADV7305A.

Figure 17 illustrates an example of data transfer for a read sequence and the start and stop conditions.

Figure 18 shows bus write and read sequences.



Figure 17. Bus Data Transfer

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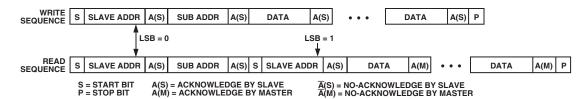


Figure 18. Read and Write Sequence

#### REGISTER ACCESSES

The MPU can write to or read from all of the registers of the ADV7304A/ADV7305A except the subaddress registers that are write-only registers. The subaddress register determines which register the next read or write operation accesses. All communications with the part through the bus start with an access to the subaddress register. Then a read/write operation is performed from/to the target address, which then increments to the next address until a stop command on the bus is performed.

#### REGISTER PROGRAMMING

The following section describes the functionality of each register. All registers can be read from as well as written to unless otherwise stated.

#### Subaddress Register (SR7-SR0)

The Communications Register is an 8-bit write-only register. After the part has been accessed over the bus and a read/write operation is selected, the subaddress is set up. The Subaddress Register determines to/from which register the operation takes place.

#### Register Select (SR7-SR0)

These bits are set up to point to the required starting address.

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Table I. Power Mode Register

| Subaddress | Register            | Bit Description                              | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0     | Register Setting | Reset |
|------------|---------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|------------------|-------|
| 00h        | Power Mode Register | Sleep Mode <sup>1</sup>                      |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | 0         | Sleep Mode Off   | Fch   |
|            |                     |  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | 1         | Sleep Mode On    |       |
|            |                     | PLL and Oversampling<br>Control <sup>2</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |       | 0     |           | PLL On           |       |
|            | Control             |  |       |       |       |       |       | 1     |       | PLL Off   |                  |       |
|            | DAC F: Power On/Off | 1  |       |       |       |       | 0     |       |       | DAC F Off |                  |       |
|            |                     |  |       |       |       |       | 1     |       |       | DAC F On  | _                |       |
|            | DAC E: Power On/Off | 1  |       |       |       | 0     |       |       |       | DAC E Off |                  |       |
|            |                     |  |       |       |       |       | 1     |       |       |           | DAC E On         |       |
|            |                     | DAC D: Power On/Off                          | †     |       |       | 0     |       |       |       |           | DAC D Off        |       |
|            |                     |  |       |       |       | 1     |       |       |       |           | DAC D On         | _     |
|            |                     | DAC C: Power On/Off                          | 1     |       | 0     |       |       |       |       |           | DAC C Off        |       |
|            |                     |  |       |       | 1     |       |       |       |       |           | DAC C On         | 1     |
|            | DAC B: Power On/Off | +  | 0     |       |       |       |       |       |       | DAC B Off |                  |       |
|            |                     |  |       | 1     |       |       |       |       |       |           | DAC B On         |       |
|            |                     | DAC A: Power On/Off                          | 0     |       |       |       |       |       |       |           | DAC A Off        |       |
|            |                     | 1  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | DAC A On  | $\dashv$         |       |

Table II. Input Mode Register

| Subaddress |                     | Bit Description          |   | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0                             | Register Setting   | Rese |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|--|------|
| 01h        | Input Mode Register | BTA T-1004 Compatibility |   |       |       |       |       |       |       | 0                                 | Disabled   | 38h  |
|            |                     |                          |   |       |       |       |       |       |       | 1                                 | Enabled  |      |
|            |                     | Reserved                 |   |       |       |       |       |       | 0     |                                   | Zero must be written to this bit.  |      |
|            |                     | Pixel Align              |   |       |       |       |       | 0     |       |                                   | Video input data starts<br>with a Y0 bit. Only for<br>PS Interleaved Mode.   |      |
|            |                     |                          |   |       |       |       |       | 1     |       |                                   | Video input data starts with a Cb0 bit.  |      |
|            |                     | Clock Align              |   |       |       |       | 0     |       |       |                                   |  |      |
|            |                     |                          |   |       |       |       | 1     |       |       |                                   | Must be set if the phase delay between the two input clocks is <9.25 ns or >27.75 ns. Only if two input clocks are used. |      |
|            |                     | Input Mode               |   | 0     | 0     | 0     |       |       |       |                                   | SD Input Only  |      |
|            |                     |                          |   | 0     | 0     | 1     |       |       |       |                                   | PS Input Only  | 1    |
|            |                     |                          |   | 0     | 1     | 0     |       |       |       |                                   | HDTV Input Only  | 1    |
|            |                     |                          |   | 0     | 1     | 1     |       |       |       |                                   | SD and PS (20-Bit)   | 1    |
|            |                     |                          |   | 1     | 0     | 0     |       |       |       |                                   | SD and PS (10-Bit)   | 1    |
|            |                     |                          |   | 1     | 0     | 1     |       |       |       |                                   | SD and HDTV (SD<br>Oversampled)  | 1    |
|            |                     |                          | 1 | 1     | 0     |       |       |       |       | SD and HDTV<br>(HDTV Oversampled) |  |      |
|            |                     |                          |   | 1     | 1     | 1     |       |       |       |                                   | PS 54 MHz Input  | 1    |
|            |                     | Reserved                 | 0 |       |       |       |       |       |       |                                   | Zero must be written to this bit.  |      |

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NOTES

NOTES

When enabled, the current consumption is reduced to µA level. All DACs and the internal PLL circuit are disabled. I<sup>2</sup>C registers can be read from and written to.

This control allows the internal PLL circuit to be powered down and the oversampling to be switched off.

### Table III. Mode Register

| Subaddress | Register        | Bit Description        | Bit 7 | Bit 6  | Bit 5    | Bit 4  | Bit 3 | Bit 2    | Bit 1  | Bit 0    | Register Setting                    | Reset    |
|------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------|--|----------|--|-------|----------|--|----------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| 02h        | Mode Register 0 | Reserved               |       |  |          |  |       |          | 0  | 0        | Zero must be written to these bits. | 20h      |
|            |                 | Test Pattern Black Bar |       |  |          |  |       | 0        |  |          | Disabled                            |          |
|            |                 |                        |       |  |          |  |       | 1        |  |          | Enabled. 0x11h, Bit 2               | 1        |
|            |                 |                        |       |  |          | └  |       |          | <b>└</b>   |          | must also be enabled.               |          |
|            |                 | RGB Matrix             | -     |  |          |  | 0     |          |  |          | Disable Programmable<br>RGB Matrix  |          |
|            |                 |                        | -     | -  |          | $\vdash$   | 1     |          | $\vdash$   |          | Enable Programmable                 | 1        |
|            |                 |                        |       |  |          |  |       |          |  |          | RGB Matrix                          |          |
|            |                 | SYNC on RGB            |       |  |          | 0  |       |          |  |          | No SYNC                             |          |
|            |                 |                        |       |  |          | 1  |       |          |  |          | SYNC on all RGB                     | 1        |
|            |                 | RGB/YUV Output         | +     |  | 0        | -  |       |          | -  |          | Outputs<br>RGB Component            |          |
|            |                 | RGB/10 v Output        | -     |  | O        |  |       |          |  |          | Outputs                             |          |
|            |                 |                        |       |  | 1        |  |       |          |  |          | YUV Component                       | 1        |
|            |                 | SD SYNC                |       | 0  |          | <u> </u>   |       |          | ├  | <u> </u> | Outputs                             | <u> </u> |
|            |                 | SD SINC                |       | U  |          |  |       |          |  |          | No SYNC Output                      |          |
|            |                 |                        |       | 1  |          |  |       |          |  |          | Output SD SYNCs on                  | 1        |
|            |                 |                        |       |  |          |  |       |          |  |          | S_HSYNC and<br>S_VSYNC              |          |
|            |                 | HD SYNC                | 0     |  |          |  |       |          | $\vdash$   | 1        | No SYNC Output                      |          |
|            |                 |                        | 1     |  |          |  |       |          | <u> </u>   | -        | Output HD SYNCs                     | 4        |
|            |                 |                        | 1     |  |          |  |       |          |  |          | on S_HSYNC and                      |          |
|            |                 |                        |       |  |          |  |       |          |  |          | S_VSYNC                             |          |
| 03h        | RGB Matrix 0    |                        |       |  |          |  |       |          | X  | X        | LSB for GY                          | 03h      |
| 04h        | RGB Matrix 1    |                        |       |  |          |  |       |          | X  | X        | LSB for RV                          | F0h      |
|            |                 |                        |       |  |          |  | X     | X        |  |          | LSB for BU                          |          |
|            |                 |                        |       |  | X        | X  |       |          |  |          | LSB for GV                          |          |
|            |                 |                        | X     | X  |          |  |       |          |  |          | LSB for GU                          |          |
| 05h        | RGB Matrix 2    |                        | X     | X  | X        | X  | X     | X        | Х  | X        | Bits 9–2 for GY                     | 4Eh      |
| 06h        | RGB Matrix 3    |                        | X     | X  | X        | Х  | X     | X        | Х  | X        | Bits 9–2 for GU                     | 0Eh      |
| 07h        | RGB Matrix 4    |                        | X     | X  | X        | Х  | X     | X        | Х  | X        | Bits 9–2 for GV                     | 24h      |
| 08h        | RGB Matrix 5    |                        | X     | X  | X        | X  | X     | X        | Х  | X        | Bits 9–2 for BU                     | 92h      |
| 09h        | RGB Matrix 6    |                        | X     | X  | X        | X  | X     | X        | Х  | X        | Bits 9–2 for RV                     | 7Ch      |
| 0Ah        | Reserved        |                        | +     |  |          |  |       |          |  |          |                                     | 00h      |
| 0Bh        | Reserved        |                        | 1     |  |          |  |       |          |  |          |                                     | 00h      |
| 0Ch        | Reserved        |                        | 1     |  |          |  |       |          |  |          |                                     | 00h      |
| 0Dh        | Reserved        |                        | 1     |  |          |  |       |          |  |          |                                     | 00h      |
| 0Eh        | Reserved        |                        |       |  |          |  |       |          |  |          |                                     | 00h      |
| 0Fh        | Reserved        |                        | +     | <del>                                     </del> | <b>—</b> | <del>                                     </del> | 1     | <b>t</b> | <del>                                     </del> | t        | <del> </del>                        | 00h      |

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Table IV. HD Mode Register

| Subaddress | Register           | Bit Description                | Bit 7    | Bit 6 | Bit 5        | Bit 4  | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Register Setting                    | Reset |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------|--------------|--|-------|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 10h        | HD Mode Register 1 | HD Output Standard             |          |       |              |  |       |  | 0  | 0  | EIA770.2 Output                     | 00h   |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       |  | 0  | 1  | EIA770.1 Output                     |       |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       |  | 1  | 0  | Output Levels for Full              | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       | 1            | <del>                                     </del> |       | 1  | 1  | 1  | Input Range<br>Reserved             | -     |
|            |                    | HD Input Control Signals       |          |       |              |  | 0     | 0  | İ  |  | HSYNC, VSYNC,                       |       |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  | 0     | 1  |  | <u> </u>   | BLANK<br>EAV/SAV Codes <sup>1</sup> | 1     |
|            |                    | HD 625 p                       |          |       |              |  | 1     | 0  |  |  | Async Timing Mode                   |       |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  | 1     | 1  | $\vdash$   | <del>                                     </del> | Reserved                            | 1     |
|            |                    | HD 720 p                       | $\vdash$ | 1     | _            | 0  | 1     | _  | $\vdash$   | ╁  | 525 p                               | +     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       | <del> </del> | 1  |       | 1  | ╁  | 1  | 625 p                               | -     |
|            |                    | HD BLANK Polarity              | _        |       | 0            | <del>                                     </del> |       |  | $\vdash$   | <del>                                     </del> | 1080 i                              | -     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       | 1            | _  |       | -  | $\vdash$   | $\vdash$   | 720 p                               | 1     |
|            |                    | HD Macrovision for             | -        | 0     | 1            | -  |       |  | -  |  | BLANK Active High                   |       |
|            |                    | HD Macrovision for 525p/625 p  |          | 1     |              | _  |       |  | <del>                                     </del> | <del>                                     </del> | BLANK Active Low                    | 4     |
| 11h        | HD Mode Porietor 2 | HD Pixel Data Valid            | 0        | ľ     |              |  | ļ     | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>   | <b>├</b>   | Macrovision Off                     | 00h   |
| 1111       | HD Mode Register 2 | TID I ixei Data Valid          | 1        |       |              |  |       |  |  | <u> </u>   | Macrovision On                      | 0011  |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       |  |  |  | Pixel Data Valid Off                | 4     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              | ļ  |       |  | 0  |  |                                     |       |
|            |                    | HD Test Pattern Enable         |          |       |              |  |       |  |  | 1  | Pixel Data Valid On                 | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       |  | 0  |  | Reserved                            |       |
|            |                    | HD Test Pattern<br>Hatch/Field |          |       |              |  |       | 0  |  |  | HD Test Pattern Off                 |       |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       | 1  |  |  | HD Test Pattern On                  |       |
|            |                    | HD VBI Open                    |          |       |              |  | 0     |  |  |  | Hatch                               |       |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  | 1     |  |  |  | Field/Frame                         | 1     |
|            |                    | HD Undershoot Limiter          |          |       |              | 0  |       |  |  |  | Disabled                            |       |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              | 1  |       |  |  |  | Enabled                             | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          | 0     | 0            |  |       |  |  |  | Disabled                            | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          | 0     | 1            |  |       |  |  |  | –11 IRE                             | 1     |
|            |                    | HD Sharpness Filter            |          | 1     | 0            |  |       |  | İ  |  | –6 IRE                              |       |
|            |                    |                                |          | 1     | 1            |  |       |  |  |  | -1.5 IRE                            | 1     |
| 12h        | HD Mode Register 3 | HD Y Delay wrt Falling         | 0        |       |              |  |       |  |  | <u> </u>   | Disabled                            |       |
|            |                    | Edge of HSYNC                  | 1        |       |              |  |       |  | t  |  | Enabled                             | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 Clock Cycle                       | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1 Clock Cycle                       | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       |              |  |       | 0  | 1  | 0  | 2 Clock Cycle                       | 1     |
|            |                    | HD Color Delay wrt Falling     |          |       |              |  |       | 0  | 1  | 1  | 3 Clock Cycle                       |       |
|            |                    | Edge of HSYNC                  |          |       |              | $\vdash$   |       | 1  | 0  | 0  | 4 Clock Cycle                       | 1     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       | 0            | 0  | 0     |  | $\vdash$   | ╁  | 0 Clock Cycle                       | ┨     |
|            |                    |                                | _        | 1     | 0            | 0  | 1     |  |  | <del>                                     </del> | 1 Clock Cycle                       | 1     |
|            |                    |                                | $\vdash$ | -     | 0            | 1  | 0     | <del>                                     </del> | $\vdash$   | $\vdash$   | 2 Clock Cycle                       | -     |
|            |                    | HD CGMS                        | <u> </u> | -     | 0            | 1  | 1     | $\vdash$   |  | $\vdash$   | 3 Clock Cycle                       | -     |
|            |                    |                                |          |       | 1            | 0  | 0     | _  | _  | ├  | 4 Clock Cycle                       | 4     |
|            |                    | HD CGMS CRC                    | <u> </u> | 0     | ļ <u>.</u>   | Ľ  | Ĭ     | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>   | Disabled                            | 1     |
|            |                    | TID COIVIS CIRC                |          |       |              |  |       |  |  | Ļ  |                                     | 1     |
|            | 1                  |                                | L_       | 1     | L            | L_   | L     | L  | L  | L  | Enabled                             |       |

Table IV. HD Mode Register (continued)

| Subaddress | Register            | Bit Description                | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4    | Bit 3 | Bit 2    | Bit 1 | Bit 0    | Register Setting   | Reset |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|--|-------|
| 13h        | HD Mode Register 4  | HD Cr/Cb Sequence <sup>2</sup> |       |       |       |          |       |          |       | 0        | Cb after Falling<br>Edge of HSYNC  | 4Ch   |
|            |                     |                                |       |       |       |          |       |          |       | 1        | Cr after Falling Edge of HSYNC   |       |
|            |                     |                                | +     |       |       | $\vdash$ | _     | <u> </u> | 0     |          | Reserved   |       |
|            |                     | HD Input Format                | +     |       |       |          |       | 0        |       |          | 8-Bit Input  |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       |       |          |       | 1        |       |          | 10-Bit Input   | 1     |
|            |                     | Sync Filter on DAC D, E, F     | +     |       |       |          | 0     |          |       |          | Disabled   |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       |       |          | 1     |          |       |          | Enabled  | 1     |
|            |                     |                                | 1     |       |       | 0        |       |          |       |          | Reserved   |       |
|            |                     | HD Chroma SSAF <sup>2</sup>    |       |       | 0     |          |       | 1        |       |          | Disabled   |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       | 1     |          |       | İ        |       |          | Enabled  | 1     |
|            |                     | HD Chroma Input                |       | 0     |       |          |       |          |       |          | 4:4:4  |       |
|            |                     |                                |       | 1     |       |          |       |          |       |          | 4:2:2  | 1     |
|            | HD Double Buffering | 0                              |       |       |       |          |       |          |       | Disabled |  |       |
|            |                     | 1                              |       |       |       |          |       |          |       | Enabled  |  |       |
| 14h        | HD Mode Register 5  |                                | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0        | 0     | 0        | 0     | X        | A low-high-low<br>transition resets the<br>internal HD timing<br>counters. | 00h   |
| 15h        | HD Mode Register 6  | Reserved                       |       |       |       |          |       |          |       | 0        | Zero must be written to this bit.  | 00h   |
|            |                     | HD RGB Input                   |       |       |       |          |       | 1        | 0     |          | Disabled   |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       |       |          |       | İ        | 1     |          | Enabled  | 1     |
|            |                     | HD Sync on PrPb                |       |       |       |          |       | 0        |       |          | Disabled   |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       |       |          |       | 1        |       |          | Enabled  | 1     |
|            |                     | HD Color DAC Swap <sup>3</sup> |       |       |       |          | 0     |          |       |          | DAC E = Pr,<br>DAC F = Pb  |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       |       |          | 1     |          |       |          | DAC F = Pr,<br>DAC E = Pb  | 1     |
|            |                     | HD Gamma Curve A/B             |       |       |       | 0        |       |          |       |          | Gamma Curve A  |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       |       | 1        |       |          |       |          | Gamma Curve B  | 1     |
|            |                     | HD Gamma Curve Enable          |       |       | 0     |          |       |          |       |          | Disabled   |       |
|            |                     |                                |       |       | 1     |          |       |          |       |          | Enabled  | 1     |
|            |                     | HD Adaptive Filter Mode        |       | 0     |       |          |       |          |       |          | Mode A   |       |
|            |                     |                                |       | 1     |       |          |       |          |       |          | Mode B   |       |
|            |                     | HD Adaptive Filter Enable      | 0     |       |       |          |       |          |       |          | Disabled   |       |
|            |                     |                                | 1     |       |       |          |       |          |       |          | Enabled  | 1     |

NOTES  $^1\text{EAV/SAV}$  codes are not supported for PS 1  $\times$  10-Bit Interleaved Mode at 54 MHz.  $^24\text{:}2\text{:}2$  Input Format Only  $^34\text{:}4\text{:}4$  Input Format Only

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Table V. Register Settings

| 16h<br>17h | HD Y Color          | <b>+</b>                        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                |     |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|-----|
| 17h        |                     |                                 | X   | X   | X   | Х   | X   | X   | Х   | Х   | Y Color Value  | A0h |
|            | HD Cr Color         |                                 | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | Cr Color Value | 80h |
| 18h        | HD Cb Color         |                                 | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | Cb Color Value | 80h |
| 19h        | Reserved            |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | 00h |
| 1Ah        | Reserved            |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | 00h |
| 1Bh        | Reserved            |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | 00h |
| 1Ch        | Reserved            |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | 00h |
| 1Dh        | Reserved            |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | 00h |
| 1Eh        | Reserved            |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | 00h |
| 1Fh        | Reserved            |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | 00h |
| 20h        | HD Sharpness Filter | HD Sharpness Filter Gain        |     |     |     |     | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | Gain A = 0     | 00h |
|            | Gain                | Value A                         |     |     |     |     | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   | Gain A = +1    | ┪   |
|            |                     |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | ┪   |
|            |                     |                                 |     |     |     |     | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   | Gain A = +7    | ┪   |
|            |                     |                                 |     |     |     |     | 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   | Gain A = -8    | ┪   |
|            |                     |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | -   |
|            |                     |                                 |     |     |     |     | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   | Gain A = -1    | 1   |
|            |                     | HD Sharpness Filter Gain        | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |     |     |     |     | Gain B = 0     | +   |
|            |                     | Value B                         | 0   | 0   | 0   | 1   |     |     |     |     | Gain B = +1    | ┪   |
|            |                     |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | ┪   |
|            |                     |                                 | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   |     |     |     |     | Gain B = +7    | 1   |
|            |                     |                                 | 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   |     |     |     |     | Gain B = -8    | 1   |
|            |                     |                                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                | ┪   |
|            |                     |                                 | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |     |     |     |     | Gain B = -1    | 1   |
| 21h        | HD CGMS Data 0      | HD CGMS Data Bits               | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | C19 | C18 | C17 | C16 | CGMS 19–16     | 00h |
| 22h        | HD CGMS Data 1      | HD CGMS Data Bits               | C15 | C14 | C13 | C12 | C11 | C10 | C9  | C8  | CGMS 15–8      | 00h |
| 23h        | HD CGMS Data 2      | HD CGMS Data Bits               | C7  | C6  | C5  | C4  | C3  | C2  | C1  | C0  | CGMS 7–0       | 00h |
| 24h        | HD Gamma A          | HD Gamma Curve A Data           | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A0             | 00h |
| 25h        | HD Gamma A          | Points HD Gamma Curve A Data    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A1             | 00h |
| 26h        | HD Gamma A          | Points HD Gamma Curve A Data    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A2             | 00h |
| 27h        | HD Gamma A          | Points HD Gamma Curve A Data    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A3             | 00h |
| 28h        | HD Gamma A          | Points<br>HD Gamma Curve A Data | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A4             | 00h |
|            | HD Gamma A          | Points<br>HD Gamma Curve A Data |     | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A5             | 00h |
| 2Ah        | HD Gamma A          | Points HD Gamma Curve A Data    |     | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A6             | 00h |
|            |                     | Points                          |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                |     |
| 2Bh        | HD Gamma A          | HD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points |     | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | A7             | 00h |
| 2Ch        | HD Gamma A          | HD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points |     | Х   | X   | Х   | Х   | Х   | Х   | Х   | A8             | 00h |
| 2Dh        | HD Gamma A          | HD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points |     | X   | X   | X   | Х   | X   | X   | X   | A9             | 00h |
| 2Eh        | HD Gamma B          | HD Gamma Curve B Data<br>Points | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | В0             | 00h |
| 2Fh        | HD Gamma B          | HD Gamma Curve B Data<br>Points | X   | X   | X   | Х   | X   | X   | X   | X   | B1             | 00h |
| 30h        | HD Gamma B          | HD Gamma Curve B Data<br>Points | Х   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | Х   | X   | B2             | 00h |
| 31h        | HD Gamma B          | HD Gamma Curve B Data           | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | В3             | 00h |
| 32h        | HD Gamma B          | Points HD Gamma Curve B Data    | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | B4             | 00h |
| 33h        | HD Gamma B          | Points<br>HD Gamma Curve B Data | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | X   | B5             | 00h |
|            | 1                   | Points                          | ı   | ı   | I   | I   | 1   | I   | I   | I   | I              |     |

### Table VI. HD Adaptive Filters

| Subaddress |                                   | Bit Description                      | Bit 7      | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4    |   |   |             |    | Register Setting | Reset    |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-------|-------|----------|---|---|-------------|----|------------------|----------|
| 38h        | HD Adaptive Filter<br>Gain 1      | HD Adaptive Filter Gain 1<br>Value A |            |       |       |          | 0 | 0 | 0           | 0  | Gain A = 0       | 00hex    |
|            |                                   |                                      |            |       |       |          | 0 | 0 | 0           | 1  | Gain A = +1      |          |
|            |                                   |                                      |            |       |       |          | 0 | 1 | 1           | 1  | Gain A = +7      |          |
|            |                                   |                                      |            |       |       |          | 1 | 0 | 0           | 0  | Gain A = -8      |          |
|            |                                   |                                      |            |       |       |          | 1 | 1 | 1           | 1  | Gain A = −1      |          |
|            |                                   | HD Adaptive Filter Gain 1<br>Value B | 0          | 0     | 0     | 0        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = 0       |          |
|            |                                   | value B                              | 0          | 0     | 0     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = +1      | 7        |
|            |                                   |                                      | 0          | 1     | 1     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = +7      |          |
|            |                                   |                                      | 1          | 0     | 0     | 0        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = -8      | 1        |
|            |                                   |                                      | 1          | 1     | 1     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = -1      | 7        |
| 39h        | HD Adaptive Filter                | HD Adaptive Filter Gain 2            |            |       |       |          | 0 | 0 | 0           | 0  | Gain A = 0       | 00hex    |
|            | Gain 2                            | Value A                              |            |       |       |          | 0 | 0 | 0           | 1  | Gain A = +1      | _        |
|            |                                   |                                      |            |       |       |          | 0 | 1 | 1           | 1  | Gain A = +7      | _        |
|            |                                   |                                      |            |       |       |          | 1 | 0 | 0           | 0  | Gain A = -8      |          |
|            |                                   |                                      |            |       |       |          | 1 | 1 | 1           | 1  | Gain A = -1      |          |
|            |                                   | HD Adaptive Filter Gain 2            | 0          | 0     | 0     | 0        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = 0       |          |
|            |                                   | Value B                              | 0          | 0     | 0     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = +1      | -        |
|            |                                   |                                      | 0          | 1     | 1     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = +7      | _        |
|            |                                   |                                      | 1          | 0     | 0     | 0        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = -8      |          |
|            |                                   |                                      | 1          | 1     | 1     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = -1      | +        |
| 3Ah        | HD Adaptive Filter                | HD Adaptive Filter Gain 3            | _          |       |       |          | 0 | 0 | 0           | 0  | Gain A = 0       | 00hex    |
|            | Gain 3                            | Value A                              |            | _     |       |          | 0 | 0 | 0           | 1  | Gain A = +1      | $\dashv$ |
|            |                                   |                                      |            | -     |       |          | 0 | 1 | 1           | 1  | Gain A = +7      | $\dashv$ |
|            |                                   |                                      | -          |       |       | ┢        | 1 | 0 | 0           | 0  | Gain A = -8      | $\dashv$ |
|            |                                   |                                      | _          |       |       | $\vdash$ | 1 | 1 | 1           | 1  | Gain A = -1      | $\dashv$ |
|            |                                   | HD Adaptive Filter Gain 3            | 0          | 0     | 0     | 0        | - |   | <u> </u>    |    | Gain B = 0       |          |
|            |                                   | Value B                              | 0          | 0     | 0     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = +1      | -        |
|            |                                   |                                      | 0          | 1     | 1     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = +7      | -        |
|            |                                   |                                      | 1          | 0     | 0     | 0        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = -8      | -        |
|            |                                   |                                      | 1          | 1     | 1     | 1        |   |   |             |    | Gain B = -1      | -        |
| 3Bh        | HD Adaptive Filter                | HD Adaptive Filter                   | X          | X     | X     | X        | X | X | X           | X  | Threshold A      | 00hex    |
| 3Ch        | Threshold A<br>HD Adaptive Filter | Threshold A Value HD Adaptive Filter | X          | X     | X     | X        | X | X | X           | X  | Threshold B      | 00hex    |
| 3Dh        | Threshold B<br>HD Adaptive Filter | Threshold B Value HD Adaptive Filter | X          | X     | X     | X        | X | X | X           | X  | Threshold C      | 00hex    |
| ווער       | Threshold C                       | Threshold C Value                    | <u> </u> ^ | ^     | ^     | <u> </u> | ^ |   | <b> </b> ^` | l* | Tineshold C      | oonex    |

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Table VII. SD Mode Registers

| Register           | Bit Description                                 | Bit 7  | Bit 6  | Bit 5    | Bit 4  | Bit 3   | Bit 2   | Bit 1  | Bit 0   | Register Setting  | Reset   |
|--------------------|---|--|--|----------|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Reserved           | 1   | 1  |  |          |  |   |   |  |   |   | 00h   |
| Reserved           |   | +  |  |          |  |   |   |  |   |   | 00h   |
| SD Mode Register 0 | SD Standard                                     | +  |  |          | -  |   |   | 0  | 0   | NTSC  | 00h   |
|                    |   | -  |  |          | $\vdash$   | -   |   | 0  | 1   | PAL B, D, G, H, I   | -   |
|                    |   | $\vdash$   | -  |          | -  | -   | -   | 1  | 0   | PAL M   | -   |
|                    |   | -  |  |          |  |   |   | 1  | 1   | PAL N   |   |
|                    | SD I uma Filter                                 | +  |  |          | 0  | 0   | 0   | <u> </u>   |   |   |   |
|                    | ob Bana I mor                                   | <u> </u>   |  |          |  |   |   |  |   |   | 4   |
|                    |   | _  |  |          |  |   |   |  |   |   | 4   |
|                    |   |  |  |          |  |   |   |  |   |   | 1   |
|                    |   |  |  |          |  |   |   |  |   |   | 1   |
|                    |   |  |  |          | 1  |   |   |  |   |   |   |
|                    |   |  |  |          | 1  | 0   | 1   |  |   | Luma CIF  |   |
|                    |   |  |  |          | 1  | 1   | 0   |  |   | Luma QCIF   |   |
|                    |   |  |  |          | 1  | 1   | 1   |  |   | Reserved  |   |
|                    | SD Chroma Filter                                | 0  | 0  | 0        |  |   |   |  |   | 1.3 MHz   |   |
|                    |   | 0  | 0  | 1        |  |   |   |  |   | 0.65 MHz  | 1   |
|                    |   | 0  | 1  | 0        |  |   |   |  |   | 1.0 MHz   | 1   |
|                    |   | 0  | 1  | 1        | $\vdash$   |   |   | $\vdash$   |   | 2.0 MHz   | 1   |
|                    |   | 1  | 0  | 0        |  |   |   |  |   | Reserved  | 1   |
|                    |   | 1  | 0  | 1        |  |   |   |  |   | Chroma CIF  | 1   |
|                    |   | 1  | 1  | 0        | ┢  | -   | -   | ┢  |   | Chroma QCIF   | -   |
|                    |   | 1  | 1  | 1        |  |   |   |  |   |   | -   |
| Reserved           |   | +  |  |          | _  |   |   | _  |   |   | 00h   |
|                    | SDIWSSAE  | +  |  |          |  |   |   |  | 0   | Disabled  | 08h   |
| 3D Wode Register 1 | SD UV SSAI                                      | _  |  |          |  |   |   |  |   |   | 0011  |
|                    |   |  |  |          |  |   |   |  | 1   |   |   |
|                    | SD DAC Output 1*                                |  |  |          |  |   |   | 0  |   | DAC A, B, C: CVBS,<br>L, C; DAC D, E, F:<br>GBR or YUV  |   |
|                    |   | $\vdash$   | -  |          | $\vdash$   |   |   | 1  |   |   | -   |
|                    |   |  |  |          |  |   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR of<br>YUV; DAC D, E, F:<br>CVBS, L, C  |   |
|                    | SD DAC Output 2                                 |  |  |          |  |   | 0   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR of YUV; DAC D, E, F:   | r   |
|                    | SD DAC Output 2                                 |  |  |          |  |   | 0   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR of<br>YUV; DAC D, E, F:<br>CVBS, L, C<br>Swap DAC A and  | r   |
|                    | SD DAC Output 2 SD Pedestal                     |  |  |          |  | 0   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR of<br>YUV; DAC D, E, F:<br>CVBS, L, C<br>Swap DAC A and  | r   |
|                    |   |  |  |          |  | 0   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR or<br>YUV; DAC D, E, F:<br>CVBS, L, C<br>Swap DAC A and<br>DAC D Outputs   |   |
|                    |   |  |  |          | 0  |   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR of YUV; DAC D, E, F: CVBS, L, C Swap DAC A and DAC D Outputs  Disabled   | -   |
|                    | SD Pedestal                                     |  |  |          | 0  |   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR or<br>YUV; DAC D, E, F:<br>CVBS, L, C<br>Swap DAC A and<br>DAC D Outputs<br>Disabled   | -   |
|                    | SD Pedestal                                     |  |  | 0        |  |   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR or<br>YUV; DAC D, E, F:<br>CVBS, L, C<br>Swap DAC A and<br>DAC D Outputs<br>Disabled<br>Enabled  | -   |
|                    | SD Pedestal  SD Square Pixel                    |  |  | 0        |  |   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR of YUV; DAC D, E, F: CVBS, L, C Swap DAC A and DAC D Outputs  Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled  | -   |
|                    | SD Pedestal  SD Square Pixel                    |  | 0  |          |  |   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR o;<br>YUV; DAC D, E, F:<br>CVBS, L, C<br>Swap DAC A and<br>DAC D Outputs<br>Disabled<br>Enabled<br>Disabled<br>Enabled   |   |
|                    | SD Pedestal  SD Square Pixel  SD VCR FF/RW Sync |  | 0  |          |  |   |   |  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR or YUV; DAC D, E, F: CVBS, L, C Swap DAC A and DAC D Outputs  Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled  | -   |
|                    | SD Pedestal  SD Square Pixel  SD VCR FF/RW Sync |  |  |          |  |   |   | 1  |   | DAC A, B, C: GBR of YUV; DAC D, E, F: CVBS, L, C Swap DAC A and DAC D Outputs  Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Disabled   |   |
|                    | Reserved  | Reserved  SD Mode Register 0 SD Standard  SD Luma Filter  SD Chroma Filter | Reserved  SD Mode Register 0  SD Standard  SD Luma Filter  SD Chroma Filter  0 0 1 1 1 1 Reserved  SD Mode Register 1 SD UV SSAF | Reserved | Reserved   SD Mode Register 0   SD Standard   SD Luma Filter   SD Luma Filter   SD Chroma Filter   O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Reserved  SD Mode Register 0  SD Standard  SD Luma Filter  SD Luma Filter  SD Chroma Filter | Reserved  SD Mode Register 0  SD Standard  SD Luma Filter  SD | Reserved  Reserved  SD Mode Register 0  SD Standard  SD Luma Filter  SD Luma F | Reserved  SD Mode Register 0  SD Standard  SD Luma Filter  SD | Reserved  SD Mode Register 0  SD Standard  SD Luma Filter  SD Luma Filter  SD Chroma Filter  O O O O  I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I | Reserved   Reserved |

Table VII. SD Mode Registers (continued)

| Subaddress | Register           | Bit Description         | Bit 7                                  | Bit 6  | Bit 5    | Bit 4  | Bit 3 | Bit 2    | Bit 1    | Bit 0    | Register Setting                   | Rese     |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--|--|----------|--|-------|----------|----------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|
| 43h        | SD Mode Register 2 | SD Pedestal YUV Output  |  |  |          |  |       |          |          | 0        | No Pedestal on YUV                 | 00h      |
|            |                    |                         |  |  |          |  |       |          |          | 1        | 7.5 IRE Pedestal on                | 1        |
|            |                    | SD Output Levels Y      | +                                      | $\vdash$   |          | $\vdash$   |       |          | 0        |          | YUV<br>Y = 700 mV/300 mV           |          |
|            |                    | •                       | $\vdash$                               | -  |          | _  |       |          | 1        |          | Y = 714 mV/286 mV                  | -        |
|            |                    | SD Output Levels UV     | ╀                                      | ļ  | ļ        |  | 0     | 0        | ļ.       | ļ        | 700 mV p-p [PAL];                  | <u> </u> |
|            |                    | 3D Output Levels CV     |  |  |          |  | 0     | U        |          |          | 1000 mV p-p [NTSC]                 |          |
|            |                    |                         |  | Ì  |          |  | 0     | 1        |          |          | 700 mV p-p                         | 1        |
|            |                    |                         |  |  |          |  | 1     | 0        |          |          | 1000 mV p-p                        | 1        |
|            |                    |                         |  | $\vdash$   |          | $\vdash$   | 1     | 1        |          |          | 648 mV p-p                         | 1        |
|            |                    | SD VBI Open             | +                                      | $\vdash$   |          | 0  |       |          | $\vdash$ |          | Disabled                           | ╁        |
|            |                    |                         | -                                      | -  |          | 1  |       |          | -        |          | Enabled                            | -        |
|            |                    | SD CC Field Control     | ╄                                      | 0  | 0        | -  |       |          | -        |          | CC Disabled                        | ₩        |
|            |                    | SD GG FRIG GOILLOI      |  | 0  |          |  |       |          |          |          |                                    | 1        |
|            |                    |                         |  |  | 1        |  |       |          |          |          | CC on Odd Field Only               |          |
|            |                    |                         |  | 1  | 0        |  |       |          |          |          | CC on Even Field<br>Only           |          |
|            |                    |                         |  | 1  | 1        |  |       |          |          |          | CC on Both Fields                  | 1        |
|            |                    |                         | 1                                      |  |          |  |       |          |          |          | Reserved                           | T        |
| 44h        | SD Mode Register 3 | SD VSYNC-3H             | t                                      | $\vdash$   |          |  |       |          |          | 0        | Disabled                           | 00h      |
|            |                    |                         |  | <u> </u>   |          |  |       |          |          | 1        | VSYNC = 2.5 lines                  | 1        |
|            |                    |                         |  |  |          |  |       |          |          |          | [PAL]; VSYNC = 3<br>lines [NTSC]   |          |
|            |                    | SD RTC/TR/SCR           |  |  |          |  |       | 0        | 0        |          | Genlock Disabled                   | $\top$   |
|            |                    |                         |  | <u> </u>   |          |  |       | 0        | 1        |          | Subcarrier Reset                   | 1        |
|            |                    |                         | -                                      | <del>                                     </del> |          | <del>                                     </del> |       | 1        | 0        | -        | Timing Reset                       | -        |
|            |                    |                         | -                                      | $\vdash$   |          | -  |       | 1        | 1        |          | RTC Enabled                        | -        |
|            |                    | SD Active Video Length  | ╂                                      | <u> </u>   |          | _  | 0     |          | -        |          | 720 Pixels                         | ₩        |
|            |                    | 3D Active video Exilgin |  |  |          |  |       |          |          |          |                                    | 4        |
|            |                    |                         |  |  |          |  | 1     |          |          |          | 710 (NTSC);<br>702(PAL)            |          |
|            |                    | SD Chroma               |  |  |          | 0  |       |          |          |          | Chroma Enabled                     |          |
|            |                    |                         |  |  |          | 1  |       |          |          |          | Chroma Disabled                    | 1        |
|            |                    | SD Burst                | 1                                      |  | 0        |  |       |          |          |          | Enabled                            |          |
|            |                    |                         |  | t  | 1        |  |       |          |          |          | Disabled                           | 1        |
|            |                    | SD Color Bars           | +                                      | 0  |          |  |       |          |          |          | Disabled                           | $\vdash$ |
|            |                    |                         | $\vdash$                               | 1  |          | $\vdash$   |       |          | $\vdash$ |          | Enabled                            | ┨        |
|            |                    | Reserved                | 0                                      | -  |          | _  |       |          | _        |          | Zero must be written               | ₩        |
| 451.       | D                  | reserved                | Ľ.                                     | <u> </u>   |          |  |       |          |          |          | to this bit.                       | 0.01     |
| 45h        | Reserved           |                         |  |  | <u> </u> |  |       |          |          |          |                                    | 00h      |
| 46h        | Reserved           |                         |  |  |          |  |       |          |          |          |                                    | 00h      |
| 47h        | SD Mode Register 4 | SD UV Scale             |  |  |          |  |       |          |          | 0        | Disabled                           | 00h      |
|            |                    |                         |  |  |          |  |       |          |          | 1        | Enabled                            |          |
|            | 1                  | SD Y Scale              | 1                                      |  |          |  |       |          | 0        |          | Disabled                           |          |
|            |                    |                         |  | t  | t        |  |       |          | 1        |          | Enabled                            | 1        |
|            |                    | SD Hue Adjust           | +                                      |  |          | $\vdash$   |       | 0        | -        |          | Disabled                           | ╁        |
|            |                    |                         | $\vdash$                               | $\vdash$   | 1        | $\vdash$   | -     | 1        | -        | -        | Enabled                            | 1        |
|            |                    | SD Brightness           | +                                      | $\vdash$   | -        | -  | 0     |          | -        | ₩        | Disabled                           | $\vdash$ |
|            | 1                  | Digities                | <u> </u>                               | <u> </u>   | <u> </u> | —  |       |          | ₽        | <b> </b> |                                    | 1        |
|            |                    |                         | ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | <u> </u>   |          |  | 1     |          |          | <u> </u> | Enabled                            |          |
|            |                    | SD Luma SSAF Gain       |  |  |          | 0  |       |          | L        |          | Disabled                           |          |
|            |                    |                         |  |  |          | 1  |       |          |          |          | Enabled                            | 1        |
|            | 1                  | Reserved                | Î                                      | Ī  | 0        | Ī  |       |          |          |          | Zero must be written               |          |
|            |                    | Reserved                | +                                      | 0  |          |  |       |          |          | 1        | to this bit. Zero must be written  | $\vdash$ |
|            | 1                  | Reserved                | 0                                      | $\vdash$   | -        | <del>                                     </del> |       |          | $\vdash$ | -        | to this bit.  Zero must be written | $\vdash$ |
|            |                    |                         | <u> </u>                               | <u></u>  |          | L  |       | <u> </u> | L        | L        | to this bit.                       | L        |

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Table VII. SD Mode Registers (continued)

| Subaddress | _                  | Bit Description                      | Bit 7    | Bit 6 | Bit 5    | Bit 4    | Bit 3 | Bit 2    | Bit 1    | Bit 0  | Register Setting                  | Reset |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|--|-----------------------------------|-------|
| 48h        | SD Mode Register 5 | Reserved                             |          |       |          |          |       |          |          | 0  | Zero must be written to this bit. |       |
|            |                    | Reserved                             |          |       |          |          |       |          | 0        |  | Zero must be written              | 00h   |
|            |                    | SD Double Buffering                  | $\vdash$ | 1     |          | $\vdash$ |       | 0        | $\vdash$ | <del>                                     </del> | to this bit.<br>Disabled          |       |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          |          |       | 1        |          |  | Enabled                           | 1     |
|            |                    | SD Input Format                      | $\vdash$ |       |          | 0        | 0     |          |          |  | 8-Bit Input                       |       |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          | 0        | 1     |          | <u> </u> |  | 16-Bit Input                      | 4     |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          |          |       |          | _        |  | _                                 | 4     |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          | 1        | 0     |          |          |  | 10-Bit Input                      | _     |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          | 1        | 1     |          |          |  | 20-Bit Input                      |       |
|            |                    | SD Digital Noise<br>Reduction        |          |       | 0        |          |       |          |          |  | Disabled                          |       |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       | 1        |          |       |          |          |  | Enabled                           |       |
|            |                    | SD Gamma Control                     |          | 0     |          |          |       |          |          |  | Disabled                          |       |
|            |                    |                                      |          | 1     |          |          |       |          |          |  | Enabled                           | 1     |
|            |                    | SD Gamma Curve                       | 0        |       |          |          |       |          |          |  | Gamma Curve A                     |       |
|            |                    |                                      | 1        |       |          |          |       |          |          |  | Gamma Curve B                     | 1     |
| 49h        | SD Mode Register 6 | r 6 SD Undershoot Limiter            | $\vdash$ |       | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$ | _     | _        | 0        | 0  | Disabled                          | 00h   |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          |          |       |          | 0        | 1  | -11 IRE                           | -     |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          | -        |       |          | 1        | 0  | -6 IRE                            | -     |
|            |                    |                                      | -        |       |          | -        |       |          | 1        | 1  | -1.5 IRE                          | 4     |
|            |                    | SD Black Burst Output on             | <u> </u> |       |          | <u> </u> |       | 0        | ļ .      | ľ  | Disabled                          |       |
|            |                    | DAC Y                                |          |       |          |          |       |          | <u> </u> | ļ  |                                   | 4     |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          |          |       | 1        |          |  | Enabled                           |       |
|            |                    | SD Black Burst Output on<br>DAC Luma |          |       |          |          | 0     |          |          |  | Disabled                          |       |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       |          |          | 1     |          |          |  | Enabled                           |       |
|            |                    | SD Chroma Delay                      |          |       | 0        | 0        |       |          |          |  | Disabled                          |       |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       | 0        | 1        |       |          |          |  | 4 Clock Cycles                    | 1     |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       | 1        | 0        |       |          |          |  | 8 Clock Cycles                    | 1     |
|            |                    |                                      |          |       | 1        | 1        |       |          | $\vdash$ |  | Reserved                          | 1     |
|            |                    | Reserved                             | $\vdash$ | 0     | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$ |       | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$   | Zero must be written              | +     |
|            |                    | Reserved                             | 0        | -     | -        | -        |       | -        | $\vdash$ | -  | to this bit. Zero must be written | 1     |
|            |                    | 1.000.700                            | ľ        |       |          |          |       |          |          |  | to this bit.                      |       |

<sup>\*</sup>For more detail, see Input and Output Configuration section.

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### Table VIII. SD Registers

| Subaddress | Register                      | Bit Description                                 | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2    | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Register Setting  | Reset |
|------------|-------------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|---|-------|
| 4Ah        | SD Timing Register 0          | SD Slave/Master Mode                            |       |       |       |       |       |          |       | 0     | Slave Mode  | 08h   |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       |          |       | 1     | Master Mode   |       |
|            |                               | SD Timing Mode                                  |       |       |       |       |       | 0        | 0     |       | Mode 0  |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       | 0        | 1     |       | Mode 1  |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       | 1        | 0     |       | Mode 2  | 1     |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       | 1        | 1     |       | Mode 3  | 1     |
|            |                               | SD BLANK Input                                  |       |       |       |       | 0     |          |       |       | Enabled   |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       | 1     |          |       |       | Disabled  | 1     |
|            |                               | SD Luma Delay                                   |       |       | 0     | 0     |       |          |       |       | No Delay  |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       | 0     | 1     |       |          |       |       | 2 Clock Cycles  | 1     |
|            |                               |   |       |       | 1     | 0     |       |          |       |       | 4 Clock Cycles  | 1     |
|            |                               |   |       |       | 1     | 1     |       |          |       |       | 6 Clock Cycles  | 1     |
|            |                               | SD Min. Luma Value                              |       | 0     |       |       |       |          |       |       | -40 IRE   |       |
|            |                               |   |       | 1     |       |       |       |          |       |       | -7.5 IRE  | i     |
|            |                               | SD Timing Reset                                 | X     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0        | 0     | 0     | A low-high-low  |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       |          |       |       | transistion will reset the internal SD timing counters. |       |
| Bh         | SD Timing Register 1          | SD HSYNC Width                                  |       |       |       |       |       |          | 0     | 0     | Ta = 1 Clock Cycle                                      | 00h   |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       |          | 0     | 1     | Ta = 4 Clock Cycles                                     |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       |          | 1     | 0     | Ta = 16 Clock Cycles                                    |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       |          | 1     | 1     | Ta = 128 Clock Cycles                                   |       |
|            |                               | SD HSYNC to VSYNC                               |       |       |       |       | 0     | 0        |       |       | Tb = 0 Clock Cycle                                      |       |
|            |                               | Delay   |       |       |       |       | 0     | 1        |       |       | Tb = 4 Clock Cycles                                     | 1     |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       | 1     | 0        |       |       | Tb = 8 Clock Cycles                                     |       |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       | 1     | 1        |       |       | Tb = 18 Clock Cycles                                    | 1     |
|            |                               | SD HSYNC to VSYNC                               |       |       | X     | 0     |       |          |       |       | Tc = Tb   |       |
|            |                               | Rising Edge Delay (Mode 1<br>Only); VSYNC Width |       |       | X     | 1     |       |          |       |       | Tc = Tb + 32 μs   | i     |
|            |                               | (Mode 2 Only)                                   |       |       | 0     | 0     |       |          |       |       | 1 Clock Cycle   | 1     |
|            |                               |   |       |       | 0     | 1     |       |          |       |       | 4 Clock Cycles  | 1     |
|            |                               |   |       |       | 1     | 0     |       |          |       |       | 16 Clock Cycles   | 1     |
|            |                               |   |       |       | 1     | 1     |       |          |       |       | 128 Clock Cycles  | 1     |
|            |                               | HSYNC to Pixel Data                             | 0     | 0     |       |       |       | $\vdash$ |       |       | 0 Clock Cycle   |       |
|            |                               | Adjust  | 0     | 1     |       |       |       |          |       |       | 1 Clock Cycle   |       |
|            |                               |   | 1     | 0     |       |       |       |          |       |       | 2 Clock Cycles  | 1     |
|            |                               |   | 1     | 1     |       |       |       |          |       |       | 3 Clock Cycles  | 1     |
| Ch         | SD F <sub>SC</sub> Register 0 |   | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | Subcarrier Frequency<br>Bits 7–0                        | 16h   |
| Dh         | SD F <sub>SC</sub> Register 1 |   | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | Subcarrier Frequency                                    | 7Ch   |
| Eh         | SD F <sub>SC</sub> Register 2 |   | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | Х     | X     | Bits 15–8<br>Subcarrier Frequency<br>Bits 23–16         | F0h   |
| Fh         | SD F <sub>SC</sub> Register 3 |   | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | Subcarrier Frequency                                    | 21h   |
| 0h         | SD F <sub>SC</sub> Phase      |   | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | Bits 31–24<br>Subcarrier Phase Bits                     | 00h   |
| 1h         | SD Closed Captioning          | Extended Data on Even                           | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | 9–2<br>Extended Data Bits 7–0                           | 00h   |
| 2h         | SD Closed Captioning          | Fields<br>Extended Data on Even                 | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | Extended Data Bits                                      | 00h   |
| 3h         | SD Closed Captioning          | Fields Data on Odd Fields                       | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | 15–8<br>Data Bits 7–0                                   | 00h   |
| 4h         | SD Closed Captioning          | Data on Odd Fields                              | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X        | X     | X     | Data Bits 15–8  | 00h   |
|            |                               |   |       |       |       |       |       |          |       |       |   |       |
| 5h         | SD Pedestal Register 0        | Pedestal on Odd Fields                          | 17    | 16    | 15    | 14    | 13    | 12       | 11    | 10    | Setting any of these bits<br>to 1 will disable          | 00h   |
| 66h        | SD Pedestal Register 1        | Pedestal on Odd Fields                          | 25    | 24    | 23    | 22    | 21    | 20       | 19    |       | pedestal on the line<br>number indicated by             | 00h   |
| 57h        | SD Pedestal Register 2        | Pedestal on Even Fields                         | 17    | 16    | 15    | 14    | 13    | 12       | 11    | 10    | the bit settings.                                       | 00h   |
| 58h        | SD Pedestal Register 3        | Pedestal on Even Fields                         | 25    | 24    | 23    | 22    | 21    | 20       | 19    | 18    |   | 00h   |

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Table VIII. SD Registers (continued)

| Subaddress | Register            | Bit Description                  | Bit 7  | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3  | Bit 2        | Bit 1    | Bit 0        | Register Setting              | Reset |
|------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|--|--------------|----------|--------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| 59h        | SD CGMS/WSS 0       | SD CGMS Data                     |  |       |       |       | 19   | 18           | 17       | 16           | CGMS Data Bits<br>C19–C16     | 00h   |
|            |                     | SD CGMS CRC                      |  |       |       | 0     |  |              |          |              | Disabled                      |       |
|            |                     |                                  | <u> </u>   |       |       | 1     |  |              | $\vdash$ | ╁            | Enabled                       | 1     |
|            |                     | SD CGMS on Odd Fields            | $\vdash$   | 1     | 0     | _     |  | -            | _        | 1            | Disabled                      |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       | 1     | -     |  | <del> </del> | -        | 1            | Enabled                       | -     |
|            |                     | SD CGMS on Even Fields           | -  | 0     |       | -     |  |              | -        | -            | Disabled                      |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  | 1     |       | _     |  |              | -        | -            | Enabled                       | -     |
|            |                     | SD WSS                           | 0  |       |       | _     |  | -            | _        | 1            | Disabled                      |       |
|            |                     |                                  | 1  | -     | -     | -     | -  |              | -        | <u> </u>     | Enabled                       | -     |
| 5Ah        | SD CGMS/WSS 1       | SD CGMS/WSS Data                 | ļ.   |       | 13    | 12    | 11   | 10           | 9        | 8            | CGMS Data Bits                | 00h   |
| 31 Mi      | SE CGIVIS/ WSS 1    | SD GGING/ WSS Bata               |  |       | 13    | 1.2   | 1  | 10           | ľ        | Ö            | C13-C8 or WSS Data            | oon   |
|            |                     |                                  | 15   | 14    |       |       |  |              |          |              | Bits C13–C8<br>CGMS Data Bits | -     |
| 5Bh        | SD CGMS/WSS 2       | SD CGMS/WSS Data                 | 7  | 6     | 5     | 4     | 3  | 2            | 1        | 0            | C15–C14<br>CGMS/WSS Data Bits | 00h   |
| 5Ch        | SD LSB Register     | SD LSB for Y Scale Value         | <del>                                     </del> |       |       | -     |  |              | X        | X            | C7–C0<br>SD Y Scale Bits 1–0  |       |
|            |                     | SD LSB for U Scale Value         | $\vdash$   |       |       | _     | X  | X            | _        | 1            | SD U Scale Bits 1–0           | -     |
|            |                     | SD LSB for V Scale Value         | ├  |       | X     | X     |  |              | ├        |              | SD V Scale Bits 1–0           | -     |
|            |                     | SD LSB for F <sub>sc</sub> Phase | X  | X     |       |       |  |              | -        | <del> </del> | Subcarrier Phase Bits         | 4     |
| EDI:       | CD V Carla Davistan | SD Y Scale Value                 | X  | X     | X     | v     | X  | X            | X        | X            | 1-0<br>SD Y Scale Bits 7-2    | 00h   |
| 5Dh        | SD Y Scale Register |                                  |  |       |       | X     |  |              |          |              | SD V Scale Bits 7–2           |       |
| 5Eh        | SD V Scale Register | SD V Scale Value                 | X  | X     | X     | X     | X  | X            | X        | X            |                               | 00h   |
| 5Fh        | SD U Scale Register | SD U Scale Value                 | X  | X     | X     | X     | X  | X            | X        | X            | SD U Scale Bits 7–2           | 00h   |
| 60h        | SD Hue Register     | SD Hue Adjust Value              | X  | X     | X     | X     | X  | X            | X        | X            | SD Hue Adjust Bits<br>7–0     | 00h   |
| 61h        | SD Brightness/WSS   | SD Brightness Value              |  | X     | X     | X     | X  | X            | X        | X            | SD Brightness Bits 6-0        | 00h   |
|            |                     | SD Blank WSS Data*               | 0  |       |       |       |  |              |          |              | Disabled                      |       |
|            |                     |                                  | 1  |       |       |       |  |              |          |              | Enabled                       |       |
| 62h        | SD Luma SSAF        | SD Luma SSAF<br>Gain/Attenuation | 0  | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0  | 0            | 0        | 0            | -4 dB                         | 00h   |
|            |                     | Gain/Attenuation                 | 0  | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0  | 1            | 1        | 0            | 0 dB                          | -     |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1  | 1            | 0        | 0            | +4 dB                         | -     |
| 63h        | SD DNR 0            | Coring Gain Border               | <u> </u>   |       |       |       | 0  | 0            | 0        | 0            | No Gain                       | 00h   |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       | 0  | 0            | 0        | 1            | +1/16 (-1/8 in DNR            |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       | 0  | 0            | 1        | 0            | Mode)<br>+2/16 (-2/8 in DNR   |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       | _     | 0  | 0            | 1        | 1            | Mode)<br>+3/16 (-3/8 in DNR   |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       | _     | 0  | 1            | 0        | 0            | Mode)<br>+4/16 (-4/8 in DNR   |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       | 0  | ,            | 0        | Ů            | Mode)                         |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       | ľ  | 1            | Ĺ        | 1            | +5/16 (–5/8 in DNR<br>Mode)   |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       | 0  | 1            | 1        | 0            | +6/16 (-6/8 in DNR<br>Mode)   |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       | 0  | 1            | 1        | 1            | +7/16 (-7/8 in DNR<br>Mode)   |       |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       | 1  | 0            | 0        | 0            | +8/16 (-1 in DNR<br>Mode)     |       |
|            |                     | Coring Gain Data                 | 0  | 0     | 0     | 0     |  |              |          |              | No Gain                       |       |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 0     | 0     | 1     |  |              |          | t            | +1/16 (-1/8 in DNR            | 1     |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 0     | 1     | 0     |  |              | $\vdash$ |              | Mode)<br>+2/16 (-2/8 in DNR   | 1     |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 0     | 1     | 1     |  |              | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$     | Mode)<br>+3/16 (-3/8 in DNR   | 1     |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 1     | 0     | 0     |  | -            | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$     | Mode)<br>+4/16 (-4/8 in DNR   | -     |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 1     | 0     | 1     | <del>                                     </del> | <u> </u>     | _        | <b>├</b>     | Mode)<br>+5/16 (-5/8 in DNR   | -     |
|            |                     |                                  |  |       |       |       |  |              |          | <u> </u>     | Mode)                         | 1     |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 1     | 1     | 0     |  |              |          |              | +6/16 (-6/8 in DNR<br>Mode)   |       |
|            |                     |                                  | 0  | 1     | 1     | 1     |  | $L^{-}$      |          |              | +7/16 (-7/8 in DNR<br>Mode)   |       |
|            |                     |                                  | 1  | 0     | 0     | 0     |  |              |          |              | +8/16 (-1 in DNR<br>Mode)     | 1     |

### Table VIII. SD Registers (continued)

| Subaddress | Register             | Bit Description                 | Bit 7    | Bit 6    | Bit 5    | Bit 4    | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1    | Bit 0 | Register Setting                     | Reset    |
|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|----------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| 64h        | SD DNR 1             | DNR Threshold                   |          |          | 0        | 0        | 0     | 0     | 0        | 0     | 0                                    | 00h      |
|            |                      |                                 |          |          | 0        | 0        | 0     | 0     | 0        | 1     | 1                                    | 1        |
|            |                      |                                 |          |          | 1        | 1        | 1     | 1     | 1        | 0     | 62                                   | 1        |
|            |                      |                                 |          |          | 1        | 1        | 1     | 1     | 1        | 1     | 63                                   | 4        |
|            |                      | Border Area                     | ├        | 0        | <b> </b> | -        | -     |       | _        | -     | 2 Pixels                             | -        |
|            |                      | Border Tirea                    |          | 1        | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |       |       | <u> </u> |       | 4 Pixels                             | 1        |
|            |                      | DI 16: 0 1                      |          | 1        |          |          |       |       |          |       |                                      |          |
|            |                      | Block Size Control              | 0        |          |          |          |       |       |          |       | 8 Pixels                             | 1        |
|            |                      |                                 | 1        |          |          |          |       |       |          |       | 16 Pixels                            |          |
| 65h        | SD DNR 2             | DNR Input Select                |          |          |          |          |       | 0     | 0        | 1     | Filter A                             | 00h      |
|            |                      |                                 |          |          |          |          |       | 0     | 1        | 0     | Filter B                             |          |
|            |                      |                                 |          |          |          |          |       | 0     | 1        | 1     | Filter C                             | 1        |
|            |                      |                                 |          |          |          |          |       | 1     | 0        | 0     | Filter D                             | 1        |
|            |                      | DNR Mode                        |          |          |          |          | 0     |       |          |       | DNR Mode                             | -        |
|            |                      |                                 |          |          |          |          | 1     |       |          |       | DNR Sharpness Mode                   | 1        |
|            |                      | DNR Block Offset                | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        |       |       | $\vdash$ |       | 0 Pixel Offset                       | ┢        |
|            |                      |                                 | 0        | 0        | 0        | 1        |       |       |          |       | 1 Pixel Offset                       | -        |
|            |                      |                                 | 1        | 1        | 1        | 0        | -     |       | _        | -     | 14 Pixel Offset                      | 4        |
|            |                      |                                 | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        |       |       | <u> </u> |       | 15 Pixel Offset                      | 1        |
|            | lan a .              |                                 |          |          |          |          |       |       |          |       |                                      |          |
| 66h        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A0                                   | 00h      |
| 67h        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A1                                   | 00h      |
| 68h        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points | Х        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | Х        | X     | A2                                   | 00h      |
| 69h        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data           | х        | X        | X        | X        | X     | Х     | X        | X     | A3                                   | 00h      |
| 6Ah        | SD Gamma A           | Points SD Gamma Curve A Data    | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A4                                   | 00h      |
| 6Bh        | SD Gamma A           | Points<br>SD Gamma Curve A Data | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A5                                   | 00h      |
|            |                      | Points                          |          |          |          |          |       |       |          |       |                                      |          |
| 6Ch        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points | X        | X        | Х        | Х        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A6                                   | 00h      |
| 6Dh        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A7                                   | 00h      |
| 6Eh        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data<br>Points | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A8                                   | 00h      |
| 6Fh        | SD Gamma A           | SD Gamma Curve A Data           | Х        | X        | X        | Х        | X     | X     | X        | X     | A9                                   | 00h      |
| 70h        | SD Gamma B           | Points SD Gamma Curve B Data    | Х        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B0                                   | 00h      |
| 71h        | SD Gamma B           | Points SD Gamma Curve B Data    | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B1                                   | 00h      |
| 72h        | SD Gamma B           | Points<br>SD Gamma Curve B Data | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B2                                   | 00h      |
|            |                      | Points                          |          |          |          |          |       |       |          |       |                                      |          |
| 73h        | SD Gamma B           | SD Gamma Curve B Data<br>Points | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B3                                   | 00h      |
| 74h        | SD Gamma B           | SD Gamma Curve B Data<br>Points | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B4                                   | 00h      |
| 75h        | SD Gamma B           | SD Gamma Curve B Data           | Х        | X        | X        | Х        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B5                                   | 00h      |
| 76h        | SD Gamma B           | Points SD Gamma Curve B Data    | Х        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B6                                   | 00h      |
| 77h        | SD Gamma B           | Points<br>SD Gamma Curve B Data | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B7                                   | 00h      |
| 78h        | SD Gamma B           | Points<br>SD Gamma Curve B Data | X        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B8                                   | 00h      |
|            |                      | Points                          |          |          |          |          |       |       |          |       |                                      |          |
| 79h        | SD Gamma B           | SD Gamma Curve B Data<br>Points | Х        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | X        | X     | B9                                   | 00h      |
| 7Ah        | SD Brightness Detect | SD Brightness Value             | Х        | X        | X        | X        | X     | X     | Х        | X     | Read-Only                            |          |
| 7Bh        | Field Count Register | Field Count                     |          |          |          |          |       | X     | Х        | X     | Read-Only                            |          |
|            |                      | Reserved                        | T        |          |          |          | 0     |       |          |       | Zero must be written                 | T        |
|            |                      | Reserved                        | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$ | $\vdash$ | 0        | -     |       | $\vdash$ | -     | to this bit.  Zero must be written   | $\vdash$ |
|            |                      | Reserved                        | $\vdash$ |          | 0        | _        |       | _     | <u> </u> |       | to this bit.<br>Zero must be written | ├        |
|            |                      |                                 | 177      | 1,,      | <u> </u> |          |       |       | <u> </u> |       | to this bit.                         | Ь.       |
|            |                      | Reserved Code                   | X        | X        |          | 1        |       |       |          |       | Read-Only                            |          |

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Table VIII. SD Registers (continued)

| Subaddress | Register       | Bit Description | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Register Setting  | Reset |
|------------|----------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|-------|
| 7Ch        | Reset Register | Timing Reset    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | No reset of Timing<br>Generator in Subcarrier<br>Reset Mode. 44h, Bits<br>1 and 2 must be set to<br>Subcarrier Reset. | 00h   |
|            |                |                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Reset Timing<br>Generator in Subcarrier<br>Reset Mode   |       |
|            |                | Reserved        |       |       |       |       |       |       | 0     |       | Zero must be written to this bit.   |       |
|            |                | Reserved        |       |       |       |       |       | 0     |       |       | Zero must be written to<br>this bit.  |       |
|            |                | Reserved        |       |       |       |       | 0     |       |       |       | Zero must be written to this bit.   |       |
|            |                | Reserved        |       |       |       | 0     |       |       |       |       | Zero must be written to this bit.   |       |
|            |                | Reserved        |       |       | 0     |       |       |       |       |       | Zero must be written to this bit.   |       |
|            |                | Reserved        |       | 0     |       |       |       |       |       |       | Zero must be written to this bit.   |       |
|            |                | Reserved        | 0     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Zero must be written to this bit.   |       |

\*Line 23



Figure 19. Timing Register 1 in PAL Mode

Table IX. Macrovision Registers\*

| Subaddress | Register    | Bit Description | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Register Setting                    | Reset |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 7Dh        | Reserved    |                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                                     |       |
| 7Eh        | Reserved    |                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                                     | +     |
| 7Fh        | Reserved    |                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                                     | _     |
| 80h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 3a [7:0]                         | 00h   |
| 81h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 3b [15:8]                        | 00h   |
| 82h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | Х     | MV 3c [23:16]                       | 00h   |
| 83h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 3d [31:24]                       | 00h   |
| 84h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 3e [39:32]                       | 00h   |
| 85h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 3f [47:40]                       | 00h   |
| 86h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 40 [55:48]                       | 00h   |
| 87h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 41 [63:56]                       | 00h   |
| 88h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 42 [71:64]                       | 00h   |
| 89h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 43 [79:72]                       | 00h   |
| 8Ah        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 44 [87:80]                       | 00h   |
| 8Bh        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 45 [95:88]                       | 00h   |
| 8Ch        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 46 [103:96]                      | 00h   |
| 8Dh        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 47 [111:104]                     | 00h   |
| 8Eh        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 48 [119:112]                     | 00h   |
| 8Fh        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 49 [127:120]                     | 00h   |
| 90h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bits | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | X     | MV 4A [135:128]                     | 00h   |
| 91h        | Macrovision | MV Control Bit  | +     |       |       |       |       |       |       | X     | MV 4B [136]                         | 00h   |
|            |             |                 | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     |       | Zero must be written to these bits. |       |

<sup>\*</sup>Macrovision Registers are only available on the ADV7304A.

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## INPUT AND OUTPUT CONFIGURATION STANDARD DEFINITION ONLY

The 8- or 10-bit multiplexed input data is input on Pins S9–S0, with S0 being the LSB in 10-bit Input Mode. For 8-bit Input Mode, the data is input on Pins S9–S2. ITU-R.BT601/ITU-R.BT656 input standards are supported. In 16-bit Input Mode, the Y pixel data is input on Pins S9–S2 and CrCb data on Pins Y9–Y2. In 20-bit Input Mode, the Y pixel data is input on S9–S0 and CrCb pixel data on Pins Y9–Y0. The 27 MHz clock input must be input on Pin CLKIN\_A. Input sync signals are optional and are input on the  $\overline{S_{-}VSYNC}$ ,  $\overline{S_{-}HSYNC}$ , and  $\overline{S_{-}BLANK}$  pins.

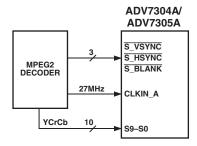


Figure 20. Standard Definition Only Input Mode

#### PROGRESSIVE SCAN ONLY OR HDTV ONLY

YCrCb Progressive Scan, HDTV, or any other HD YCrCb data can be input in 4:2:2 or 4:4:4 format. In 4:2:2 Input Mode, the Y data is input on Pins Y9–Y0 and the CrCb data on Pins C9–C0. In 4:4:4 Input Mode, Y data is input on Pins Y9–Y0, Cb data on Pins C9–C0, and Cr data on Pins S9–S0. If the YCrCb data does not conform to SMPTE293M (525 p), ITU-R.BT1358M (625 p), SMPTE274M (1080 i), SMPTE296M (720 p), or BTA-T1004, the Async Timing Mode must be used. RGB data can only be input in 4:4:4 format in PS Input Mode only, or HDTV Input Mode only, when HD RGB input is enabled. G data is input on Pins Y9–Y0, R data on S9–S0, and B data on Pins C9–C0. The clock signal must be input on Pin CLKIN\_A. Synchronization signals are optional and are input on Pins P\_VSYNC, P\_HSYNC, and P\_BLANK.

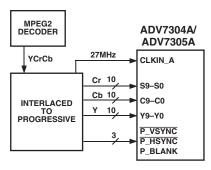


Figure 21. Progressive Scan Only Input Mode

# SIMULTANEOUS STANDARD DEFINITION AND PROGRESSIVE SCAN OR HDTV

YCrCb PS, HDTV, or any other HD data must be input in 4:2:2 format. In 4:2:2 Input Mode, the Y data is input on Pins Y9–Y0 and the CrCb data on C9–C0. If PS 4:2:2 data is interleaved onto a single 10-bit bus, Pins Y9–Y0 are used for the Input Port. The interleaved data is to be input at 27 MHz in setting the Input Mode

Register at Address 01h accordingly. If the YCrCb data does not conform to SMPTE293M (525 p), ITU-R.BT1358M (625 p), SMPTE274M (1080 i), SMPTE296M (720 p), or BTA-T1004, the Async Timing Mode must be used.

The 8- or 10-bit standard definition data must be compliant to ITU-R.BT601/ITU-R.BT656 in 4:2:2 format. Standard definition data is input on Pins S9–S0, with S0 being the LSB. Using 8-bit input format, the data is input on Pins S9–S2. The clock input for SD must be input on CLKIN\_A, and the clock input for HD must be input on CLKIN\_B. Synchronization signals are optional. SD syncs are input on Pins  $\overline{S_VSYNC}$ ,  $\overline{S_HSYNC}$ , and  $\overline{S_BLANK}$ ; the HD syncs on Pins  $\overline{P_VSYNC}$ ,  $\overline{P_HSYNC}$ , and  $\overline{P_BLANK}$ .

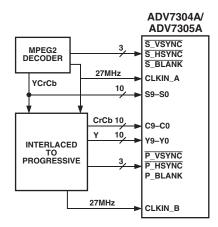


Figure 22. Simultaneous Progressive Scan and SD Input

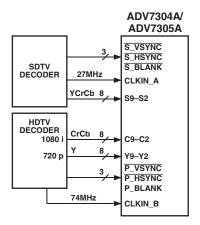


Figure 23. Simultaneous HDTV and SD Input

If in Simultaneous Input Mode the two clock phases differ by less than 9.25 ns or more than 27.75 ns, the Clock Align Bit must be set accordingly. This also applies if the Pixel Align Bit is set. If the application uses the same clock source for both SD and PS, the Clock Align Bit must be set since the phase difference between both inputs is less than 9.25 ns.



Figure 24. Clock Phase with Two Input Clocks

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#### PROGRESSIVE SCAN AT 27 MHz OR 54 MHz

YCrCb progressive scan data can be input at 27 MHz or 54 MHz. The input data is interleaved onto a single 10-bit bus and is input on Pins Y9–Y0. For PS Input Only Mode, the input clock must be input on CLKIN\_A. In Simultaneous SD/HD Mode, the input clock is input on CLKIN\_B.

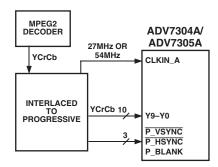


Figure 25.  $1 \times 10$ -Bit PS @ 27 MHz or 54 MHz

When the input sequence of the PS data, i.e., 10-bit interleaved at 27 MHz, starts with Y0 data, as shown in Figure 26, PIXEL ALIGN [Subaddress 01h] must be set to "0." In this case, the timing information embedded in the data stream is recognized and the video data is transferred to the according Y channel and CrCb channel processing blocks.

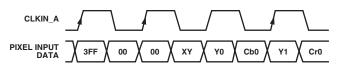


Figure 26. Input Sequence in PS 10-Bit Interleaved Mode, EAV/SAV Followed by Y0 Data

If the input sequence starts with Cb0 data as shown in Figure 27, initially PIXEL ALIGN [Subaddress 01h] must be set to "0." This ensures that the ADV7304A/ADV7305A locks to the input sequence in decoding the embedded timing information correctly. For correct color decoding, the Pixel Align Bit [Subaddress 01h] must then be set to "1" after a delay of one field. The ADV7304A/ADV7305A is now in Free Run Mode, any changes in the timing information are ignored.

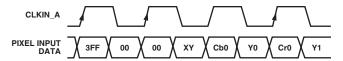


Figure 27. Input Sequence in PS 10-Bit Interleaved Mode, EAV/SAV Followed by Cb0 Data

PS 10-bit interleaved at 54 MHz must be input with separate timing signals. EAV/SAV codes cannot be used in this mode.

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Table X. Overview of All Possible Input Configurations

| Input Format                  | Total Bits        |       | Input Video | Input Pins          | Subaddress       | Register Setting        |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| ITU-R.BT656                   | 8                 | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | S9–S2 [MSB = S9]    | 01h, 48h         | 00h, 00h                |
|                               | 10                | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | S9–S0 [MSB = S9]    | 01h, 48h         | 00h, 10h                |
|                               | 16                | 4:2:2 | Y           | S9–S2 [MSB = S9]    | 01h, 48h         | 00h, 08h                |
|                               |                   |       | CrCb        | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 1                |                         |
|                               | 20                | 4:2:2 | Y           | S9–S0 [MSB = S9]    | 01h, 48h         | 00h, 18h                |
|                               |                   |       | CrCb        | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    |                  |                         |
| PS Only                       | 8 (27 MHz Clock)  | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 10h, 40h                |
|                               | 10 (27 MHz Clock) | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 10h, 44h                |
|                               | 8 (54 MHz Clock)  | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 70h, 40h                |
|                               | 10 (54 MHz Clock) | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 10h, 44h                |
|                               | 16                | 4:2:2 | Y           | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 10h, 40h                |
|                               |                   |       | CrCb        | C9–C2 [MSB = C9]    | 1                |                         |
|                               | 20                | 4:2:2 | Y           | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 10h, 44h                |
|                               |                   |       | CrCb        | C9-C0 [MSB = C9]    | 1                |                         |
|                               | 24                | 4:4:4 | Y           | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 10h, 00h                |
|                               |                   |       | Cb          | C9–C2 [MSB = C9]    | 1                |                         |
|                               |                   |       | Cr          | S9–S2 [MSB = S9]    | 1                |                         |
|                               | 30                | 4:4:4 | Y           | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 10h, 04h                |
|                               |                   |       | Cb          | C9-C0 [MSB= C9]     | 1                |                         |
|                               |                   |       | Cr          | S9–S0 [MSB = S9]    | 1                |                         |
| HDTV Only                     | 8                 | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 20h, 40h                |
|                               | 10                | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 20h, 44h                |
|                               | 16                | 4:2:2 | Y           | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 20h, 40h                |
|                               |                   |       | CrCb        | C9–Y2 [MSB = C9]    | 1                |                         |
|                               | 20                | 4:2:2 | Y           | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 20h, 44h                |
|                               |                   |       | CrCb        | C9-C0 [MSB = $C9$ ] |                  |                         |
|                               | 24                | 4:4:4 | Y           | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 20h, 00h                |
|                               |                   |       | Cb          | C9-Y2 [MSB = $C9$ ] |                  |                         |
|                               |                   |       | Cr          | S9–S2 [MSB = S9]    |                  |                         |
|                               | 30                | 4:4:4 | Y           | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h         | 20h, 04h                |
|                               |                   |       | Cb          | C9-C0 [MSB = $C9$ ] |                  |                         |
|                               |                   |       | Cr          | S9–S0 [MSB = S9]    |                  |                         |
| HD RGB                        | 24                | 4:4:4 | G           | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h,<br>15h | 10h or 20h,<br>00h, 02h |
|                               |                   |       | В           | C9–C2 [MSB = C9]    | 1 3              | 0011, 0211              |
|                               |                   |       | R           | S9–S2 [MSB = S9]    |                  |                         |
|                               | 30                | 4:4:4 | G           | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 01h, 13h,<br>15h | 10h or 20h,<br>04h, 02h |
|                               |                   |       | В           | C9-C0 [MSB = C9]    | ]                | 0 111, 0 211            |
|                               |                   |       | R           | S9–S0 [MSB = S9]    |                  |                         |
| ITU-R.BT656<br>and PS         | SD 8              |       | YCrCb       | S9–S2 [MSB = S9]    | 01h              | 40h                     |
| · · · · · ·                   | PS 8              | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 13h              | 40h                     |
|                               |                   |       |             |                     | 48h              | 00h                     |
|                               | SD 10             |       | YCrCb       | S9–S0 [MSB = S9]    | 01h              | 40h                     |
|                               | PS 10             | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | Y9–Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 13h              | 44h                     |
|                               |                   |       |             |                     | 48h              | 10h                     |
| ITU-R.BT656<br>and PS or HDTV | SD 8              | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | S9–S2 [MSB = S9]    | 01h              | 30h, 50h, or<br>60h     |
|                               | HD 16             | 4:2:2 | Y           | Y9–Y2 [MSB = Y9]    | 13h              | 40h                     |
|                               |                   |       | CrCb        | C9–C2 [MSB = C9]    | 48h              | 00h                     |
|                               | SD 10             | 4:2:2 | YCrCb       | S9–S0 [MSB = S9]    | 01h              | 30h, 50h, or            |
|                               |                   |       |             | i                   | ı                | 60h                     |
|                               | HD 20             | 4:2:2 | Y           | Y9-Y0 [MSB = Y9]    | 13h              | 44h                     |

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### **OUTPUT CONFIGURATION**

Tables XI-XIII demonstrate what output signals are assigned to the DACs when corresponding control bits are set.

Table XI. Output Configuration in SD Only Mode

| RGB/YUV O/P<br>Addr 02h, Bit 5 | SD DAC O/P 1<br>Addr 42h, Bit 2 | SD DAC O/P 2<br>Addr 42h, Bit 1 | DAC A | DAC B | DAC C  | DAC D | DAC E | DAC F  |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| 0                              | 0                               | 0                               | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma | G     | В     | R      |
| 0                              | 0                               | 1                               | G     | В     | R      | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma |
| 0                              | 1                               | 0                               | G     | Luma  | Chroma | CVBS  | В     | R      |
| 0                              | 1                               | 1                               | CVBS  | В     | R      | G     | Luma  | Chroma |
| 1                              | 0                               | 0                               | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma | Y     | U     | V      |
| 1                              | 0                               | 1                               | Y     | U     | V      | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma |
| 1                              | 1                               | 0                               | Y     | Luma  | Chroma | CVBS  | U     | V      |
| 1                              | 1                               | 1                               | CVBS  | U     | V      | Y     | Luma  | Chroma |

Table XII. Output Configuration in HD Only Mode

| HD I/P<br>Format | HD RGB I/P<br>Addr 15h, Bit 1 | RGB/YUV O/P<br>Addr 02h, Bit 5 | HD Color Swap<br>Addr 15h, Bit 3 | DAC A | DAC B | DAC C | DAC D | DAC E | DAC F |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| YCrCb 4:2:2      | N/A                           | 0                              | 0                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | В     | R     |
| YCrCb 4:2:2      | N/A                           | 0                              | 1                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | R     | В     |
| YCrCb 4:2:2      | N/A                           | 1                              | 0                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | Y     | Pb    | Pr    |
| YCrCb 4:2:2      | N/A                           | 1                              | 1                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | Y     | Pr    | Pb    |
| YCrCb 4:4:4      | N/A                           | 0                              | 0                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | В     | R     |
| YCrCb 4:4:4      | N/A                           | 0                              | 1                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | R     | В     |
| YCrCb 4:4:4      | N/A                           | 1                              | 0                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | Y     | Pb    | Pr    |
| YCrCb 4:4:4      | N/A                           | 1                              | 1                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | Y     | Pr    | Pb    |
| RGB 4:4:4        | 1                             | 0                              | 0                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | В     | R     |
| RGB 4:4:4        | 1                             | 0                              | 1                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | R     | В     |
| RGB 4:4:4        | 1                             | 1                              | 0                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | В     | R     |
| RGB 4:4:4        | 1                             | 1                              | 1                                | N/A   | N/A   | N/A   | G     | R     | В     |

Table XIII. Output Configuration in Simultaneous SD/HD Mode

| Input Formats                           | RGB/YUV O/P<br>Addr 02h, Bit 5 | HD Color Swap<br>Addr 15h, Bit 3 | DAC A | DAC B | DAC C  | DAC D | DAC E | DAC F |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| SD YCrCb in 4:2:2 and HD YCrCb in 4:2:2 | 0                              | 0                                | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma | G     | В     | R     |
| SD YCrCb in 4:2:2 and HD YCrCb in 4:2:2 | 0                              | 1                                | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma | G     | R     | В     |
| SD YCrCb in 4:2:2 and HD YCrCb in 4:2:2 | 1                              | 0                                | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma | Y     | Pb    | Pr    |
| SD YCrCb in 4:2:2 and HD YCrCb in 4:2:2 | 1                              | 1                                | CVBS  | Luma  | Chroma | Y     | Pr    | Pb    |

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# TIMING MODES HD Async Timing Mode [Subaddress 10h, Bits 3-2]

For any input data that does not conform to SMPTE293M, SMPTE274M, SMPTE296M, or ITU-R.BT1358 standards, an Asynchronous Timing Mode can be used to interface to the ADV7304A/ADV7305A. Timing control signals for HSYNC, VSYNC, and BLANK have to be programmed by the user. Macrovision is not available in Async Timing Mode.

Figure 28 shows an example of how to program the ADV7304A/ADV7305A to accept a different high definition standard other than SMPTE293M, SMPTE274M, SMPTE296M, or ITU-R.BT1358 standards.

Table XIV must be followed when programming the control signals in Async Timing Mode.

#### **HD Timing Reset**

A timing reset is achieved in setting the HD Timing Reset Control Bit at Address 14h from "0" to "1." In this state, the horizontal and vertical counters will remain reset. On setting this bit back to "0," the internal counters will again commence counting. The minimum time the pin has to be held high is one clock cycle; otherwise, this reset signal might not be recognized. This timing reset applies to the HD timing counters only.

#### **SD** Timing

# Realtime Control, Subcarrier Reset, Timing Reset [Subaddress 44h, Bits 2-1]

Together with the RTC\_SCR\_TR pin and SD Mode Register 3 [Address 44h, Bits 1–2], the ADV7304A/ADV7305A can be used in Timing Reset Mode, Subcarrier Phase Reset Mode, or RTC Mode.

- a. A timing reset is achieved in a low-to-high transition on the RTC\_SCR\_TR pin (Pin 31). In this state, the horizontal and vertical counters will remain reset. On releasing this pin (set to low), the internal counters will again commence counting. The minimum time the pin has to be held high is one clock cycle; otherwise, this reset signal might not be recognized. This timing reset applies to the SD timing counters only.
- b. Subcarrier phase reset, a low-to-high transition on the RTC\_SCR\_TR pin (Pin 31), will reset the subcarrier phase to zero when the SD RTC/TR/SCR control bits at Address 44h are set to "01." This reset signal will have to be held high for a minimum of one clock cycle. Since the Field Counter is not reset, it is recommended to apply the reset in Field 7 (PAL). The reset of the phase will then occur on the next field by being correctly lined up with the internal counters. The Field Count Register at Address 7Bh can be used to identify the number of the active field.
- c. In RTC Mode, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A can be used to lock to an external video source. The Realtime Control Mode allows the ADV7304A/ADV7305A to automatically alter the subcarrier frequency to compensate for line length variations. When the part is connected to a device that outputs a digital data stream in the RTC format (such as a ADV7185 video decoder, see Figure 29), the part will automatically change to the compensated subcarrier frequency on a line-by-line basis. This digital data stream is 67 bits wide and the subcarrier is contained in Bits 0 to 21. Each bit is two clock cycles long. 00h should be written into all four Subcarrier Frequency Registers when using this mode.

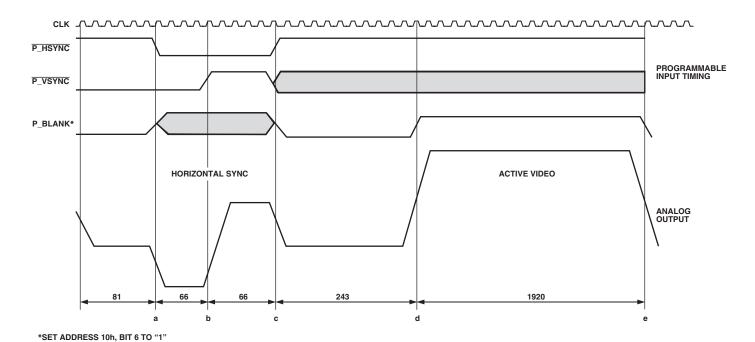


Figure 28. Async Timing Mode, Programming Input Control Signals for SMPTE295M Compatibility

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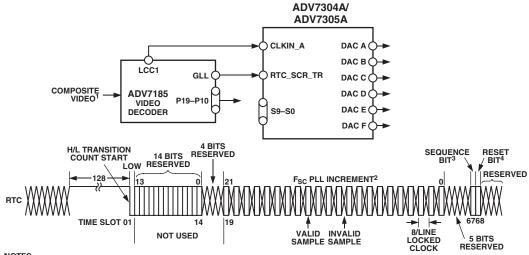
Table XIV. Truth Table

| P_HSYNC           | P_VSYNC <sup>1</sup> | P_BLANK <sup>1</sup> |   | Reference <sup>2</sup> |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------|
| $1 \rightarrow 0$ | 0                    | 0 or 1               | 50% point of falling edge of tri-level horizontal sync signal | a                      |
| 0                 | $0 \rightarrow 1$    | 0 or 1               | 25% point of rising edge of tri-level horizontal sync signal  | ь                      |
| $0 \rightarrow 1$ | 0 or 1               | 0                    | 50% point of falling edge of tri-level horizontal sync signal | С                      |
| 1                 | 0 or 1               | $0 \rightarrow 1$    | 50% start of active video                                     | d                      |
| 1                 | 0 or 1               | $1 \rightarrow 0$    | 50% end of active video                                       | e                      |

#### NOTES

For standards that do not require a tri-sync level, P\_BLANK must be tied low at all times.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See Figure 28.



NOTES

1i.e., VCR OR CABLE

Figure 29. RTC Timing and Connections

# SD VCR FF/RW Sync [Subaddress 42h, Bit 5]

In DVD record applications where the encoder is used with a decoder, the VCR FF/RW Sync Control Bit can be used for nonstandard input video, i.e., in Fast Forward or Rewind Modes. In Fast Forward Mode, the sync information for the start of a new field in the incoming video usually occurs before the total number of lines/fields are reached; in Rewind Mode, this sync signal occurs usually after the total number of lines/fields are reached. Conventionally, this means that the output video will have an erroneous start of new field signals, one generated by the incoming video and one when the internal lines/field counters reach the end of a field. When VCR FF/RW sync control is

enabled [Subaddress 42h, Bit 5], the lines/field counters are updated according to the incoming VSYNC signal, and the analog output matches the incoming VSYNC signal.

This control is available in all slave timing modes except Slave Mode 0.

#### RESET SEQUENCE

A reset is activated with a high-to-low transition on the RESET pin (Pin 33) according to the timing specifications. The ADV7304A/ADV7305A will revert to the default output configuration. Figure 30 illustrates the RESET sequence timing.

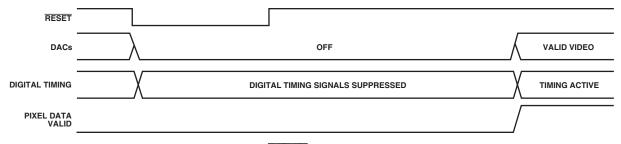


Figure 30. RESET Timing Sequence

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When Async Timing Mode is enabled, P\_BLANK, Pin 25 becomes an active high input. P\_BLANK is set to active low at Address 10h, Bit 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>F<sub>SC</sub> PLL INCREMENT IS 22 BITS LONG. VALUED LOADED INTO ADV7304A/ADV7305A F<sub>SC</sub> DDS REGISTER IS F<sub>SC</sub> PLL INCREMENTS BITS 21:0 PLUS BITS 0:9 OF SUBCARRIER FREQUENCY REGISTERS. ALL ZEROS SHOULD BE WRITTEN TO THE SUBCARRIER FREQUENCY REGISTERS OF THE ADV7304A/ADV7305A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>PAL: 0 = LINE NORMAL, 1 = LINE INVERTED; NTSC: 0 = NO CHANGE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>RESET ADV7304A/ADV7305A DDS

#### VERTICAL BLANKING INTERVAL

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A accepts input data that contains VBI data (CGMS, WSS, VITS, and so on) in SD and HD Modes.

For SMPTE293M (525 p) standards, VBI data can be inserted on Lines 13 to 42 of each frame, or Lines 6 to 43 for ITU-R.BT1358 (625 p) standard.

For SD NTSC, this data can be present on Lines 10 to 20; in PAL, on Lines 7 to 22.

If VBI is disabled [Address 11h, Bit 4 for HD; Address 43h, Bit 4 for SD], VBI data is not present at the output and the entire VBI is blanked. These control bits are valid in all master and slave modes.

In Slave Mode 0, if VBI is enabled, the Blanking Bit in the EAV/SAV code is overwritten and it is possible to use VBI in this timing mode as well.

In Slave Mode 1 or 2, the BLANK Control Bit must be set to enabled [Address 4Ah, Bit 3] to allow VBI data to pass through the ADV7304A/ADV7305A. Otherwise, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A automatically blanks the VBI to standard.

If CGMS is enabled and VBI disabled, the CGMS data will nevertheless be available at the output.

# SD SUBCARRIER FREQUENCY REGISTERS [Subaddress 4Ch-4Fh]

Four 8-bit wide registers are used to set up the subcarrier frequency. The value of these registers is calculated in using the equation:

Subcarrier Frequency Register =

 $\frac{\text{\# of Subcarrier Frequency Cycles in One Video Line}}{\text{\# of 27 MHz Clock Cycles in One Video Line}} \times 2^{32}$ 

Example:

NTSC Mode

Subcarrier Frequency = 
$$\frac{227.5}{1716} \times 2^{32} = 569408542 *$$

Subcarrier Register Value = 21F07C1Eh

SD F<sub>SC</sub> Register 0: 1Eh SD F<sub>SC</sub> Register 1: 7Ch SD F<sub>SC</sub> Register 2: F0h SD F<sub>SC</sub> Register 3: 21h

Refer to the MPU Port Description Section for more detail on how to access the Subcarrier Frequency Registers.

#### SUBCARRIER PHASE REGISTER

[Subaddress 50h, 5Ch, Bits 7, 6]

Ten bits are used to set up the subcarrier phase. Each bit represents 0.352°. For normal operation, this register is set to 00h.

#### **FILTERS**

Table XV shows an overview of the programmable filters available on the ADV7304A/ADV7305A.

Table XV. Selectable Filters

| Filter             | Subaddress |
|--------------------|------------|
| SD Luma LPF NTSC   | 40h        |
| SD Luma LPF PAL    | 40h        |
| SD Luma Notch NTSC | 40h        |
| SD Luma Notch PAL  | 40h        |
| SD Luma SSAF       | 40h        |
| SD Luma CIF        | 40h        |
| SD Luma QCIF       | 40h        |
| SD Chroma 0.65 MHz | 40h        |
| SD Chroma 1.0 MHz  | 40h        |
| SD Chroma 1.3 MHz  | 40h        |
| SD Chroma 2.0 MHz  | 40h        |
| SD Chroma 3.0 MHz  | 40h        |
| SD Chroma CIF      | 40h        |
| SD Chroma QCIF     | 40h        |
| SD UV SSAF         | 42h        |
| HD Chroma Input    | 13h        |
| HD Sync Filter     | 13h        |
| HD Chroma SSAF     | 13h        |

### **HD Sync Filter**

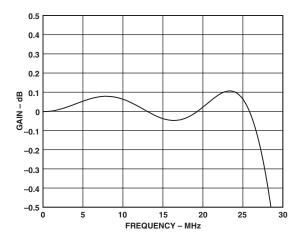


Figure 31. HD Sync Filter Enabled

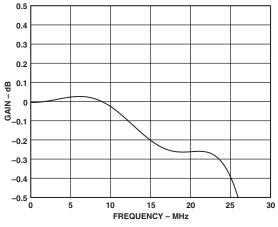


Figure 32. HD Sync Filter Disabled

<sup>\*</sup>Rounded to the nearest integer

HD 4:2:2 to 4:4:4 Interpolation Filters and Chroma SSAF It is recommended to input data in 4:2:2 Input Mode to make use of the HD chroma SSAFs on the ADV7304A/ADV7305A. This filter has a 0 dB pass-band response and prevents signal components from being folded back into the frequency band. In 4:4:4 Input Mode, the video data is already interpolated by the external input device and the chroma SSAFs of the ADV7304A/ADV7305A are bypassed.

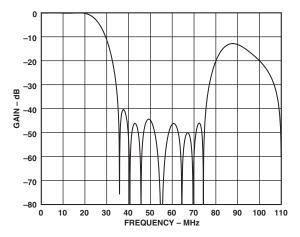


Figure 33. Y - PS 4× Oversampling Filter

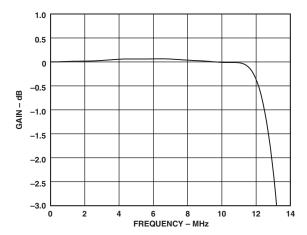


Figure 34. Y – PS  $4\times$  Oversampling Filter in the Pass Band

The chroma SSAF is controlled with Address 13h, Bit 5. When the HD input format is 4:2:2, the HD Chroma Input Bit [Address 13h, Bit 6] must be set to "1."

### $2 \times /4 \times /8 \times$ Oversampling Filters

The oversampling filters are enabled in setting the PLL ON control [Subaddress 00h, Bit 1] to "1." If enabled, PS and ITU-R.BT656 data is output at a rate of 108 MHz, HDTV at a rate of 148 MHz.

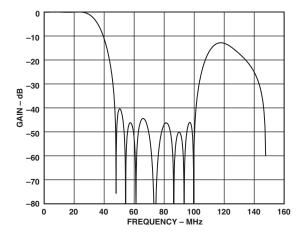


Figure 35. Y - HDTV 2× Oversampling Filter

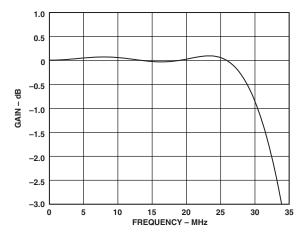


Figure 36. Y – HDTV  $2\times$  Oversampling Filter in the Pass Band

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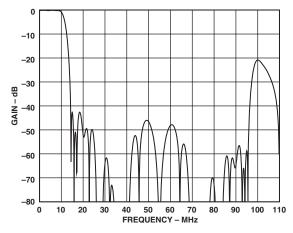


Figure 37.  $UV - HDTV 2 \times Oversampling Filter$ 

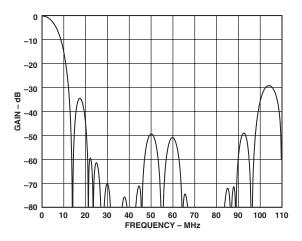


Figure 38.  $UV - PS \ 4 \times Oversampling \ Filter, \ Linear$ 

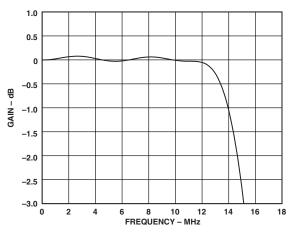


Figure 39. UV-HDTV  $2\times Oversampling$  Filter, Pass Band

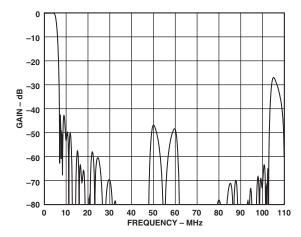


Figure 40. UV - PS 4× Oversampling Filter, SSAF

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# SD Internal Filter Response [Subaddress 42h, Bit 0]

The Y filter supports several different frequency responses including two low-pass responses, two notch responses, an extended (SSAF) response with or without gain boost/attenuation, a CIF response, and a QCIF response. The UV filter supports several different frequency responses, including six low-pass responses, a CIF response, and a QCIF response, as can be seen in Figures 41–59.

If SD SSAF gain is enabled, there is the option of 12 responses in the range from -4 dB to +4 dB. The desired response can be chosen by the user by programming the correct value via the  $I^2C$ . The variation of frequency responses can be seen in Figures 41–59.

In addition to the chroma filters listed above, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A contains an SSAF filter specifically designed for and applicable to the color difference component outputs U and V. This filter has a cutoff frequency of approximately 2.7 MHz and –40 dB at 3.8 MHz, as shown in Figure 41. This filter can be controlled via Address 42h, Bit 0. If this filter is disabled, the selectable chroma filters shown in Table XVI can be used for the CVBS or chroma signal.

Table XVI. Internal Filter Specifications

| Pass-Band<br>Ripple <sup>1</sup> (dB) | 3 dB<br>Bandwidth <sup>2</sup> (MHz)   |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 0.16                                  | 4.24   |  |  |  |
| 0.1                                   | 4.81   |  |  |  |
| 0.09                                  | 2.3/4.9/6.6  |  |  |  |
| 0.1                                   | 3.1/5.6/6.4  |  |  |  |
| 0.04                                  | 6.45   |  |  |  |
| 0.127                                 | 3.02   |  |  |  |
| Monotonic                             | 1.5  |  |  |  |
| Monotonic                             | 0.65   |  |  |  |
| Monotonic                             | 1  |  |  |  |
| 0.09                                  | 1.395  |  |  |  |
| 0.048                                 | 2.2  |  |  |  |
| Monotonic                             | 3.2  |  |  |  |
| Monotonic                             | 0.65   |  |  |  |
| Monotonic                             | 0.5  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Ripple <sup>1</sup> (dB)  0.16 0.1 0.09 0.1 0.04 0.127 Monotonic Monotonic Monotonic Monotonic Monotonic Monotonic Monotonic |  |  |  |

#### NOTES

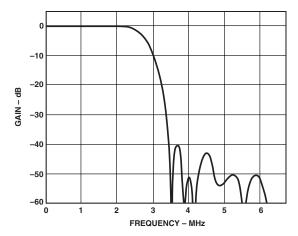


Figure 41. UV SSAF Filter

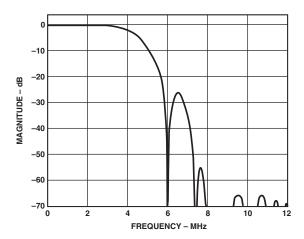


Figure 42. Luma NTSC Low-Pass Filter

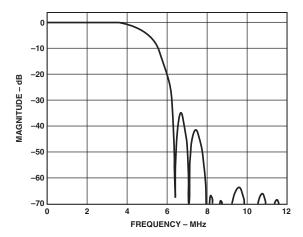


Figure 43. Luma PAL Low-Pass Filter

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pass-band ripple is the maximum fluctuations from the 0 dB response in the pass band, measured in dB. The pass band is defined to have 0 Hz to fc (Hz) frequency limits for a low-pass filter, 0 Hz to f1 (Hz) and f2 (Hz) to infinity for a notch filter, where fc, f1, f2 are the –3 dB points.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>+3 dB bandwidth refers to the -3 dB cutoff frequency.

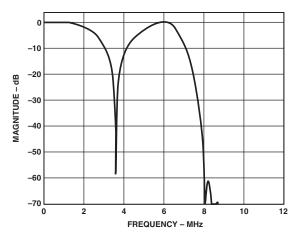


Figure 44. Luma NTSC Notch Filter

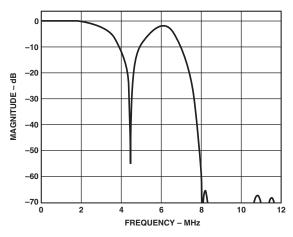


Figure 45. Luma PAL Notch Filter

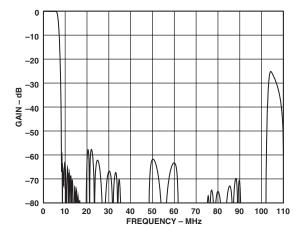


Figure 46. Luma SSAF Filter up to 108 MHz

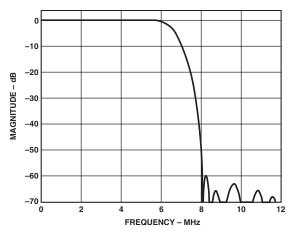


Figure 47. Luma SSAF Filter up to 12 MHz

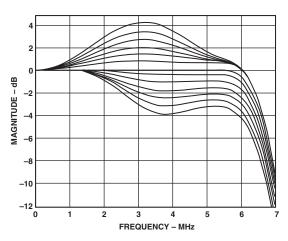


Figure 48. Luma SSAF Filter, Programmable Responses

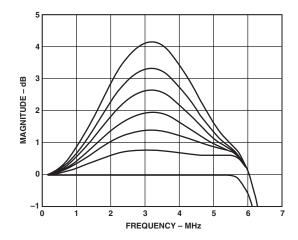


Figure 49. Luma SSAF Filter, Programmable Gain

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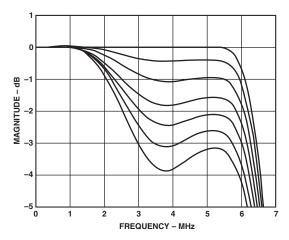


Figure 50. Luma SSAF Filter, Programmable Attenuation

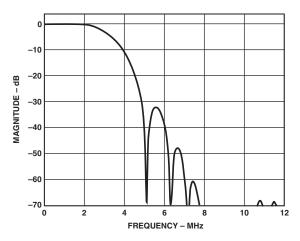


Figure 51. Luma CIF LP Filter

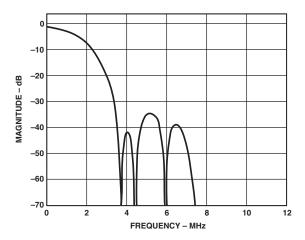


Figure 52. Luma QCIF LP Filter

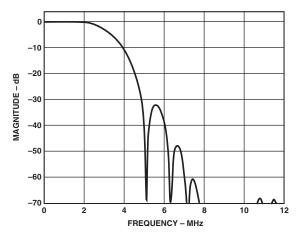


Figure 53. Chroma 3.0 MHz LP Filter

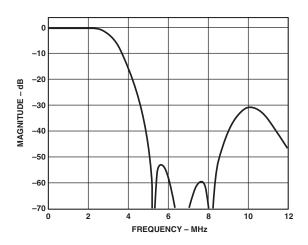


Figure 54. Chroma 2.0 MHz LP Filter

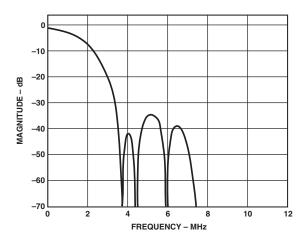


Figure 55. Chroma 1.3 MHz LP Filter

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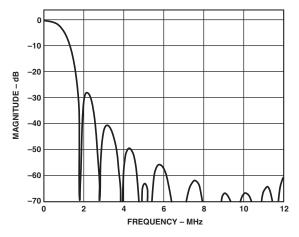


Figure 56. Chroma 1.0 MHz LP Filter

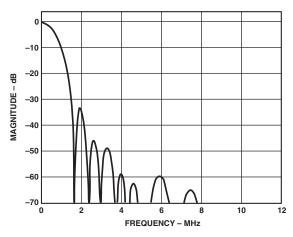


Figure 57. Chroma 0.65 MHz LP Filter

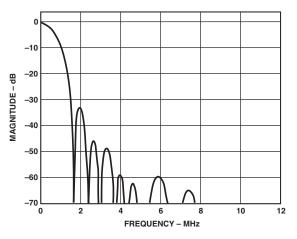


Figure 58. Chroma CIF LP Filter

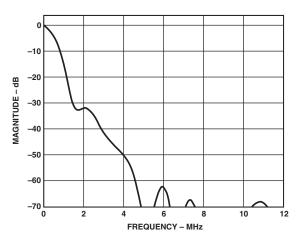


Figure 59. Chroma QCIF LP Filter

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#### COLOR CONTROLS AND RGB MATRIX HD Y Color, HD Cr Color, HD Cb Color [Subaddresses 16h-18h]

Three 8-bit wide registers at Addresses 16h, 17h, and 18h are used to program the output color of the internal HD test pattern generator, be it the lines of the crosshatch pattern or the uniform field test pattern. They are not functional as color controls on external pixel data input. For this purpose, the RGB matrix is used.

The standard used for the values for Y and the color difference signals to obtain white, black, and the saturated primary and complementary colors conforms to the ITU-R.BT601–ITU-R.BT604 standards. Table XVII shows sample color values to be programmed into the color registers when Output Standard Selection is set to EIA 770.2.

Table XVII. Sample Color Values for EIA 770.2 Output Standard Selection

| Sample<br>Color | Color Y<br>Value | Color Cr<br>Value | Color Cb<br>Value |
|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| White           | 235 (EB)         | 128 (80)          | 128 (80)          |
| Black           | 16 (10)          | 128 (80)          | 128 (80)          |
| Red             | 81 (51)          | 240 (F0)          | 90 (5A)           |
| Green           | 145 (91)         | 34 (22)           | 54 (36)           |
| Blue            | 41 (29)          | 110 (6E)          | 240 (F0)          |
| Yellow          | 210 (D2)         | 146 (92)          | 16 (10)           |
| Cyan            | 170 (AA)         | 16 (10)           | 166 (A6)          |
| Magenta         | 106 (6A)         | 222 (DE)          | 202 (CA)          |

#### **HD RGB Matrix**

#### [Subaddresses 03h-09h]

When the programmable RGB matrix is disabled [Address 02h, Bit 3], the internal RGB matrix takes care of all YCrCb to YUV or RGB scaling according to the input standard programmed into the device.

When the programmable RGB matrix is enabled, the color components are converted according to the SMPTE274M standard (1080 i):

$$Y' = (0.2126 \times R') + (0.7152 \times G') + (0.0722 \times R')$$

$$Cb' = \frac{0.5}{1 - 0.0722} \times (B' - Y')$$

$$Cr' = \frac{0.5}{1 - 0.2126} \times (R' - Y')$$

This is reflected in the preprogrammed values for GY = 13Bh, RV = 1F0h, BU = 248h, GV = 93h, and GU = 3Bh.

If another input standard is used, the scale values for GY, GU, GV, BU, and RV have to be adjusted according to this input standard. It must be considered by the user that the color component conversion might use different scale values. For example, SMPTE293M uses the following conversion:

$$Y' = (0.299 \times R') + (0.587 \times G') + (0.114 \times B')$$

$$Cb' = \frac{0.5}{1 - 0.114} \times (B' - Y')$$

$$Cr' = \frac{0.5}{1 - 0.299} \times (R' - Y')$$

The programmable RGB matrix can be used to control the HD output levels in cases where the video output does not conform to

standards due to altering the DAC output stages, such as termination resistors. The programmable RGB matrix is used for external HD data and is not functional when the HD test pattern is enabled.

To make use of the programmable RGB matrix, the YCrCb data should contain the HSYNC signal on the Y channel only. The RGB matrix should be enabled [Address 02h, Bit 3], the output should be set to RGB [Address 02h, Bit 3], Sync on PrPb should be disabled [Address 15h, Bit 2], and Sync on RGB is optional [Address 02h, Bit 4].

GY at Addresses 03h and 05h control the output levels on the green signal, BU at 04h and 08h the blue signal output levels, and RV at 04h and 09h the red output levels. To control YPrPb output levels, YUV output should be enabled [Address 02h, Bit 5]. In this case, GY [Address 05h; Address 03, Bits 0–1] is used for the Y output, RV [Address 09; Address 04, Bits 0–1] is used for the Pr output, and BU [Address 08h; Address 04h, Bits 2–3] is used for the Pb output.

If RGB output is selected, the RGB matrix scaler uses the following equations:

$$R = GY \times Y + RV \times Cr$$

$$G = GY \times Y - GU \times Cb - GV \times Cr$$

$$B = GY \times Y + BU \times Cb$$

If YUV output is selected, the following equations are used:

$$R = RV \times Cr$$
$$G = GY \times Y$$
$$B = BU \times Cb$$

On power-up, the RGB matrix is programmed with default values:

Address 03h: 03h Address 04h: F0h Address 05h: 4Eh Address 06h: 0Eh Address 07h: 24h Address 08h: 92h Address 09h: 7Ch

When the programmable RGB matrix is not functional, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A automatically scales YCrCb inputs to all standards supported. For SMPTE293M, the register values are as follows:

Address 03h: 03h Address 04h: 1Eh Address 05h: 4Eh Address 06h: 1Bh Address 07h: 38h Address 08h: 8Bh Address 09h: 6Eh

Address 15h, Bit 3 must be set to "1" in this mode.

#### **SD** Color Control

#### [Subaddresses 5Ch, 5Dh, 5Eh, and 5Fh]

SD Y SCALE, SD Cr SCALE, and SD Cb SCALE are three 10-bit wide control registers to scale the Y, U, and V output levels.

Each of these registers represents the value required to scale the U or V level from 0 to 2.0 and the Y level from 0 to 1.5 of its initial level. The value of these 10 bits is calculated using the equation:

$$Y$$
,  $U$ , or  $V$  Scalar  $V$ alue = Scale  $F$ actor  $\times$  512

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Example:

 $Scale\ Factor = 1.18$ 

Y, U, or V Scale Value =  $1.18 \times 512 = 665.6$ Y, U, or V Scale Value = 665 (rounded to nearest integer) Y, U, or V Scale Value =  $1010011001_b$ 

Address 5Ch, SD LSB Register = 15h Address 5Dh, SD Y Scale Register = A6h Address 5Eh, SD V Scale Register = A6h Address 5Fh, SD U Scale Register = A6h

# SD Hue Adjust Value [Subaddress 60h]

The Hue Adjust Value is used to adjust the hue on the composite and chroma outputs.

These eight bits represent the value required to vary the hue of the video data, i.e., the variance in phase of the subcarrier during active video with respect to the phase of the subcarrier during the color burst. The ADV7304A/ADV7305A provides a range of  $\pm 22.5^{\circ}$  in increments of 0.17578125°. For normal operation (zero adjustment), this register is set to 80h. FFh and 00h represent the attainable upper and lower limit (respectively) of adjustment.

For a positive hue adjust value:

$$0.17578125^{\circ} \times (HCR - 128)$$

Example:

To adjust the hue by  $+4^{\circ}$ , write 97h to the Hue Adjust Value Register:

$$\frac{+4}{0.17578125} + 128 = 151 = 97h$$

where 151 is rounded to the nearest integer. To adjust the hue by  $-4^{\circ}$ , write 69h to the Hue Adjust Value Register:

$$\frac{-4}{0.17578125} + 128 = 105 = 69h$$

where 105 is rounded to the nearest integer.

# SD Brightness Control [Subaddress 61h]

The brightness is controlled by adding a programmable setup level onto the scaled Y data. This brightness level may be added

onto the scaled Y data. For NTSC with pedestal, the setup can vary from 0 IRE to 22.5 IRE. For NTSC without pedestal and for PAL, the setup can vary from -7.5 IRE to +15 IRE.

The Brightness Control Register is an 8-bit wide register. Seven bits are used to control the brightness level. This brightness level can be a positive or negative value.

#### Example:

Standard: NTSC with pedestal. To add +20 IRE brightness level, write 28h to Address 61h, SD Brightness:

SD Brightness Value (hex) = (IRE Value 
$$\times$$
 2.015631)

$$28h = (20 \times 2.015631) = 40.31262$$

Standard: PAL. To add -7 IRE brightness level, write 72h to Address 61h, SD Brightness:

SD Brightness Value (hex) = (IRE Value 
$$\times$$
 2.015631)

$$0001110_b = (7 \times 2.015631) = 14.109417$$

0001110 in twos complement equals 1110010, or 72h.

#### **SD** Brightness Detect

#### [Subaddress 7Ah]

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A allows monitoring of the brightness level of the incoming video data. The Brightness Detect Register is a read-only register.

#### **Double Buffering**

#### [Subaddress 13h, Bit 7; Subaddress 48h, Bit 2]

Double buffered registers are updated once per field on the falling edge of the VSYNC signal. Double buffering improves the overall performance since modifications to register settings will not be made during active video but take effect on the start of the active video.

Double buffering can be activated on the following HD Registers: HD Gamma A and Gamma B curves, and HD CGMS Registers. Double buffering can be activated on the following SD Registers: SD Gamma A and Gamma B Curves, SD Y Scale, SD U Scale, SD V Scale, SD Brightness, SD Closed Captioning, and SD Macrovision Bits 5–0.

Table XVIII. Brightness Control Values

| Setup Level—<br>NTSC w/Pedestal (IRE) | Setup Level—<br>NTSC w/o Pedestal (IRE) | Setup Level—<br>PAL (IRE) | SD Brightness<br>Value |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 22.5                                  | +15                                     | +15                       | 1Eh                    |
| 15                                    | +7.5                                    | +7.5                      | 0Fh                    |
| 7.5                                   | 0                                       | 0                         | 00h                    |
| 0                                     | -7.5                                    | -7.5                      | 71h                    |

Values in the range from 3Fh to 44h might result in an invalid output signal.

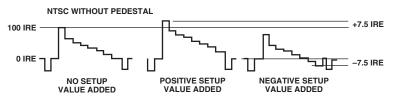


Figure 60. Examples for Brightness Control Values

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Gamma Correction [Subaddresses 21h-37h for HD; Subaddresses 66h-79h for SD]

Gamma correction is available for SD and HD video. For each standard there are 20 8-bit wide registers. They are used to program the Gamma Correction Curves A and B. HD Gamma Curve A is programmed at Addresses 24h–2Dh and HD Gamma Curve B at 2Eh–37h. SD Gamma Curve A is programmed at Addresses 66h–6Fh, and SD Gamma Curve B at Addresses 70h–79h.

Generally, gamma correction is applied to compensate for the nonlinear relationship between signal input and brightness level output (as perceived on the CRT). It can also be applied wherever nonlinear processing is used.

Gamma correction uses the function:

$$Signal_{OUT} = (Signal_{IN})^{\gamma}$$

where  $\gamma$  equals the gamma power factor.

Gamma correction is performed on the luma data only. The user has the choice to use two different curves, Curve A or Curve B. At any one time only one of these curves can be used. The response of the curve is programmed at 10 predefined locations. In changing the values at these locations, the gamma curve can be modified. Between these points, linear interpolation is used to generate intermediate values. Considering the curve to have a total length of 256 points, the 10 locations are: 24, 32, 48, 64, 80, 96, 128, 160, 192, and 224. Locations 0, 16, 240, and 255 are fixed and cannot be changed.

For the length of 16 to 240, the gamma correction curve must be calculated as:

$$y = x^{\gamma}$$

where y = gamma corrected output, x = linear input signal, and y = the gamma power factor.

To program the gamma correction registers, the values for y must be calculated using the formula:

$$y_n = \left(\frac{x_{(n-16)}}{240 - 16}\right)^{\gamma} \times (240 - 16) + 16$$

where  $x_{(n-16)}$  = the value for x along the x-axis at points n = 24, 32, 48, 64, 80, 96, 128, 160, 192, or 224;  $y_n$  = the value for y along the y-axis, which has to be written into the Gamma Correction Register.

Example:

$$y_{24} = \left(\frac{8}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 58 *$$

$$y_{32} = \left(\frac{16}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 76 *$$

$$y_{48} = \left(\frac{32}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 101 *$$

$$y_{64} = \left(\frac{48}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 120 *$$

$$y_{80} = \left(\frac{64}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 136 *$$

$$y_{96} = \left(\frac{80}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 150 *$$

$$y_{128} = \left(\frac{112}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 174 *$$

$$y_{160} = \left(\frac{144}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 195 *$$

$$y_{192} = \left(\frac{176}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 214 *$$

$$y_{224} = \left(\frac{208}{224}\right)^{0.5} \times 224 + 16 = 232 *$$

The gamma curves shown in Figures 61 and 62 are examples. Any user defined curve is acceptable in the range of 16–240.

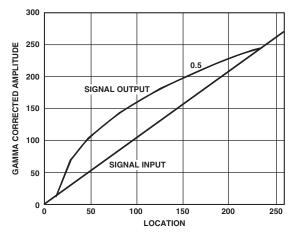


Figure 61. Signal Input (Ramp) and Signal Output for Gamma 0.5

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<sup>\*</sup>Rounded to the nearest integer

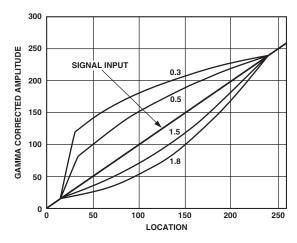


Figure 62. Signal Input (Ramp) and Selectable Gamma Output

# HD SHARPNESS FILTER CONTROL AND ADAPTIVE FILTER CONTROL

#### [Subaddresses 20h and 38h-3Dh]

There are three filter modes available on the ADV7304A/ADV7305A: Sharpness Filter Mode and two adaptive filter modes.

#### **HD Sharpness Filter Mode**

To enhance or attenuate the Y signal in the frequency ranges shown in Figure 63, the following register settings must be used: HD Sharpness Filter must be enabled and HD Adaptive Filter Enable must be set to disabled.

To select one of the 256 individual responses, the corresponding gain values for each filter, which range from –8 to +7, must be programmed into the HD Sharpness Filter Gain Register at Address 20h.

#### **HD** Adaptive Filter Mode

The HD Adaptive Filter Threshold A, B, and C Registers, the HD Adaptive Filter Gain 1, 2, and 3 Registers, and the HD Sharpness Filter Gain Register are used in Adaptive Filter Mode. To activate the adaptive filter control, the HD Sharpness Filter and HD Adaptive Filter Enable must be enabled.

The derivative of the incoming signal is compared to the three programmable threshold values: HD Adaptive Filter Threshold A, B, and C. The recommended threshold range is from 16–235, although any value in the range of 0–255 can be used.

The edges can then be attenuated with the settings in HD Adaptive Filter Gain 1, 2, and 3 Registers and HD Sharpness Filter Gain Register.

According to the settings of the HD Adaptive Filter Mode control, there are two adaptive filter modes available:

- 1. Mode A is used when Adaptive Filter Mode is set to "0." In this case, Filter B (LPF) will be used in the adaptive filter block. Also, only the programmed values for Gain B in the HD Sharpness Filter Gain, HD Adaptive Filter Gain 1, 2, and 3 are applied when needed. The Gain A values are fixed and cannot be changed.
- 2. Mode B is used when Adaptive Filter Mode is set to "1." In this mode, a cascade of Filter A and Filter B is used. Both settings for Gain A and Gain B in the HD Sharpness Filter Gain, HD Adaptive Filter Gain 1, 2, and 3 become active when needed.

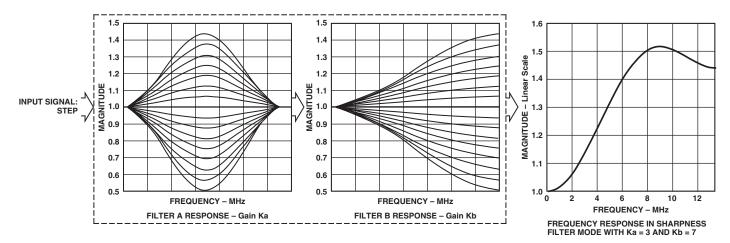
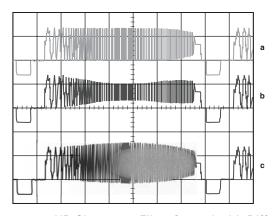


Figure 63. Sharpness and Adaptive Filter Control Block

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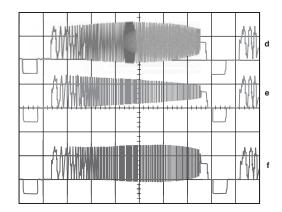


Figure 64. HD Sharpness Filter Control with Different Gain Settings for HD Sharpness Filter Gain Value

# HD Sharpness Filter and Adaptive Filter Application Examples HD Sharpness Filter Application

The HD sharpness filter can be used to enhance or attenuate the Y video output signal.

The register settings in Tables XIX and XX are used to achieve the results shown in Figure 64. Input data was generated by an external signal source.

Table XIX. Sharpness Filter on Frequency Sweep

| Address | Register Setting | Reference* |
|---------|------------------|------------|
| 00h     | FCh              |            |
| 01h     | 10h              |            |
| 02h     | 20h              |            |
| 10h     | 00h              |            |
| 11h     | 81h              |            |
| 20h     | 00h              | a          |
| 20h     | 08h              | b          |
| 20h     | 04h              | С          |
| 20h     | 40h              | d          |
| 20h     | 80h              | e          |
| 20h     | 22h              | f          |

<sup>\*</sup>See Figure 64.

The effect of the sharpness filter can also be seen when using the internally generated crosshatch pattern.

Table XX. Sharpness Filter on Internal Test Pattern

| Address | Register Setting |
|---------|------------------|
| 00h     | FCh              |
| 01h     | 10h              |
| 02h     | 20h              |
| 10h     | 00h              |
| 11h     | 85h              |
| 20h     | 99h              |

In toggling the Sharpness Filter Enable Bit [Address 11h, Bit 8], it can be seen that the line contours of the crosshatch pattern change their sharpness.

#### Adaptive Filter Control Application

Figure 65 shows a typical signal to be processed by the adaptive filter control block.

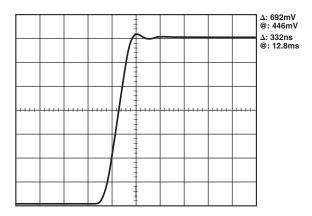


Figure 65. Input Signal to Adaptive Filter Control

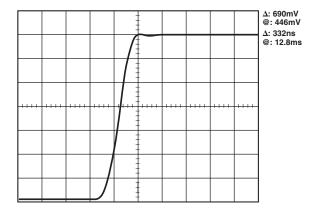


Figure 66. Output Signal after Adaptive Filter Control

The register settings in Table XXI are used to obtain the results shown in Figure 66, i.e., to remove the ringing on the Y signal. Input data was generated by an external signal source.

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Table XXI. Adaptive Filter Control on Step Input Signal

| Address | Register Setting |
|---------|------------------|
| 00h     | FCh              |
| 01h     | 38h              |
| 02h     | 20h              |
| 10h     | 00h              |
| 11h     | 81h              |
| 15h     | 80h              |
| 20h     | 00h              |
| 38h     | ACh              |
| 39h     | 9Ah              |
| 3Ah     | 88h              |
| 3Bh     | 28h              |
| 3Ch     | 3Fh              |
| 3Dh     | 64h              |

All other register settings are 00h.

When changing the Adaptive Filter Mode to Mode B [Address 15h, Bit 6], the output in Figure 67 can be obtained.

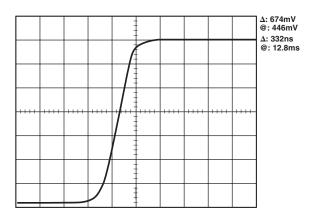


Figure 67. Output Signal from Adaptive Filter Control

The adaptive filter control can also be demonstrated using the internally generated crosshatch test pattern and toggling the Adaptive Filter Control Bit [Address 15h, Bit 7], shown in Table XXII.

Table XXII. Adaptive Filter Control on Internal Test Pattern

| Address | Register Setting |
|---------|------------------|
| 00h     | FCh              |
| 01h     | 38h              |
| 02h     | 20h              |
| 10h     | 00h              |
| 11h     | 85h              |
| 15h     | 80h              |
| 20h     | 00h              |
| 38h     | ACh              |
| 39h     | 9Ah              |
| 3Ah     | 88h              |
| 3Bh     | 28h              |
| 3Ch     | 3Fh              |
| 3Dh     | 64h              |

# SD DIGITAL NOISE REDUCTION [Subaddresses 63h, 64h, and 65h]

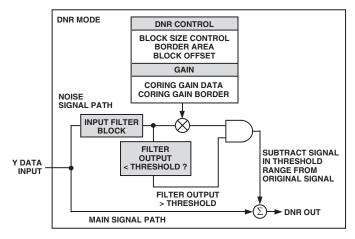
DNR is applied to the Y data only. A filter block selects the high frequency, low amplitude components of the incoming signal (DNR input select). The absolute value of the filter output is compared to a programmable threshold value (DNR threshold control). There are two DNR modes available: DNR Mode and DNR Sharpness Mode.

In DNR Mode, if the absolute value of the filter output is smaller than the threshold, it is assumed to be noise. A programmable amount (coring gain border, coring gain data) of this noise signal will be subtracted from the original signal.

In DNR Sharpness Mode, if the absolute value of the filter output is less than the programmed threshold, it is assumed to be noise, as before. Otherwise, if the level exceeds the threshold now being identified as a valid signal, a fraction of the signal (coring gain border, coring gain data) will be added to the original signal in order to boost high frequency components and to sharpen the video image.

In MPEG systems, it is common to process the video information in blocks of  $8 \times 8$  pixels for MPEG2 systems, or  $16 \times 16$  pixels for MPEG1 systems (block size control). DNR can be applied to the resulting block transition areas that are known to contain noise. Generally, the block transition area contains two pixels. It is possible to define this area to contain four pixels (border area).

It is also possible to compensate for variable block positioning or differences in YCrCb pixel timing with the use of the (DNR block offset).



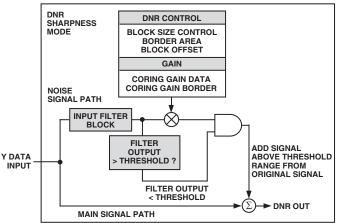


Figure 68. DNR Block Diagram

The Digital Noise Reduction Registers are three 8-bit wide registers. They are used to control the DNR processing.

# Coring Gain Border [Address 63h, Bits 3-0]

These four bits are assigned to the gain factor applied to the border areas. In DNR Mode, the range of gain values is 0–1, in increments of 0.125. This factor is applied to the DNR filter output that lies below the set threshold range. The result is then subtracted from the original signal.

In DNR Sharpness Mode, the range of gain values is 0 to 0.5, in increments of 0.0625. This factor is applied to the DNR filter output that lies above the threshold range. The result is added to the original signal.

# Coring Gain Data [Address 63h, Bits 7-4]

These four bits are assigned to the gain factor applied to the luma data inside the MPEG pixel block.

In DNR Mode, the range of gain values is 0–1, in increments of 0.125. This factor is applied to the DNR filter output that lies below the set threshold range. The result is then subtracted from the original signal.

In DNR Sharpness Mode, the range of gain values is 0–0.5, in increments of 0.0625. This factor is applied to the DNR filter output that lies above the threshold range. The result is added to the original signal.

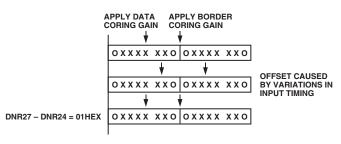


Figure 69. DNR Block Offset Control

## DNR Threshold [Address 64h, Bits 5-0]

These six bits are used to define the threshold value in the range of 0 to 63. The range is an absolute value.

### Border Area

### [Address 64h, Bit 6]

In setting this bit to a Logic "1," the block transition area can be defined to consist of four pixels. If this bit is set to a Logic "0," the border transition area consists of two pixels, where one pixel refers to two clock cycles at 27 MHz.

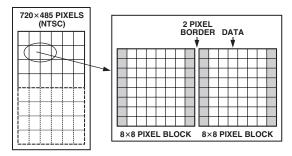


Figure 70. DNR Border Area

# Block Size Control [Address 64h, Bit 7]

This bit is used to select the size of the data blocks to be processed. Setting the block size control function to a Logic "1" defines a  $16 \times 16$  pixel data block, a Logic "0" defines an  $8 \times 8$  pixel data block, where 1 pixel refers to 2 clock cycles at 27 MHz.

# DNR Input Select Control [Address 65h, Bits 2-0]

Three bits are assigned to select the filter that is applied to the incoming Y data. The signal that lies in the pass band of the selected filter is the signal that will be DNR processed. The figure below shows the filter responses selectable with this control.

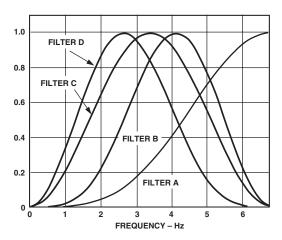


Figure 71. DNR Input Select

# DNR Mode Control [Address 65h, Bit 3]

This bit controls the DNR Mode selected. A Logic "0" selects DNR Mode, and Logic "1" selects DNR Sharpness Mode. DNR works on the principle of defining low amplitude, high frequency signals as probable noise and subtracting this noise from the original signal.

In DNR Mode, it is possible to subtract a fraction of the signal that lies below the set threshold, assumed to be noise, from the original signal. The threshold is set in DNR Register 1.

When DNR Sharpness Mode is enabled, it is possible to add a fraction of the signal that lies above the set threshold to the original signal, since this data is assumed to be valid data and not noise. The overall effect is that the signal will be boosted (similar to using extended SSAF filter).

# Block Offset Control [Address 65h, Bits 7-4]

Four bits are assigned to this control, which allows a shift of the data block of 15 pixels maximum. Consider the coring gain positions fixed. The block offset shifts the data in steps of one pixel such that the border coring gain factors can be applied at the same position regardless of variations in input timing of the data.

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#### **SD ACTIVE VIDEO EDGE**

#### [Subaddress 42h, Bit 7]

When the active video edge is enabled, the first three pixels and the last three pixels of the active video on the Luma Channel are scaled in such a way that maximum transitions on these pixels are not possible. The scaling factors are  $1/8\times$ ,  $1/2\times$ , and  $7/8\times$ . All other active video passes through unprocessed.

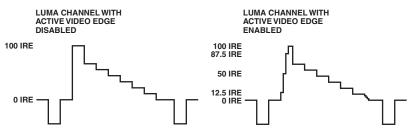


Figure 72. Active Video Edge Functionality Example

# BOARD DESIGN AND LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS DAC Termination and Layout Considerations

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A contain an on-board voltage reference. The  $V_{REF}$  pin is normally terminated to  $V_{AA}$  through a 0.1  $\mu F$  capacitor when the internal  $V_{REF}$  is used. Alternatively, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A can be used with an external  $V_{REF}$  (e.g., AD1580). The  $R_{SET}$  resistors are connected between the  $R_{SET}$  pins and AGND and are used to control the full-scale output current and, therefore, the DAC voltage output levels. For full-scale output,  $R_{SET}$  must have a value of 760  $\Omega$ . The  $R_{SET}$  values should not be changed.  $R_{LOAD}$  has a value of 150  $\Omega$  for full-scale output.

#### Video Output Buffer and Optional Output Filter

Output buffering on all six DACs is necessary in order to drive output devices, such as SD or HD monitors. Analog Devices produces a range of suitable op amps for this application, for example the AD8061. More information on line driver buffering circuits is given in the relevant op amp data sheets.

An optional analog reconstruction LPF might be required as an antialias filter if the ADV7304A/ADV7305A is connected to a device that requires this filtering. The filter specifications vary with the application, see Table XXIII.

Table XXIII. External Filter Requirements

| Input<br>Mode | External Filter<br>Oversampling | Cutoff<br>Frequency | Attenuation        |
|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| SD            | 2×                              | >6.5 MHz            | –50 dB @ 20.5 MHz  |
| SD            | 8×                              | >6.5 MHz            | –50 dB @ 101.5 MHz |
| PS            | 1×                              | >12.5 MHz           | –50 dB @ 14.5 MHz  |
| PS            | $4 \times$                      | >12.5 MHz           | –50 dB @ 95.5 MHz  |
| HDTV          | 1×                              | >30 MHz             | –50 dB @ 44.25 MHz |
| HDTV          | 2×                              | >30 MHz             | –50 dB @ 118.5 MHz |

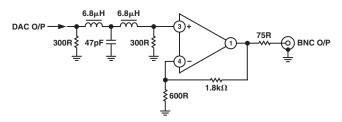


Figure 73. Example for Output Filter for SD, 8× Oversampling

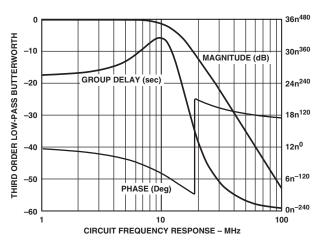


Figure 74. Filter Plot for Output Filter for SD, 8× Oversampling

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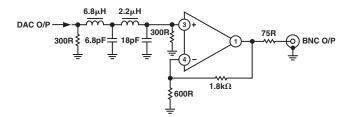


Figure 75. Example of Output for Output Filter for PS,  $4 \times$  Oversampling

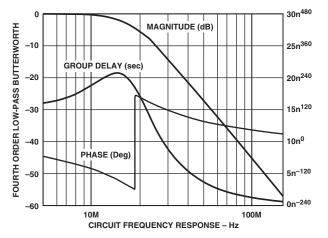


Figure 76. Filter Plot for Output Filter for PS,  $4 \times$  Oversampling

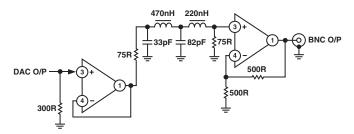


Figure 77. Example for Output Filter HDTV, 2× Oversampling

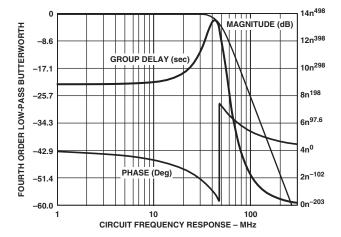


Figure 78. Filter Plot for Output Filter for HDTV, 2× Oversampling

Table XXIV. Possible Output Rates

| Input Mode<br>Addr 01h, Bits 6-4 | PLL<br>Addr 00h, Bit 1 | Output Rate   |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| SD                               | Off<br>On              | 27 MHz (2×)<br>108 MHz (8×)                                     |
| PS                               | Off<br>On              | 27 MHz (1×)<br>108 MHz (4×)                                     |
| HDTV                             | Off<br>On              | 74.25 MHz (1×)<br>148.5 MHz (2×)                                |
| SD and<br>PS                     | Off<br>On<br>Off<br>On | 27 MHz (2×)<br>108 MHz (8×)<br>27 MHz (1×)<br>108 MHz (4×)      |
| SD* and<br>HDTV                  | Off<br>On<br>Off<br>On | 27 MHz (2×)<br>108 MHz (8×)<br>74.25 MHz (1×)<br>74.25 MHz (1×) |
| SD and<br>HDTV*                  | Off<br>On<br>Off<br>On | 27 MHz (2×)<br>27 MHz (2×)<br>74.25 MHz (1×)<br>148.5 MHz (2×)  |

<sup>\*</sup>Oversampled

#### **PCB Board Layout Considerations**

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A is optimally designed for lowest noise performance, both radiated and conducted noise. To complement the excellent noise performance of the ADV7304A/ADV7305A, it is imperative that great care be given to the PC board layout. The layout should be optimized for the lowest noise on the ADV7304A/ADV7305A power and ground lines. This can be achieved by shielding the digital inputs and providing good decoupling. The lead length between groups of V<sub>AA</sub> and AGND, V<sub>DD</sub> and DGND, and V<sub>DD IO</sub> and GND\_IO pins should be kept as short as possible to minimize inductive ringing.

It is recommended that a four-layer printed circuit board be used with power and ground planes separating the layer of the signal carrying traces of the components and solder side layer. Placement of components should take into account noisy circuits, such as crystal clocks, high speed logic circuitry, and analog circuitry.

There should be a separate analog ground plane and a separate digital ground plane.

Power planes should encompass a digital and an analog power plane. The analog power plane should contain the DACs and all associated circuitry,  $V_{\rm REF}$  circuitry. The digital power plane should contain all logic circuitry. The analog and digital power planes should be individually connected to the common power plane at one single point through a suitable filtering device, such as a ferrite bead.

DAC output traces on a PCB should be treated as transmission lines. It is recommended that the DACs be placed as close as possible to the output connector, with the analog output traces being as short as possible (less than three inches). The DAC termination resistors should be placed as close as possible to the DAC outputs and should overlay the PCB's ground plane. As well as minimizing reflections, short analog output traces will reduce noise pickup due to neighboring digital circuitry.

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To avoid crosstalk between the DAC outputs, it is recommended to leave as much space as possible between the tracks of the individual DAC output pins.

#### **Supply Decoupling**

Noise on the analog power plane can be further reduced by the use of decoupling capacitors. Optimum performance is achieved by the use of 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors. Each of the group of  $V_{AA}$ ,  $V_{DD}$ , or  $V_{DD\_IO}$  pins should be individually decoupled to ground. This should be done by placing the capacitors as close as possible to the device with the capacitor leads as short as possible, thus minimizing lead inductance.

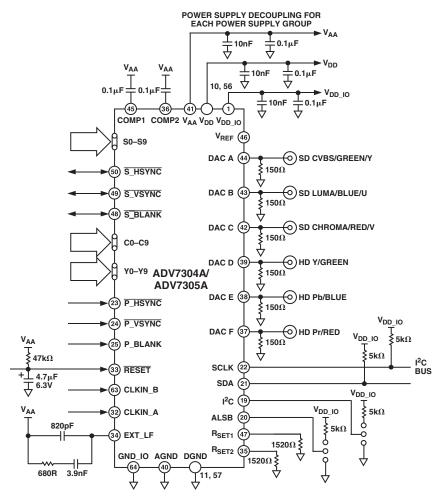
#### **Digital Signal Interconnect**

The digital signal lines should be isolated as much as possible from the analog outputs and other analog circuitry. Digital signal lines should not overlay the analog power plane. Due to the high clock rates used, long clock lines to the ADV7304A/ ADV7305A should be avoided to minimize noise pickup. Any active pull-up termination resistors for the digital inputs should be connected to the digital power plane and not the analog power plane.

#### **Analog Signal Interconnect**

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A should be located as close as possible to the output connectors, thus minimizing noise pickup and reflections due to impedance mismatch. For optimum performance, the analog outputs should each be source and load terminated, as shown in Figure 79. The termination resistors should be as close as possible to the ADV7304A/ADV7305A to minimize reflections.

Any unused inputs should be tied to ground.



UNUSED INPUTS SHOULD BE GROUNDED

Figure 79. Circuit Layout

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## **Appendix A**

#### COPY GENERATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM HD CGMS DATA Registers 2-0 [Subaddress 12h]

HD CGMS is available in 525 p Mode only, conforming to "CGMS-A EIA-J CPR1204-1, Transfer Method of Video ID information using vertical blanking interval (525 p System),

March 1998" and IEC61880, 1998, video systems (525/60)—video and accompanied data using the vertical blanking interval—analog interface.

When HD CGMS is enabled, CGMS data is inserted on Line 41. The HD CGMS Data Registers are to be found at Addresses 21h, 22h, and 23h.

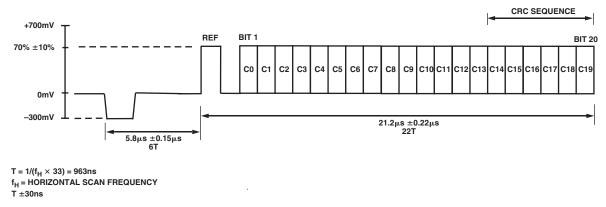


Figure 80. CGMS Waveform

# SD CGMS Data Registers 2-0 [Subaddresses 59h, 5Ah, and 5Bh]

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A supports Copy Generation Management System (CGMS) conforming to the standard. CGMS data is transmitted on Line 20 of the odd fields and Line 283 of the even fields. Bits C/W05 and C/W06 control whether or not CGMS data is output on odd and even fields. CGMS data can only be transmitted when the ADV7304A/ADV7305A is configured in NTSC Mode. The CGMS data is 20 bits long; the function of each of these bits is as shown below. The CGMS data is preceded by a reference pulse of the same amplitude and duration as a CGMS bit, see Figure 81.

If SD CGMS CRC [Address 59h, Bit 4] is set to a Logic "1," the last six bits, C19–C14, that comprise the 6-bit CRC check sequence are calculated automatically on the ADV7304A/ ADV7305A based on the lower 14 bits (C0–C13) of the data in the data registers and output with the remaining 14 bits to form the complete 20 bits of the CGMS data. The calculation of the CRC sequence is based on the polynomial:

$$x^6 + x + 1$$

with a preset value of 111111. If SD CGMS CRC [Address 59h, Bit 4] is set to a Logic "0," then all 20 bits (C0–C19) are

output directly from the CGMS registers (no CRC calculated; must be calculated by the user).

Table XXV. Function of CGMS Bits

| Word | Bit     | Function                                   |                                    |
|------|---------|--|------------------------------------|
| 0    | B1      | Aspect Ratio                               | 0 = 4:3                            |
|      |         |  | 1 = 16:9                           |
|      | B2      | Display Format                             | 0 = Normal                         |
|      |         |  | 1 = Letterbox                      |
|      | B3      | Undefined                                  |                                    |
|      | B4-B6   | Identification Informand Other Signals (   | mation about Video<br>i.e., Audio) |
| 1    | B7-B10  | Identification Signal                      | l. Incidental to Word 0.           |
| 2    | B11-B14 | Identification Signa<br>Incidental to Word |                                    |
|      |         |  |                                    |

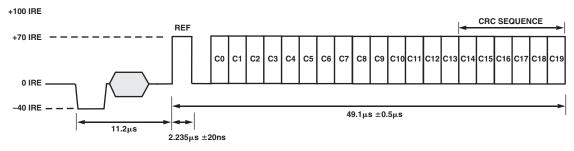


Figure 81. CGMS Waveform

## **Appendix B**

# SD WIDE SCREEN SIGNALLING [Subaddresses 59h, 5Ah, and 5Bh]

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A supports Wide Screen Signalling (WSS) conforming to the standard. WSS data is transmitted on Line 23. WSS data can only be transmitted when the ADV7304A/ADV7305A is configured in PAL Mode. The WSS data is 14 bits long. The function of each of these bits is shown in Table XXVI. The WSS data is preceded by a run-in sequence and a start code (see Figure 82). If SD WSS [Address 59h, Bit 7] is set to a Logic "1," it enables the WSS data to be transmitted on Line 23. The latter portion of Line 23 (42.5  $\mu s$  from the falling edge of HSYNC) is available for the insertion of video.

It is possible to blank the WSS portion of Line 23 with Subaddress 61h, Bit 7.

Table XXVI. Function of WSS Bits

| Bit   | Function   |
|-------|--|
| 0     | Aspect Ratio   |
| 1     | Format   |
| 2     | Position   |
| 3     | Odd Parity Check of Bits 0–2   |
| 4     | 0 = Camera Mode<br>1 = Film Mode   |
| 5     | 0 = Standard Coding<br>1 = Motion Adaptive Color Plus  |
| 6     | 0 = No Helper<br>1 = Modulated Helper  |
| 7     | Reserved   |
| 8     | Reserved   |
| 9–10  | 00 = No Open Subtitles<br>10 = Subtitles Inside Active Image Area<br>01 = Subtitles Outside Active Image Area<br>11 = Reserved |
| 11    | 0 = No Surround Sound Information<br>1 = Surround Sound Mode   |
| 12–13 | Reserved   |

Table XXVII. Function of WSS Bits 0-3

| <b>B</b> 0 | <b>B</b> 1 | <b>B</b> 2 | <b>B</b> 3 | Aspect Ratio | Format      | Position |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| 0          | 0          | 0          | 1          | 4:3          | Full Format | N/A      |
| 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 14:9         | Letterbox   | Center   |
| 0          | 1          | 0          | 0          | 14:9         | Letterbox   | Top      |
| 1          | 1          | 0          | 1          | 16:9         | Letterbox   | Center   |
| 0          | 0          | 1          | 0          | 16:9         | Letterbox   | Top      |
| 1          | 0          | 1          | 1          | >16:9        | Letterbox   | Center   |
| 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 14:9         | Full Format | Center   |
| 1          | 1          | 1          | 0          | 16:9         | N/A         | N/A      |

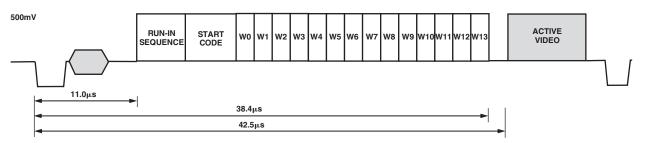


Figure 82. WSS Waveform

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## **Appendix C**

#### SD CLOSED CAPTIONING

#### [Subaddresses 51h-54h]

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A supports closed captioning conforming to the standard television synchronizing waveform for color transmission. Closed captioning is transmitted during the blanked active line time of Line 21 of the odd fields and Line 284 of the even fields.

Closed captioning consists of a 7-cycle sinusoidal burst that is frequency and phase-locked to the caption data. After the clock run-in signal, the blanking level is held for two data bits and is followed by a Logic Level "1" start bit. Sixteen bits of data follow the start bit. These consist of two 8-bit bytes, 7 data bits, and 1 odd parity bit. The data for these bytes is stored in the SD Closed Captioning Registers [Addresses 53h–54h].

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A also supports the extended closed captioning operation that is active during even fields and is encoded on Line 284. The data for this operation is stored in the SD Closed Captioning Registers [Addresses 51h–52h].

All clock run-in signals and timing to support closed captioning on Lines 21 and 284 are generated automatically by the ADV7304A/

ADV7305A. All pixels inputs are ignored during Lines 21 and 284 if closed captioning is enabled.

FCC Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 47, Section 15.119 and EIA608 describe the closed captioning information for Lines 21 and 284.

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A uses a single buffering method. This means that the closed captioning buffer is only one byte deep; therefore, there will be no frame delay in outputting the closed captioning data unlike other 2-byte deep buffering systems. The data must be loaded one line before (Line 20 or Line 283) it is output on Line 21 and Line 284. A typical implementation of this method is to use \$\overline{VSYNC}\$ to interrupt a microprocessor that in turn will load the new data (2 bytes) every field. If no new data is required for transmission, "0" must be inserted in both data registers; this is called nulling. It is also important to load "control codes," all of which are double bytes on Line 21, or a TV will not recognize them. If there is a message like "Hello World" that has an odd number of characters, it is important to pad it out to even to get the "end of caption" 2-byte control code to land in the same field.

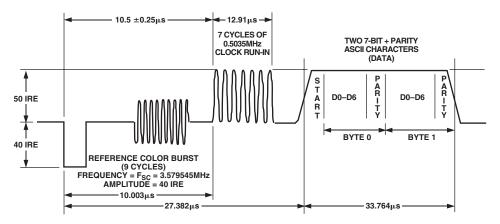


Figure 83. Closed Captioning Waveform, NTSC

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# Appendix D

#### **TEST PATTERNS**

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A can generate SD and HD test patterns.

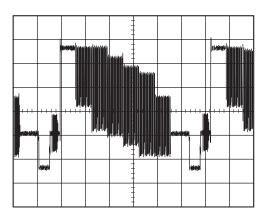


Figure 84. NTSC Color Bars

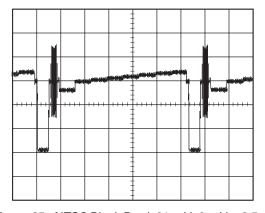


Figure 85. NTSC Black Bar (-21 mV, 0 mV, +3.5 mV, +7 mV, +10.5 mV, +14 mV, +18 mV, +23 mV)

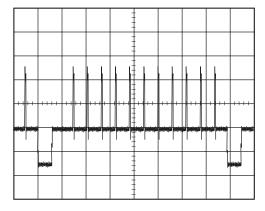


Figure 86. 525 p Hatch Pattern

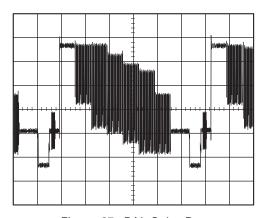


Figure 87. PAL Color Bars

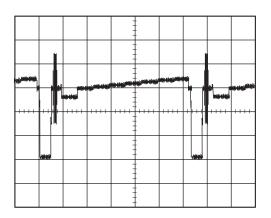


Figure 88. PAL Black Bar (-21 mV, 0 mV, +3.5 mV, +7 mV, +10.5 mV, +14 mV, +18 mV, +23 mV)

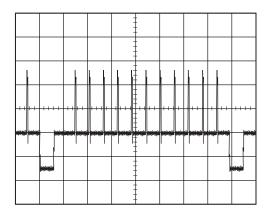


Figure 89. 625 p Hatch Pattern

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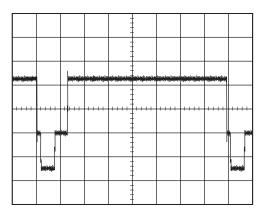


Figure 90. 525 p Field Pattern

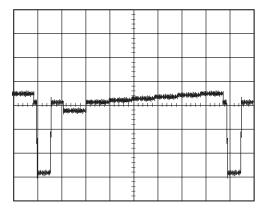


Figure 91. 525 p Black Bar (–35 mV, 0 mV, +7 mV, +14 mV, +21 mV, +28 mV, +35 mV)

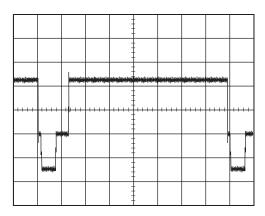


Figure 92. 625 p Field Pattern

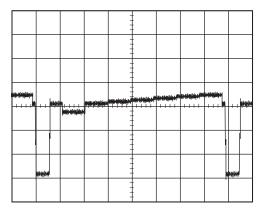


Figure 93. 625 p Black Bar (–35 mV, 0 mV, +7 mV, +14 mV, +21 mV, +28 mV, +35 mV)

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Table XXVIII. NTSC CVBS Output on DAC A

| Subaddress | Register Setting |  |  |  |
|------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| 00h        | 82h              |  |  |  |
| 11h        | 01h              |  |  |  |
| 40h        | 10h              |  |  |  |
| 42h        | 40h              |  |  |  |
| 44h        | 40h              |  |  |  |
| 4Ah        | 08h              |  |  |  |
| 4Ch        | 16h              |  |  |  |
| 4Dh        | 7Ch              |  |  |  |
| 4Eh        | F0h              |  |  |  |
| 4Fh        | 21h              |  |  |  |
|            |                  |  |  |  |

All other registers are set to 00h.

For PAL CVBS output on DAC A, the same settings in Table XXVIII are used except those listed in Table XXIX.

Table XXIX. PAL CVBS Output on DAC A

| Subaddress | Register Setting |
|------------|------------------|
| 40h        | 11h              |
| 4Ch        | CBh              |
| 4Dh        | 8Ah              |
| 4Eh        | 09h              |
| 4Fh        | 2Ah              |

Table XXX. NTSC Black Bar Pattern Output on DAC A

| Subaddress | Register Setting |
|------------|------------------|
| 00h        | 82h              |
| 02h        | 04h              |
| 11h        | 01h              |
| 40h        | 10h              |
| 42h        | 40h              |
| 44h        | 40h              |
| 4Ah        | 08h              |
| 4Ch        | 16h              |
| 4Dh        | 7Ch              |
| 4Eh        | F0h              |
| 4Fh        | 21h              |

All other registers are set to 00h. The Subcarrier Frequency Registers 4Ch–4Fh will be needed to generate the correct color burst signal.

For PAL Black Bar Pattern Output on DAC A, the same settings in Table XXX are used except those listed in Table XXXI.

Table XXXI. PAL Black Bar Pattern Output on DAC A

| Subaddress | Register Setting |
|------------|------------------|
| 40h        | 11h              |
| 4Ch        | CBh              |
| 4Dh        | 8Ah              |
| 4Eh        | 09h              |
| 4Fh        | 2Ah              |

Table XXXII. 525 p Hatch Pattern on DAC D

| Subaddress | Register Setting |
|------------|------------------|
| 00h        | 12h              |
| 01h        | 10h              |
| 02h        | 20h              |
| 10h        | 40h              |
| 11h        | 05h              |
| 16h        | A0h              |
| 17h        | 80h              |
| 18h        | 80h              |

All other registers are set to 00h.

For a 625 p Hatch Pattern on DAC D, the same settings in Table XXXII are used except for Subaddress 10h, which has a register setting of 50h.

Table XXXIII. 525 p Field Pattern\*

| Subaddress | Register Setting |
|------------|------------------|
| 00h        | 12h              |
| 01h        | 10h              |
| 02h        | 20h              |
| 10h        | 40h              |
| 11h        | 0Dh              |
| 16h        | A0h              |
| 17h        | 80h              |
| 18h        | 80h              |

All other registers are set to 00h.

\*See Figure 90.

For a 625 p Field Pattern on DAC D, the same settings in Table XXXIII are used except for Subaddress 10h, which has a register setting of 50h.

For a 525 p Black Bar Pattern Output on DAC D, the same settings in Table XXXIII are used except for Subaddresses 02h, which has a register setting of 24h.

For a 625 p Black Bar Pattern Output on DAC D, the same settings in Table XXXIII are used except for Subaddresses 02h and 10h, which have register settings of 24h and 50h, respectively.

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## **Appendix E**

SD TIMING MODES
[Subaddress 4Ah]
Mode 0 (CCIR-656): Slave Option
(Timing Register 0 TR0 = X X X X X 0 0 0)

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A is controlled by the start active video (SAV) and end active video (EAV) time codes in the pixel data. All

timing information is transmitted using a 4-byte synchronization pattern. A synchronization pattern is sent immediately before and after each line during active picture and retrace.  $\overline{S_{VSYNC}}$ ,  $\overline{S_{HSYNC}}$ , and  $\overline{S_{BLANK}}$  (if not used) pins should be tied high during this mode. Blank output is available.

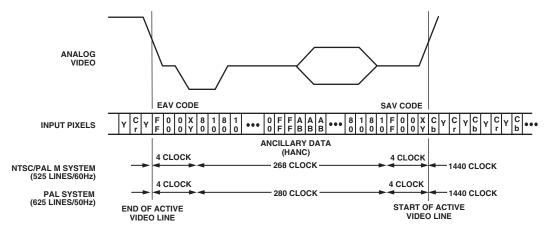
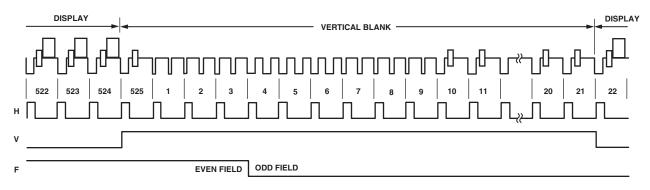


Figure 94. SD Slave Mode 0

Mode 0 (CCIR-656): Master Option (Timing Register 0 TR0 = X X X X X 0 0 1)

The ADV7304A/ADV7305A generates H, V, and F signals required for the SAV and EAV time codes in the CCIR-656 standard. The H Bit is output on the  $\overline{S_HSYNC}$  pin, the V Bit is output on the  $\overline{S_BLANK}$  pin, and the F Bit is output on the  $\overline{S_VSYNC}$  pin.



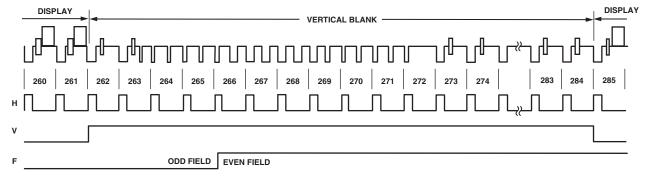


Figure 95. SD Master Mode 0, NTSC

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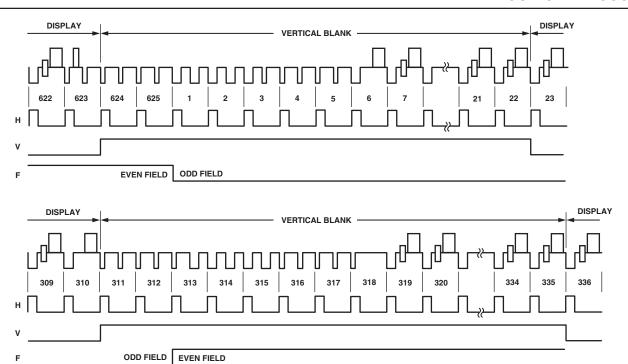


Figure 96. SD Master Mode 0, PAL

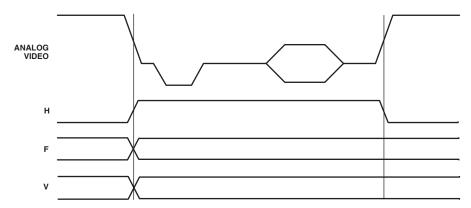


Figure 97. SD Master Mode 0 Data Transitions

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Mode 1: Slave Option HSYNC, BLANK, FIELD

(Timing Register 0 TR0 = X X X X X 0 1 0)

In this mode, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A accepts horizontal SYNC and odd/even FIELD signals. A transition of the FIELD input when  $\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$  is low indicates a new frame, i.e., vertical

retrace. The  $\overline{BLANK}$  signal is optional. When the  $\overline{BLANK}$  input is disabled, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A automatically blanks all normally blank lines as per CCIR-624.  $\overline{HSYNC}$  is input on the  $\overline{S\_HSYNC}$  pin,  $\overline{BLANK}$  on the  $\overline{S\_BLANK}$  pin, and FIELD on the  $\overline{S\_VSYNC}$  pin.

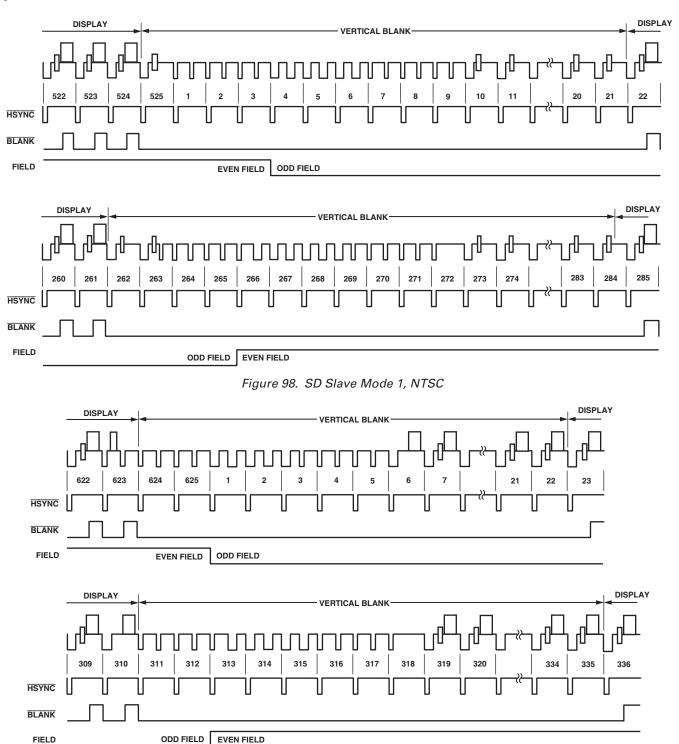


Figure 99. SD Slave Mode 1, PAL

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Mode 1: Master Option HSYNC, BLANK, FIELD

(Timing Register 0 TR0 = X X X X X 0 1 1)

In this mode, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A can generate horizontal SYNC and odd/even FIELD signals. A transition of the FIELD input when HSYNC is low indicates a new frame, i.e.,

vertical retrace. The blank signal is optional. When the  $\overline{BLANK}$  input is disabled, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A automatically blanks all normally blank lines as per CCIR-624. Pixel data is latched on the rising clock edge following the timing signal transitions.  $\overline{HSYNC}$  is output on the  $\overline{S_HSYNC}$  pin,  $\overline{BLANK}$  on the  $\overline{S_BLANK}$  pin, and FIELD on the  $\overline{S_VSYNC}$  pin.

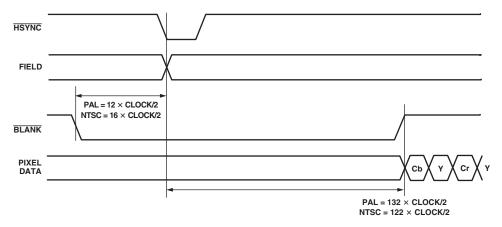


Figure 100. SD Timing Mode 1 Odd/Even Field Transitions, Master/Slave

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Mode 2: Slave Option HSYNC, VSYNC, BLANK

(Timing Register 0 TR0 = X X X X X 1 0 0)

In this mode, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A accepts horizontal and vertical SYNC signals. A coincident low transition of both HSYNC and VSYNC inputs indicates the start of an odd field.

A  $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$  low transition when  $\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$  is high indicates the start of an even field. The  $\overline{\text{BLANK}}$  signal is optional. When the  $\overline{\text{BLANK}}$  input is disabled, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A automatically blanks all normally blank lines as per CCIR-624.  $\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$  is input on the  $\overline{\text{S-HSYNC}}$  pin,  $\overline{\text{BLANK}}$  on the  $\overline{\text{S-BLANK}}$  pin, and FIELD on the  $\overline{\text{S-VSYNC}}$  pin.

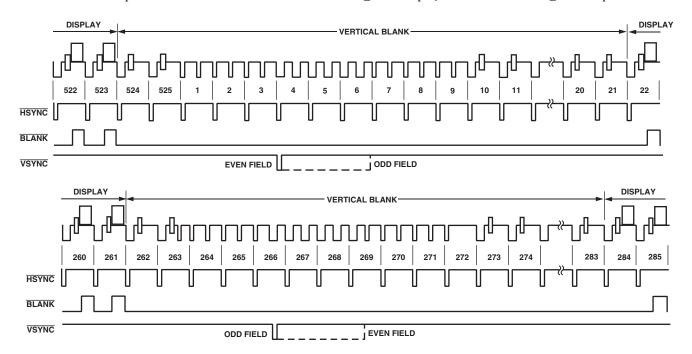


Figure 101. SD Slave Mode 2, NTSC

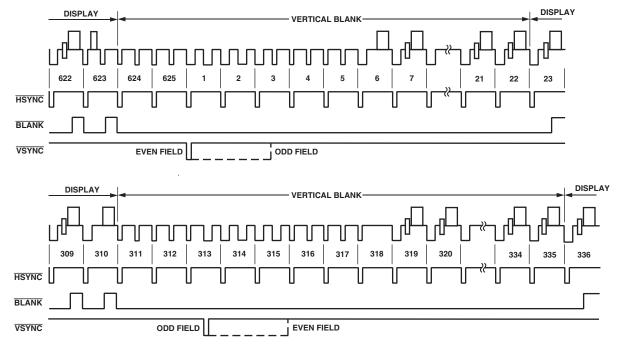


Figure 102. SD Slave Mode 2, PAL

Mode 2: Master Option HSYNC, VSYNC, BLANK

(Timing Register 0 TR0 = X X X X X 1 0 1)

In this mode, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A can generate horizontal and vertical  $\overline{SYNC}$  signals. A coincident low transition of both  $\overline{HSYNC}$  and  $\overline{VSYNC}$  inputs indicates the start of an odd

field. A  $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$  low transition when  $\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$  is high indicates the start of an even field. The  $\overline{\text{BLANK}}$  signal is optional. When the  $\overline{\text{BLANK}}$  input is disabled, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A automatically blanks all normally blank lines as per CCIR-624.  $\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$  is output on the  $\overline{\text{S-HSYNC}}$  pin,  $\overline{\text{BLANK}}$  on the  $\overline{\text{S-BLANK}}$  pin, and FIELD on the  $\overline{\text{S-VSYNC}}$  pin.

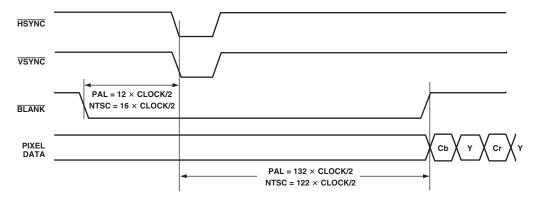


Figure 103. SD Timing Mode 2 Even to Odd Field Transition, Master/Slave

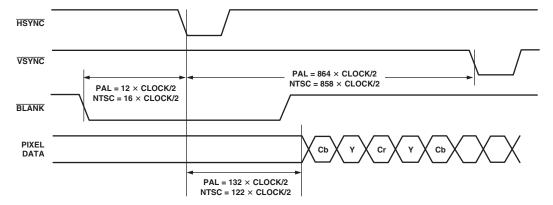


Figure 104. SD Timing Mode 2 Odd to Even Field Transition, Master/Slave

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Mode 3: Master/Slave Option HSYNC, BLANK, FIELD

(Timing Register 0 TR0 = X X X X X 1 1 0 or X X X X X 1 1 1)

In this mode, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A accepts or generates horizontal SYNC and odd/even FIELD signals. A transition of the FIELD input when HSYNC is high indicates a new frame,

i.e., vertical retrace. The  $\overline{BLANK}$  signal is optional. When the  $\overline{BLANK}$  input is disabled, the ADV7304A/ADV7305A automatically blanks all normally blank lines as per CCIR-624.  $\overline{HSYNC}$  is interfaced on the  $\overline{S\_HSYNC}$  pin,  $\overline{BLANK}$  on the  $\overline{S\_BLANK}$  pin, and FIELD on the  $\overline{S\_VSYNC}$  pin.

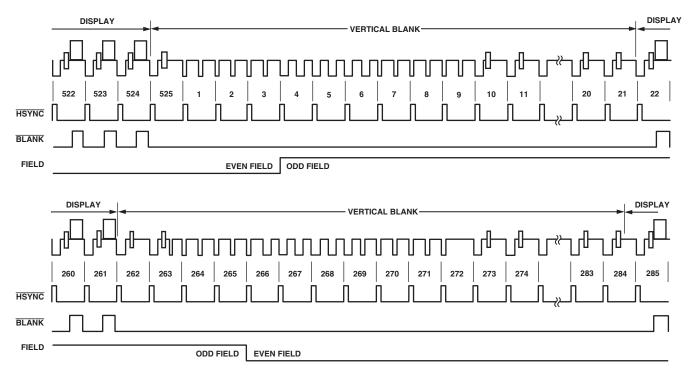


Figure 105. SD Timing Mode 3, NTSC

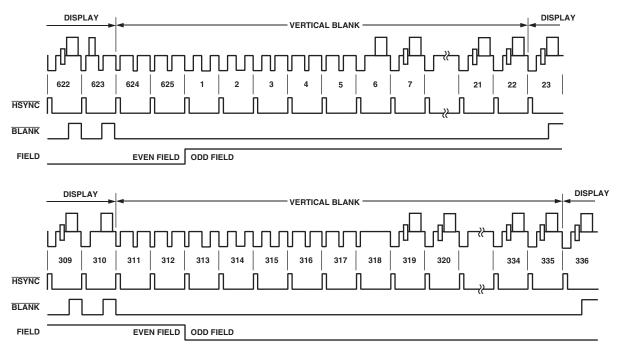


Figure 106. SD Timing Mode 3, PAL

# **Appendix F**

#### VIDEO OUTPUT LEVELS

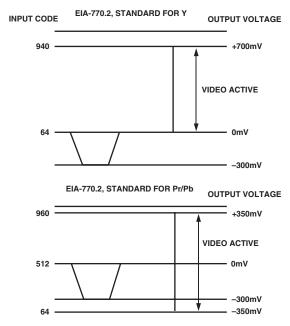


Figure 107. EIA-770.2 Standard Output Signals (525 p)

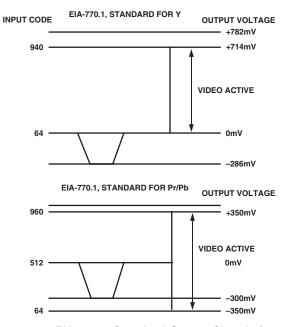


Figure 108. EIA-770.1 Standard Output Signals (525 p)

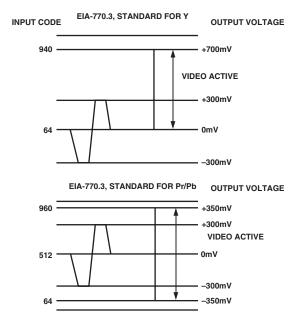


Figure 109. EIA-770.3 Standard Output Signals (1080 i, 720 p)

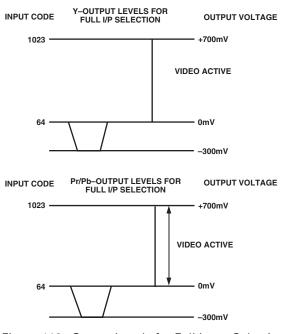
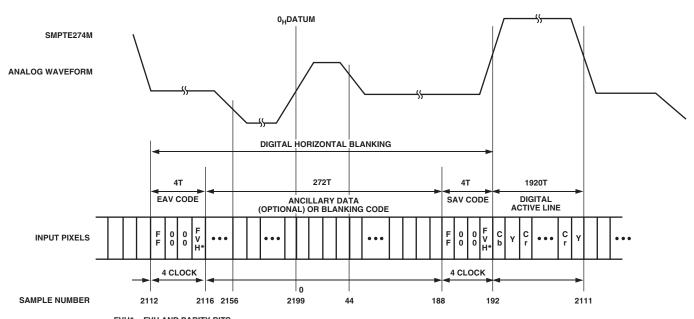


Figure 110. Output Levels for Full Input Selection

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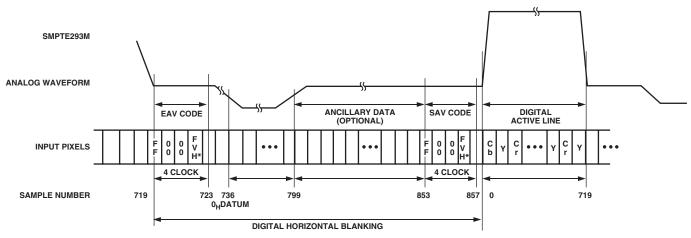
# **Appendix G**

#### **VIDEO STANDARDS**



FVH\* = FVH AND PARITY BITS SAV/EAV: LINE 1–562: F = 0 SAV/EAV: LINE 563–1125: F = 1 SAV/EAV: LINE1–20; 561–583; 1124–1125: V = 1 SAV/EAV: LINE 21–560; 584–1123: V = 0

Figure 111. EAV/SAV Input Data Timing Diagram, SMPTE274M



FVH\* = FVH AND PARITY BITS SAV: LINE 43–525 = 200H SAV: LINE 1–42 = 2AC EAV: LINE43–525 = 274H EAV: LINE 1–42 = 2D8

Figure 112. EAV/SAV Input Data Timing Diagram, SMPTE293M

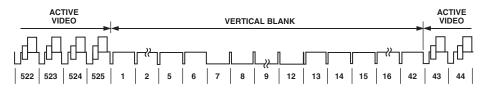


Figure 113. SMPTE293M

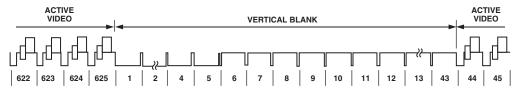


Figure 114. ITU-R.BT1358 (625 p)

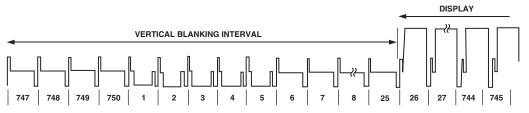
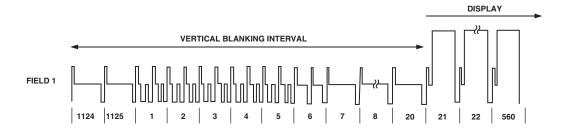


Figure 115. SMPTE296M (720 p)



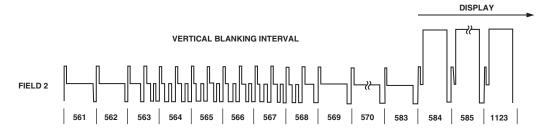


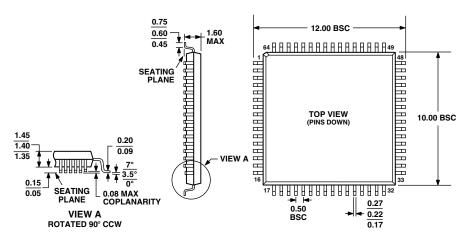
Figure 116. SMPTE274M (1080 i)

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#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

# 64-Lead Thin Plastic Quad Flatpack [LQFP] (ST-64B)

Dimensions shown in millimeters



#### COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-026BCD

# **Revision History**

| Location  | Page |
|---|------|
| 11/02—Data Sheet changed from REV. 0 to REV. A.                         |      |
| Changes to Figure 1   | 2    |
| Changes to SPECIFICATIONS   | 3    |
| Added Thermal Characteristics   | 12   |
| Changes to PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS                                    | 12   |
| Changes to Table XII  | 32   |
| Changes to Table XIII   | 32   |
| Changes to the Realtime Control, Subcarrier Reset, Timing Reset section |      |
| Changes to SD SUBCARRIER FREQUENCY REGISTERS [Subaddress 4Ch-4Fh]       |      |
| Changes to Figure 75  | 50   |
| Changes to Figure 76  | 50   |
| Changes to Figure 79  | 51   |
| Updated OUTLINE DIMENSIONS  | 68   |

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